

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED
31 MARCH 2023 AND 2022

Notice to readers:

The reader is advised that these financial statements have been prepared originally in Chinese. In the event of a conflict between these financial statements and the original Chinese version or difference in interpretation between the two versions, the Chinese language financial statements shall prevail.

Address: No.22, Chien-Kuo Rd., Tanzi Dist., Taichung, Taiwan, R.O.C.

Telephone: 886-4-25349676

REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Globe Union Industrial Corp. (the “Company”) and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2023 and 2022, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies (together “the consolidated financial statements”). Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as endorsed and became effective by Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with the Standard on Review Engagements 2410, “Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity” of the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with the Standards on Auditing of the Republic of China and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Note 6(8), the financial statements of certain associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method were not reviewed by independent accountants. Those associates and joint ventures under equity method amounted to NT\$18,901 thousand and NT\$20,397 thousand as at 31 March 2023 and 2022, respectively. The related shares of profits from the associates and joint ventures under the equity method amounted to NT\$(239) thousand and NT\$(431) thousand, and the related shares of other comprehensive income from the associates and joint ventures under the equity method amounted to NT\$93 thousand and NT\$738 thousand for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, respectively. The information related to the above subsidiaries, and associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method was also not reviewed by independent accountants.

Qualified Conclusion

Based on our reviews, except for the effect of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method and the information been reviewed by independent accountants described in the preceding paragraph, nothing has come to our attention that caused us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2023 and 2022, and their consolidated financial performance and cash flows for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as endorsed and became effective by Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Tu, Ching Yuan

Lo, Wen Chen

Ernst & Young, Taiwan

5 May 2023

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
31 March 2023, 31 December 2022 and 31 March 2022 (31 March 2023 and 2022 are unaudited)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Assets	Notes	As at		
		31 Mar 2023	31 Dec 2022	31 Mar 2022
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	4, 6(1)	\$2,378,019	\$2,271,437	\$2,194,231
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, current	4, 6(2)	11	19,862	6,575
Financial assets measured at amortized cost, current	4, 6(3), 8	106,066	171,070	103,886
Accounts receivable, net	4, 5, 6(4), 8	2,341,496	2,565,843	3,121,169
Inventories, net	4, 5, 6(5), 8	4,533,854	4,788,457	4,274,646
Prepayment	6(6)	261,186	184,476	182,411
Other current assets		646,749	607,907	650,573
Total current assets		<u>10,267,381</u>	<u>10,609,052</u>	<u>10,533,491</u>
Non-current assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	4, 6(7)	28,500	27,960	35,340
Investments accounted for under the equity method	4, 6(8)	18,901	19,047	20,397
Property, plant and equipment	4, 6(9), 8	2,409,136	2,311,704	2,448,667
Right-of-use assets	4, 6(22)	2,323,028	2,328,096	2,215,686
Intangible assets	4, 6(10)	50,132	52,631	32,645
Goodwill	4, 5, 6(10)(11)	689,543	680,469	688,880
Deferred tax assets	4,5	341,147	322,514	195,850
Deposits-out		32,324	27,282	35,367
Other non-current assets	6(12)	204,547	223,070	179,090
Total non-current assets		<u>6,097,258</u>	<u>5,992,773</u>	<u>5,851,922</u>
Total assets		<u><u>\$16,364,639</u></u>	<u><u>\$16,601,825</u></u>	<u><u>\$16,385,413</u></u>

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements)

(continued)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
31 March 2023, 31 December 2022 and 31 March 2022 (31 March 2023 and 2022 are unaudited)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Liabilities and Equity	Notes	As at		
		31 Mar 2023	31 Dec 2022	31 Mar 2022
Current liabilities				
Short-term loans	4, 6(13)	\$1,943,718	\$1,777,167	\$2,341,146
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, current	4, 6(14)	3,027	6,102	12,320
Contract liabilities, current	6(20)	279	665	2,423
Notes payable		62,042	69,539	56,685
Accounts payable		1,869,649	1,888,505	1,997,630
Other payables	6(15)	1,918,748	2,069,625	1,455,481
Current tax liabilities	4	131,616	74,413	62,826
Lease liabilities, current	4, 6(22)	396,942	354,880	294,999
Current portion of long-term loans	4, 6(16)	392,500	330,000	400,000
Other current liabilities		50,953	50,698	42,563
Total current liabilities		<u>6,769,474</u>	<u>6,621,594</u>	<u>6,666,073</u>
Non-current liabilities				
Long-term loans	4, 6(16)	1,790,000	2,810,000	1,820,000
Deferred tax liabilities	4,5	8,140	11,838	13,984
Lease liabilities, non-current	4, 6(22)	2,167,972	2,183,928	2,070,046
Other non-current liabilities		264,062	266,316	402,622
Net defined benefit obligation, non-current	4,6(17)	31,598	34,345	9,694
Total non-current liabilities		<u>4,261,772</u>	<u>5,306,427</u>	<u>4,316,346</u>
Total liabilities		<u>11,031,246</u>	<u>11,928,021</u>	<u>10,982,419</u>
Equity attributable to the parent company				
Capital				
Common stock		4,084,140	3,581,640	3,581,640
Advance receipts for common stock		-	3,100	-
Total capital		<u>4,084,140</u>	<u>3,584,740</u>	<u>3,581,640</u>
Capital surplus		984,580	887,844	880,750
Retained earnings				
Legal reserve		892,412	892,412	886,922
Special reserve		902,450	902,450	852,940
Accumulated deficits		(872,322)	(914,871)	(6,363)
Total retained earnings		<u>922,540</u>	<u>879,991</u>	<u>1,733,499</u>
Other components of equity				
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(655,167)	(675,531)	(797,035)
Unrealized gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(2,700)	(3,240)	4,140
Total other components of equity		<u>(657,867)</u>	<u>(678,771)</u>	<u>(792,895)</u>
Total equity		<u>5,333,393</u>	<u>4,673,804</u>	<u>5,402,994</u>
Total liabilities and equity		<u>\$16,364,639</u>	<u>\$16,601,825</u>	<u>\$16,385,413</u>

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings per Share)

	Notes	For the three-month periods ended 31 March	
		2023	2022
Net sales	6(20)	\$4,522,613	\$5,221,654
Cost of sales	6(5)(23)	(3,296,491)	(4,063,325)
Gross profit		1,226,122	1,158,329
Operating expenses	6(22)(23)		
Selling and marketing		(518,337)	(529,217)
General and administrative		(676,529)	(607,810)
Research and development		(43,084)	(58,343)
Expected credit losses	6(21)	(2,501)	(2,225)
Total operating expenses		(1,240,451)	(1,197,595)
Operating loss		(14,329)	(39,266)
Non-operating income and expenses	6(24)		
Other revenue		168,332	23,839
Other gains and losses		(5,626)	6,470
Finance costs		(57,166)	(45,946)
Share of profit or loss of associates and joint ventures	4, 6(8)	(239)	(431)
Total non-operating income and expenses		105,301	(16,068)
Income (loss) from continuing operations before income tax		90,972	(55,334)
Income tax expense	4,5,6(26)	(48,423)	(6,029)
Income (loss) from continuing operations, net of tax		42,549	(61,363)
Other comprehensive income	6(25)		
Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Unrealized gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		540	(1,140)
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		20,271	289,319
Share of other comprehensive of associates and joint ventures	6(8)	93	738
Total other comprehensive income, net of tax		20,904	288,917
Total comprehensive income		\$63,453	\$227,554
Net income (loss) attributable to:			
Stockholders of the parent		\$42,549	\$(61,363)
Non-controlling interests		-	-
		\$42,549	\$(61,363)
Comprehensive income attributable to:			
Stockholder of the parent		\$63,453	\$227,554
Non-controlling interests		-	-
		\$63,453	\$227,554
Earnings (losses) per share (NTD)	6(27)		
Earnings (losses) per share-basic		\$0.12	\$(0.17)
Earnings (losses) per share-diluted		\$0.12	\$(0.17)

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
For the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022
(Reviewed, Not Audited)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Notes	Equity Attributable to the Parent Company								Total equity
		Capital		Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings			Other components of equity		
		Common Stock	Advance Receipts for Common Stock		Legal Reserve	Special reserve	Accumulated deficits	Exchange Differences on Translation of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gains or Losses on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	
Balance as at 1 January 2022	6(18)	\$3,581,640	\$-	\$877,995	\$886,922	\$852,940	\$55,000	\$(1,087,092)	\$5,280	\$5,172,685
Net loss for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022							(61,363)			(61,363)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022								290,057	(1,140)	288,917
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022							(61,363)	290,057	(1,140)	227,554
Share-based payment transactions-Share-based payment expense	6(19)			2,755						2,755
Balance as at 31 March 2022	6(18)	\$3,581,640	\$-	\$880,750	\$886,922	\$852,940	\$(6,363)	\$(797,035)	\$4,140	\$5,402,994
Balance as at 1 January 2023	6(18)	\$3,581,640	\$3,100	\$887,844	\$892,412	\$902,450	\$(914,871)	\$(675,531)	\$(3,240)	\$4,673,804
Net income for the three-month period ended 31 March 2023							42,549			42,549
Other comprehensive income, net of tax for the three-month period ended 31 March 2023								20,364	540	20,904
Total comprehensive income for the three-month period ended 31 March 2023				-			42,549	20,364	540	63,453
Cash capital increase		500,000		87,500						587,500
Share-based payment transactions-Conversion of advance receipts for common stock		2,500	(3,100)	600						-
Share-based payment transactions-Share-based payment expense	6(19)			8,636						8,636
Balance as at 31 March 2023	6(18)	\$4,084,140	\$-	\$984,580	\$892,412	\$902,450	\$(872,322)	\$(655,167)	\$(2,700)	\$5,333,393

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
For the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022
(Reviewed, Not Audited)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the three-month periods ended 31 March		
	Notes	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income (loss) before tax		\$90,972	\$(55,334)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		173,906	169,498
Amortization		5,172	4,830
Expected credit losses		2,501	2,225
Net gain of financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(12,111)	(10,233)
Interest expense		57,166	45,946
Interest income		(10,411)	(8,373)
Dividend income		(600)	(1,320)
Share-based payment expense		8,636	2,755
Share of profit or loss of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures		239	431
Loss (gain) on disposal of property, plant and equipment		181	(242)
Gain on lease modification		(246)	(320)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss, current		28,887	23,451
Accounts receivable		222,806	(178,036)
Inventories, net		257,326	127,951
Prepayments		(52,155)	(6,855)
Other current assets		(38,842)	78,488
Other non-current assets		369	(10,648)
Notes payable		(7,497)	(2,103)
Accounts payable		(38,549)	(223,645)
Other payables		(149,919)	(142,616)
Contract liabilities, current		(386)	(383)
Other current liabilities		180	(4,241)
Defined benefit obligation		(2,672)	(2,352)
Other non-current liabilities		(2,254)	13,247
Cash generated from (used in) operations		<u>532,699</u>	<u>(177,879)</u>
Interest received		10,411	8,373
Interest paid		(58,124)	(45,448)
Income tax paid		(13,551)	(19,938)
Net cash generated from (used in) operating activities		<u>471,435</u>	<u>(234,892)</u>

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements)

(Continued)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
For the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022
(Reviewed, Not Audited)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Notes	For the three-month periods ended 31 March	
		2023	2022
(Continued)			
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		\$(169,831)	\$(37,828)
Disposal of property, plant and equipment		423	343
Increase in deposits-out		(5,042)	(1,230)
Decrease in financial assets measured at amortized cost, current		65,004	2,559
Acquisition of intangible assets		(2,485)	(6,727)
Dividend received		600	1,320
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(111,331)</u>	<u>(41,563)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Increase in short-term loans		890,000	1,448,097
Decrease in short-term loans		(723,449)	(1,266,072)
Increase in long-term loans		200,000	210,000
Decrease in long-term loans		(1,157,500)	(219,947)
Decrease in lease liabilities		(94,499)	(68,500)
Cash capital increase		587,500	-
Net cash (used in) generated from financing activities		<u>(297,948)</u>	<u>103,578</u>
Effect of changes in exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents		44,426	85,811
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		106,582	(87,066)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6(1)	2,271,437	2,281,297
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		<u>\$2,378,019</u>	<u>\$2,194,231</u>

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. (“the Company”) was incorporated on 29 October 1979 to manufacture and sell plumbing products. On 1 December 1995, the Company acquired Chen Ling Industrial Co. Ltd., a company operated in manufacturing and sale of plumbing products. The Company applied to be listed on the Taipei Exchange on 1 June 1998, and was authorized to trade its shares over the counter on 7 May 1999. The Company applied to be listed on Taiwan Stock Exchange on 16 June 2000 and its shares were authorized to be listed on Taiwan Stock Exchange on 11 September 2000. The Company’s registered office and the main business location is at No.22, Chien-Kuo Rd., Tanzi Dist., Taichung, Taiwan (R.O.C.).

2. DATE AND PROCEDURES OF AUTHORIZATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR ISSUE

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (“the Group”) for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 were authorized for issue by the Company’s board of directors on 5 May 2023.

3. NEWLY ISSUED OR REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

- (1) Changes in accounting policies resulting from applying for the first time certain standards and amendments

The Group applied for the first time International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, and Interpretations issued, revised or amended which are endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”) and become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023. The adoption of these new standards and amendments had no material impact on the Group.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- (2) Standards or interpretations issued, revised or amended, by International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) which are not endorsed by FSC, and not yet adopted by the Group as at the end of the reporting period are listed below.

Items	New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date issued by IASB
a	IFRS 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements” and IAS 28 “Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures” — Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Ventures	To be determined by IASB
b	IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”	1 January 2023
c	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – Amendments to IAS 1	1 January 2024
d	Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback – Amendments to IFRS 16	1 January 2024
e	Non-current Liabilities with Covenants – Amendments to IAS 1	1 January 2024

- (a) IFRS 10“Consolidated Financial Statements” and IAS 28“Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures” — Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Ventures

The amendments address the inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* and IAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*, in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is contributed to an associate or a joint venture. IAS 28 restricts gains and losses arising from contributions of non-monetary assets to an associate or a joint venture to the extent of the interest attributable to the other equity holders in the associate or joint ventures. IFRS 10 requires full profit or loss recognition on the loss of control of the subsidiary. IAS 28 was amended so that the gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 between an investor and its associate or joint venture is recognized in full.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

IFRS 10 was also amended so that the gains or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of a subsidiary that does not constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 between an investor and its associate or joint venture is recognized only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

(b) IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”

IFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects (including recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure requirements). The core of IFRS 17 is the General (building block) Model, under this model, on initial recognition, an entity shall measure a group of insurance contracts at the total of the fulfilment cash flows and the contractual service margin. The carrying amount of a group of insurance contracts at the end of each reporting period shall be the sum of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims.

Other than the General Model, the standard also provides a specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the Variable Fee Approach) and a simplified approach (Premium Allocation Approach) mainly for short-duration contracts.

IFRS 17 was issued in May 2017 and it was amended in 2020 and 2021. The amendments include deferral of the date of initial application of IFRS 17 by two years to annual beginning on or after 1 January 2023 (from the original effective date of 1 January 2021); provide additional transition reliefs; simplify some requirements to reduce the costs of applying IFRS 17 and revise some requirements to make the results easier to explain. IFRS 17 replaces an interim Standard – IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts – from annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(c) Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – Amendments to IAS 1

These are the amendments to paragraphs 69-76 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial statements and the amended paragraphs related to the classification of liabilities as current or non-current.

(d) Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback – Amendments to IFRS 16

The amendments add seller-lessees additional requirements for the sale and leaseback transactions in IFRS 16, thereby supporting the consistent application of the standard.

(e) Non-current Liabilities with Covenants – Amendments to IAS 1

The amendments improved the information companies provide about long-term debt with covenants. The amendments specify that covenants to be complied within twelve months after the reporting period do not affect the classification of debt as current or non-current at the end of the reporting period.

The abovementioned standards and interpretations issued by IASB have not yet endorsed by FSC at the date when the Group's financial statements were authorized for issue, the local effective dates are to be determined by FSC. As the Group is still currently determining the potential impact of the standards and interpretations listed under (c), it is not practicable to estimate their impact on the Group at this point in time. The remaining new or amended standards and interpretations have no material impact on the Group.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(1) Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (“the Regulations”) and IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* as endorsed and became effective by the FSC.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(2) Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars (“\$”) unless otherwise stated.

(3) Basis of consolidation

Preparation principle of consolidated financial statements

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- (a) power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- (b) exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- (c) the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- (a) the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- (b) rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- (c) the Group’s voting rights and potential voting rights

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the acquisition date, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using uniform accounting policies. All intra-group balances, income and expenses, unrealized gains and losses and dividends resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a change of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

Total comprehensive income of the subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

If the Company loses control of a subsidiary, it:

- (a) derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary;
- (b) derecognizes the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest;
- (c) recognizes the fair value of the consideration received;
- (d) recognizes the fair value of any investment retained;
- (e) recognizes any surplus or deficit in profit or loss; and
- (f) reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income to profit or loss.

The consolidated entities are as follows:

Investor	Subsidiary	Main Business	Percentage of ownership (%)			Note
			31 March 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2022	
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union Industrial (B.V.I.) Corp. (G.U.I.(B.V.I.))	Holding company	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union Industrial (B.V.I.) Corp. (G.U.I.(B.V.I.))	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling bathroom products	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union Industrial (B.V.I.) Corp. (G.U.I.(B.V.I.))	Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling sanitary ceramic wares	10.71%	10.71%	10.71%	
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union Cayman Corp.	Holding company	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union Cayman Corp.	Globe Union Verwaltungs GmbH	Holding company	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union Cayman Corp.	Globe Union Germany GmbH & Co. KG	Selling faucets and accessories	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union Cayman Corp.	Globe Union (UK) Limited	Holding company	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union (UK) Limited	PJH Trustees Limited	Trust industry	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union (UK) Limited	PJH Group Limited	Selling kitchen and bathroom products	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union (UK) Limited	PJH (HK) Limited	Holding company	-	-	100.00%	Note 1

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Investor	Subsidiary	Main Business	Percentage of ownership (%)			Note
			31 March 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2022	
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union (Bermuda) Ltd. (G.U.L.(Bermuda))	Holding company	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union (Bermuda) Ltd. (G.U.L.(Bermuda))	Globe Union Group, Inc.	Holding company	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union Group, Inc.	Danze Inc.	Sales and maintenance center	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union Group, Inc.	Globe Union (Canada) Inc.	Sales and customer service center	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union Group, Inc.	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	Assembling and selling faucets and sanitary ceramic wares	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union Group, Inc.	Globe Union Services Inc.	Customer service center	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union (Bermuda) Ltd. (G.U.L.(Bermuda))	Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling sanitary ceramic wares	89.29%	89.29%	89.29%	
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Manufacturing and selling sanitary ceramic wares	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union Business Consultancy Shanghai Company Limited	Consulting industry	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union Ann Bo Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling bathroom products	100.00%	100.00%	-%	Note 2
Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	He Shun Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment, developing and manufacturing hardware products	100.00%	100.00%	-%	Note 3

Note 1: One of the subsidiaries, PJH (HK) Limited, ceased to operate and cancelled its registration in April 2022. Therefore, Globe Union (UK) Limited's ownership in PJH (HK) Limited decreased from 100% to 0%.

Note 2: The Company established a subsidiary, Globe Union Ann Bo Manufacturing Co., Ltd. in June 2022.

Note 3: The Company established a sub-subsidiary, He Shun Investment Co., Ltd., in September 2022.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(4) Foreign Currency Transactions

The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in NT\$, which is also the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group's entities at their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions.

All exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items are taken to profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for the following:

- (a) Exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings for an acquisition of a qualifying asset to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs are included in the borrowing costs that are eligible for capitalization.
- (b) Foreign currency items within the scope of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* are accounted for based on the accounting policy for financial instruments.
- (c) Exchange differences arising on a monetary item that forms part of a reporting entity's net investment in a foreign operation is recognized initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the net investment.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(5) Translation of financial statements in foreign currency

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into NT\$ at the closing rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their income and expenses are translated at an average rate for the period. The exchange differences arising from the translation are recognized in other comprehensive income. On the disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation, recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the separate component of equity, is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the gain or loss on disposal is recognized. The following partial disposals are accounted for as disposals:

- (a) when the partial disposal involves the loss of control of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation; and
- (b) when the retained interest after the partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or a partial disposal of an interest in an associate that includes a foreign operation is a financial asset that includes a foreign operation.

On the partial disposal of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation that does not result in a loss of control, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is re-attributed to the non-controlling interests in that foreign operation. In partial disposal of an associate or joint arrangement that includes a foreign operation that does not result in a loss of significant influence or joint control, only the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

Any goodwill and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and expressed in its functional currency.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(6) Current and non-current distinction

An asset is classified as current when:

- (a) The Group expects to realize the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle.
- (b) The Group holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading.
- (c) The Group expects to realize the asset within twelve months after the reporting period.
- (d) The asset is cash or cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when:

- (a) The Group expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle.
- (b) The Group holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading.
- (c) The liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.
- (d) The Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

(7) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid time deposits (including ones that have maturity within 3 months) or investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(8) Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities within the scope of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* are recognized initially at fair value plus or minus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

(a) Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement

The Group accounts for regular way purchase or sales of financial assets on the trade date.

The Group classified financial assets as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss considering both factors below:

- A. the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and
- B. the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met and presented as accounts receivable, financial assets measured at amortized cost and other receivables etc., on balance sheet as at the reporting date:

- A. the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and
- B. the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost (the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount and the maturity amount and adjusted for any loss allowance) and is not part of a hedging relationship. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset is derecognized, through the amortization process or in order to recognize the impairment gains or losses.

Interest revenue is calculated by using the effective interest method. This is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for:

- A. purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset from initial recognition
- B. financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met:

- A. the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- B. the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Recognition of gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are described as below:

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- A. A gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial asset is derecognized or reclassified.
- B. When the financial asset is derecognized the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.
- C. Interest revenue is calculated by using the effective interest method. This is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for:
 - (i) purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset from initial recognition
 - (ii) financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

In addition, for certain equity investments within the scope of IFRS 9 that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which IFRS 3 applies, the Group made an irrevocable election to present the changes of the fair value in other comprehensive income at initial recognition. Amounts presented in other comprehensive income shall not be subsequently transferred to profit or loss (when disposal of such equity instrument, its cumulated amount included in other components of equity is transferred directly to the retained earnings) and these investments should be presented as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income on the balance sheet. Dividends on such investment are recognized in profit or loss unless the dividends clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of investment.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets were classified as measured at amortized cost or measured at fair value through other comprehensive income based on aforementioned criteria. All other financial assets were measured at fair value through profit or loss and presented on the balance sheet as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Such financial assets are measured at fair value, the gains or losses resulting from remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss which includes any dividend or interest received on such financial assets.

(b) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on debt instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial asset measured at amortized cost. The loss allowance on debt instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income and not reduce the carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

The Group measures expected credit losses of a financial instrument in a way that reflects:

- A. an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- B. the time value of money;
- C. reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The loss allowance is measured as follows:

- A. At an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses: The credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition or the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. In addition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition is no longer met.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- B. At an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses: The credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition or financial asset that is purchased or originated credit-impaired financial asset.
- C. For accounts receivable or contract assets arising from transactions within the scope of IFRS 15, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

At each reporting date, the Group needs to assess whether the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition by comparing the risk of a default occurring at the reporting date and the risk of default occurring at initial recognition. Please refer to Note 12 for further details on credit risk.

(c) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized when:

- A. The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired.
- B. The Group has transferred the asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset have been transferred.
- C. The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received or receivable including any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income, is recognized in profit or loss.

(d) Financial liabilities and equity

Classification between liabilities or equity

The Group classifies the instrument issued as a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial liability, and an equity instrument.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. The transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity (net of any related income tax benefit) to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction that otherwise would have been avoided.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities within the scope of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities measured at amortized cost upon initial recognition.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- A. it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
- B. on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- C. it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

If a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid (combined) contract may be designated as a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss; or a financial liability may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss when doing so results in more relevant information, because either:

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- A. it eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
- B. a group of financial assets, financial liabilities or both is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the group is provided internally on that basis to the key management personnel.

Gains or losses on the subsequent measurement of liabilities at fair value through profit or loss including interest paid are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include interest bearing loans and borrowings that are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method after initial recognition. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate method amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or transaction costs.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor), such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(e) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

(9) Derivative instrument

The Group uses derivative instruments to hedge its foreign currency risks. A derivative is classified in the balance sheet as financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (held for trading) except for derivatives that are designated effective hedging instruments which are classified as derivative financial assets or liabilities for hedging.

Derivative instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognized in either profit or loss or equity according to types of hedges used.

When the host contracts are either non-financial assets or liabilities, derivatives embedded in host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not designated at fair value through profit or loss.

(10) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (a) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

(11) Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value item by item.

Costs incurred in bringing each inventory to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

Raw materials – Purchase cost on a weighted average method.

Finished goods and work in progress – Cost of direct materials and labor and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs on weighted average method.

Merchandise – Purchase cost on weighted average method.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Rendering of services is accounted in accordance with IFRS 15 and not within the scope of inventories.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(12) Investments accounted for under the equity method

The Group's investment in its associate is accounted for using the equity. An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture.

Under the equity method, the investment in the associate or an investment in a joint venture is carried in the balance sheet at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Group's share of net assets of the associate or joint venture. After the interest in the associate or joint venture is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate or joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's related interest in the associate or joint venture.

When changes in the net assets of an associate occur and not those that are recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income and do not affect the Group's percentage of ownership interests in the associate, the Group recognizes such changes in equity based on its percentage of ownership interests. The resulting capital surplus recognized will be reclassified to profit or loss at the time of disposing the associate on a pro rata basis.

When the associate or joint venture issues new stock, and the Group's interest in an associate or a joint venture is reduced or increased as the Group fails to acquire shares newly issued in the associate or joint venture proportionately to its original ownership interest, the increase or decrease in the interest in the associate or joint venture is recognized in additional paid-in capital and investment accounted for using the equity method. When the interest in the associate or joint venture is reduced, the cumulative amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or other appropriate items. The aforementioned capital surplus recognized is reclassified to profit or loss on a pro rata basis when the Group disposes the associate or joint venture.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The financial statements of the associate or joint venture are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate or an investment in a joint venture is impaired in accordance with IAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*. If this is the case the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate or joint venture and its carrying value and recognizes the amount in the 'share of profit or loss of an associate' in the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*. In determining the value in use of the investment, the Group estimates:

- (a) Its share of the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the associate, including the cash flows from the operations of the associate and the proceeds on the ultimate disposal of the investment; or
- (b) The present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to arise from dividends to be received from the investment and from its ultimate disposal.

Because goodwill that forms part of the carrying amount of an investment in an associate is not separately recognized, it is not tested for impairment separately by applying the requirements for impairment testing goodwill in IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognizes any retaining investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retaining investment and proceeds from disposal is recognized in profit or loss. Furthermore, if an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the entity continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(13) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located and borrowing costs for construction in progress if the recognition criteria are met. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Group recognized such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. The carrying amount of those parts that are replaced is derecognized in accordance with the derecognition provisions of IAS 16. When a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic lives of the following assets:

Items	Useful Lives
Buildings	5~55 years
Machinery and equipment	3~11 years
Transportation equipment	5~6 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2~10 years
Other equipment	2~6 years

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is recognized in non-operating profit or loss.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(14) Leases

On the date that contracts are established, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time, the Group assesses whether, throughout the period of use, has both of the following:

- (a) the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset; and
- (b) the right to direct the use of the identified asset.

For a contract that is, or contains, a lease, the Group accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract. For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components. The relative stand-alone price of lease and non-lease components shall be determined on the basis of the price the lessor, or a similar supplier, would charge the Group for that component, or a similar component, separately. If an observable stand-alone price is not readily available, the Group estimates the stand-alone price, maximising the use of observable information.

Group as a lessee

Except for leases that meet and elect short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, the Group recognizes right-of-use asset and lease liability for all leases which the Group is the lessee of those lease contracts.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate. At the commencement date, the lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- (a) Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable.
- (b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date.
- (c) Amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees.
- (d) The exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option.
- (e) Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability on an amortised cost basis, which increases the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability by using an effective interest method; and reduces the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost. The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises:

- (a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- (b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- (c) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
- (d) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

For subsequent measurement of the right-of-use asset, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. That is, the Group measures the right-of-use applying a cost model.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option, the Group depreciates the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset. Otherwise, the Group depreciates the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

The Group applies IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* to determine whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and to account for any impairment loss identified.

Except for those leases that the Group accounted for as short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, the Group presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities in the balance sheet and separately presents lease-related interest expense and depreciation charge in the statements of comprehensive income.

For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, the Group elects to recognize the lease payments associated with those leases as an expense on either a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis.

Group as a lessor

At inception of a contract, the Group classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. At the commencement date, the Group recognizes assets held under a finance lease in its balance sheet and present them as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease.

For a contract that contains lease components and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract applying IFRS 15.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The Group recognizes lease payments from operating leases as rental income on either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis. Variable lease payments for operating leases that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as rental income when incurred.

(15) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in profit or loss for the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at the end of each financial year. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

A summary of the policies applied to the Group's intangible assets is as follows:

	<u>Trademarks</u>	<u>Computer software</u>
Useful lives	10~15 years	3~5 years
Amortization method used	Amortized on a straight-line basis	Amortized on a straight-line basis
Internally generated or acquired	Acquired	Acquired

(16) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset in the scope of IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's ("CGU") fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been an increase in the estimated service potential of an asset which in turn increases the recoverable amount. However, the reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

A cash generating unit, or groups of cash-generating units, to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually at the same time, irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment. If an impairment loss is to be recognized, it is first allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash generating unit (group of units), then to the other assets of the unit (group of units) pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (group of units). Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods for any reason.

An impairment loss of continuing operations or a reversal of such impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(17) Post-employment benefits

All regular employees of the Company are entitled to a pension plan that is managed by an independently administered pension fund committee. Fund assets are deposited under the committee's name in the specific bank account and hence, not associated with the Company. Therefore fund assets are not included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Pension benefits for employees of the overseas subsidiaries and the branches are provided in accordance with the respective local regulations.

For the defined contribution plan, the Company will make a monthly contribution of no less than 6% of the monthly wages of the employees subject to the plan. The Company recognizes expenses for the defined contribution plan in the period in which the contribution becomes due. Overseas subsidiaries and branches make contribution to the plan based on the requirements of local regulations.

Post-employment benefit plan that is classified as a defined benefit plan uses the Projected Unit Credit Method to measure its obligations and costs based on actuarial assumptions. Re-measurements, comprising of the effect of the actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding net interest) and the return on plan assets, excluding net interest, are recognized as other comprehensive income with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings in the period in which they occur. Past service costs are recognized in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- (a) the date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- (b) the date that the Group recognizes restructuring-related costs.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset, both as determined at the start of the annual reporting period, taking account of any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of contribution and benefit payment.

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted and disclosed for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

(18) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probably that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

(19) Revenue recognition

The Group's revenue arising from contracts with customers are primarily related to sale of goods. The accounting policies are explained as follows:

Sale of goods

The Group manufactures and sells goods. Sales are recognized when control of the goods is transferred to the customer and the goods are delivered to the customers. The main product of the Group are faucets and plumbing products and revenue is recognized based on the consideration stated in the contract.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

For certain sales of goods transactions, they are usually accompanied by volume discounts (based on the accumulated total sales amount for a specified period). Therefore, revenue from these sales is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts. So the Group estimates the discounts using the expected value method based on historical experiences. Revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur and when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. During the period specified in the contract, refund liability is recognized for the expected volume discounts.

The Group provides its customer with a warranty with the purchase of the products. The warranty provides assurance that the product will operate as expected by the customers. The warranty is accounted in accordance with IAS 37.

The credit period of the Group's sale of goods is from 30 to 150 days. For most of the contracts, when the Group transfers the goods to customers and has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, these contracts are recognized as accounts receivable. The Group usually collects the payments shortly after transfer of goods to customers; therefore, there is no significant financing component to the contract.

(20) Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

(21) Government grants

Government grants are recognized where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attached conditions will be complied with. Where the grant relates to an asset, it is recognized as deferred income and released to income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognized as income over the period necessary to match the grant on a systematic basis to the costs that it is intended to compensate.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(22) Share-based payment transactions

The cost of equity-settled transactions between the Group and its subsidiaries is recognized based on the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The fair value of the equity instruments is determined by using an appropriate pricing model.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognized, together with a corresponding increase in other capital reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The income statement expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled transaction award are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognized for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognized for the award is recognized immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the entity or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(23) Income Tax

Income tax expense (income) is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current income tax relating to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in profit or loss.

The income tax for undistributed earnings is recognized as income tax expense in the subsequent year when the distribution proposal is approved at the shareholders' meeting.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- (a) Where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;
- (b) In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- (a) Where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- (b) In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized accordingly.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Interim period income tax expense is accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings, that is, the estimated average annual effective income tax rate applied to the pre-tax income of the interim period. The estimated average annual effective income tax rate only includes current income tax. The recognition and measurement of deferred tax follows annual financial reporting requirements in accordance with IAS 12. The Group recognizes the effect of change in tax rate for deferred taxes in full if the new tax rate is enacted by the end of the interim reporting period, by charging to profit or loss, other comprehensive income, or directly to equity.

(24) Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are measured at acquisition date fair value. For each business combination, the acquirer measures any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are accounted for as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and are classified under administrative expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at the acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration, which is deemed to be an asset or liability, will be recognized in accordance with IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

However, if the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it should not be remeasured until it is finally settled within equity.

Goodwill is initially measured as the amount of the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the non-controlling interest over the net fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If this aggregate is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is recognized in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is so allocated represents the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purpose and is not larger than an operating segment before aggregation.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative recoverable amounts of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements require management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumption and estimate could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(1) Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

(a) Fair value of financial instruments

Where the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using valuation techniques including the income approach (for example the discounted cash flow model) or market approach. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of the financial instruments. Please refer to Note 12 for more details.

(b) Impairment of goodwill

An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The fair value less costs to sell calculation is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date less incremental costs that would be directly attributable to the disposal of the asset or cash generating unit. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted cash flow model.

The cash flows projections are derived from the budget for the next five years and do not include restructuring activities that the Group is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the cash generating unit being tested. The recoverable amount is most sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted cash flow model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes. The key assumptions used to determine the recoverable amount for the different cash generating units, including a sensitivity analysis, are further explained in Note 6.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(c) Pension benefits

The cost of post-employment benefit and the present value of the pension obligation under defined benefit pension plans are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions, including the discount rate and expected salary raise/cut or changes. Please refer to Note 6 for more details.

(d) Share-based payment transactions

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 6.

(e) Revenue recognition – estimation of sales returns and allowance

The Group estimates sales returns and allowance based on historical experience and other known factors at the time of sale, which reduces the operating revenue. In assessing the aforementioned sales returns and allowance, revenue is recognized to the extent it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. Please refer to Note 6 for more details.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(f) Income tax

Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable income. Given the wide range of international business relationships and the long-term nature and complexity of existing contractual agreements, differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could necessitate future adjustments to tax income and expense already recorded. The Group establishes provisions, based on reasonable estimates, for possible consequences of audits by the tax authorities of the respective countries in which it operates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience of previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority. Such differences of interpretation may arise on a wide variety of issues depending on the conditions prevailing in the respective Group company's domicile.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all carryforward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available or there are sufficient taxable temporary differences against which the unused tax losses, unused tax credits or deductible temporary differences can be utilized. The amount of deferred tax assets determined to be recognized is based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits and taxable temporary differences together with future tax planning strategies.

(g) Accounts receivable—estimation of impairment loss

The Group estimates the impairment loss of accounts receivable at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. The credit loss is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due under the contract (carrying amount) and the cash flows that expects to receive (evaluate forward looking information). However, as the impact from the discounting of short-term receivables is not material, the credit loss is measured by the undiscounted cash flows. Where the actual future cash flows are lower than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. Please refer to Note 6 for more details.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(h) Evaluation of inventories

Estimates of net realizable value of inventories take into consideration that inventories may be damaged, become wholly or partially obsolete, or their selling prices have declined. The estimates are based on the most reliable evidence available at the time the estimates are made. Please refer to Note 6 for more details.

6. CONTENTS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Cash on hand	\$633	\$639	\$722
Demand deposits	2,212,054	2,171,868	1,490,450
Time deposits	165,332	98,930	703,059
Total	<u>\$2,378,019</u>	<u>\$2,271,437</u>	<u>\$2,194,231</u>

Cash and cash equivalents were not pledged.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- current

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss:			
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	<u>\$11</u>	<u>\$19,862</u>	<u>\$6,575</u>

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were not pledged.

Please refer to Note 12(8) for more details on forward foreign exchange contracts.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(3) Financial assets measured at amortized cost- current

	As at		
	<u>31 Mar. 2023</u>	<u>31 Dec. 2022</u>	<u>31 Mar. 2022</u>
Bank deposits-time deposit (longer than three months)	\$-	\$52,958	\$6,969
Bank deposits-time deposit-pledged	61,641	62,167	57,956
Bank deposits-reserve account	44,425	55,945	38,961
Subtotal (total carrying amount)	106,066	171,070	103,886
Less: loss allowance	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$106,066</u>	<u>\$171,070</u>	<u>\$103,886</u>

The Group classified certain financial assets as financial assets measured at amortized cost. Please refer to Note 8 for more details on financial assets measured at amortized cost under pledge. Please refer to Note 12 for more details on credit risk.

(4) Accounts receivable, net

	As at		
	<u>31 Mar. 2023</u>	<u>31 Dec. 2022</u>	<u>31 Mar. 2022</u>
Accounts receivable	\$2,459,389	\$2,692,426	\$3,265,921
Less: allowance for sales discounts	(117,141)	(125,289)	(143,059)
Less: loss allowance	(752)	(1,294)	(1,693)
Total	<u>\$2,341,496</u>	<u>\$2,565,843</u>	<u>\$3,121,169</u>

Accounts receivable are generally on 30-150 day terms. The total carrying amount as at 31 March 2023, 31 December 2022 and 31 March 2022 were \$2,459,389, \$2,692,426 and \$3,265,921, respectively. Please refer to Note 6 (21) for more details on loss allowance of accounts receivable for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022. Please refer to Note 12 for more details on credit risk management.

Please refer to Note 8 for more details on accounts receivable under pledge.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(5) Inventories

(a) Details as follows:

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Raw materials	\$323,098	\$343,552	\$356,915
Supplies & parts	128,501	128,070	143,622
Work in progress	229,899	272,526	303,069
Finished goods	533,146	512,557	402,189
Merchandise	3,319,210	3,531,752	3,068,851
Total	<u>\$4,533,854</u>	<u>\$4,788,457</u>	<u>\$4,274,646</u>

(b) The cost of inventories recognized in expenses for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 were \$3,296,491 and \$4,063,325, respectively. The profit and loss related to cost of goods sold are as follows:

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2023	2022
Losses on obsolete inventory price decline	\$(6,280)	\$(7,369)
Scraps	(2,630)	(832)
Gains on physical inventory count	90	25
Net	<u>\$(8,820)</u>	<u>\$(8,176)</u>

Please refer to Note 8 for more details on inventories under pledge.

(6) Prepayments

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Prepayment for purchases	\$27,009	\$39,937	\$31,014
Offset against VAT	30,449	30,038	29,244
Prepaid insurance	48,175	2,096	6,345
Other prepayments	155,553	112,405	115,808
Total	<u>\$261,186</u>	<u>\$184,476</u>	<u>\$182,411</u>

Prepayments were not pledged.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- (7) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income – non-current

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income - Non Current:			
Listed company stocks	\$28,500	\$27,960	\$35,340

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income were not pledged.

Please refer to Note 12 for more details on the credit risk of the equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Group's dividend income related to equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2023	2022
Related to investments held at the end of the reporting period		
Dividends recognized during the period	\$600	\$1,320

- (8) Investments accounted for using the equity method

The following table lists the investments accounted for using the equity method of the Group:

Investees	As at					
	31 Mar. 2023		31 Dec. 2022		31 Mar. 2022	
	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership
Investments in associates:						
Chengxinzhaoh (Zhangzhou) Hardware Co., Ltd.	\$18,901	49.00%	\$19,047	49.00%	\$20,397	49.00%
Arte En Bronce, S.A. DE C.V.	-	48.89%	-	48.89%	-	48.89%
Total	\$18,901		\$19,047		\$20,397	

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

After the interest in the associate - Arte En Bronce, S.A. DE C.V. was reduced to zero, additional losses were provided for, and a liability was recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's related interest in the associate.

The Group's investments in Chengxinzhao (Zhangzhou) Hardware Co., Ltd. and Arte En Bronce, S.A. DE C.V. are not individually material. The aggregate financial information based on Group's share of associates is as follows:

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2023	2022
Loss from continuing operations	\$(239)	\$(431)
Other comprehensive income	93	738
Total comprehensive (loss) income	\$(146)	\$307

The associates had no contingent liabilities or capital commitments as at 31 March 2023, 31 December 2022 and 31 March 2022, and did not provide any guarantee.

(9) Property, plant and equipment

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Owner occupied property, plant and equipment	\$2,409,136	\$2,311,704	\$2,448,667

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(a) Owner occupied property, plant and equipment

	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Other equipment	Construction in progress and equipment awaiting examination	Total
Cost:							
As at 1 Jan. 2023	\$861,092	\$3,158,630	\$47,865	\$330,049	\$707,999	\$105,894	\$5,211,529
Additions	1,165	2,631	1,190	3,423	213	74,929	83,551
Disposals	-	(1,674)	-	(206)	(483)	-	(2,363)
Transfers	-	-	-	-	6,517	97,917	104,434
Exchange differences	3,330	(8,621)	497	667	3,545	(282)	(864)
As at 31 Mar. 2023	<u>\$865,587</u>	<u>\$3,150,966</u>	<u>\$49,552</u>	<u>\$333,933</u>	<u>\$717,791</u>	<u>\$278,458</u>	<u>\$5,396,287</u>
As at 1 Jan. 2022	\$826,747	\$3,081,890	\$50,746	\$312,336	\$651,477	\$44,995	\$4,968,191
Additions	2,435	407	1,390	10,035	1,606	21,955	37,828
Disposals	-	(1,963)	(5,883)	(731)	(5,611)	-	(14,188)
Transfers	2,899	(10,839)	-	(39)	21,585	(13,612)	(6)
Exchange differences	23,786	108,826	915	8,386	20,307	1,841	164,061
As at 31 Mar. 2022	<u>\$855,867</u>	<u>\$3,178,321</u>	<u>\$47,168</u>	<u>\$329,987</u>	<u>\$689,364</u>	<u>\$55,179</u>	<u>\$5,155,886</u>
Depreciation and impairment:							
As at 1 Jan. 2023	\$626,310	\$1,415,426	\$40,995	\$276,240	\$540,854	\$-	\$2,899,825
Depreciation	6,023	40,353	765	5,818	14,535	-	67,494
Disposals	-	(1,513)	(1)	(191)	(54)	-	(1,759)
Transfers	(1,805)	2,245	(7)	(84)	(349)	-	-
Exchange differences	2,252	16,234	467	261	2,377	-	21,591
As at 31 Mar. 2023	<u>\$632,780</u>	<u>\$1,472,745</u>	<u>\$42,219</u>	<u>\$282,044</u>	<u>\$557,363</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$2,987,151</u>
As at 1 Jan. 2022	\$584,089	\$1,193,027	\$44,257	\$248,012	\$478,977	\$-	\$2,548,362
Depreciation	8,030	44,359	743	6,420	16,573	-	76,125
Disposals	-	(1,914)	(5,883)	(728)	(5,562)	-	(14,087)
Transfers	-	(13,322)	-	(39)	13,361	-	-
Exchange differences	18,003	55,781	677	6,752	15,606	-	96,819
As at 31 Mar. 2022	<u>\$610,122</u>	<u>\$1,277,931</u>	<u>\$39,794</u>	<u>\$260,417</u>	<u>\$518,955</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$2,707,219</u>
Net carrying amount:							
31 Mar. 2023	<u>\$232,807</u>	<u>\$1,678,221</u>	<u>\$7,333</u>	<u>\$51,889</u>	<u>\$160,428</u>	<u>\$278,458</u>	<u>\$2,409,136</u>
31 Dec. 2022	<u>\$234,782</u>	<u>\$1,743,204</u>	<u>\$6,870</u>	<u>\$53,809</u>	<u>\$167,145</u>	<u>\$105,894</u>	<u>\$2,311,704</u>
31 Mar. 2022	<u>\$245,745</u>	<u>\$1,900,390</u>	<u>\$7,374</u>	<u>\$69,570</u>	<u>\$170,409</u>	<u>\$55,179</u>	<u>\$2,448,667</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- (b) The major components of the Group's buildings are main buildings, freight elevator, water and power supply, and are depreciated according to their useful life of 55, 16 and 11 years, respectively.
- (c) Please refer to Note 8 for more details on property, plant and equipment under pledge as at 31 March 2023.
- (d) There is no occurrence of capitalization of interest due to purchasing property, plant and equipment for the 3-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022.

(10) Intangible assets and goodwill

	Computer software	Trademarks	Goodwill	Total
Cost:				
As at 1 Jan. 2023	\$255,156	\$74,090	\$1,285,199	\$1,614,445
Addition-acquired separately	2,485	-	-	2,485
Exchange differences	1,147	673	18,202	20,022
As at 31 Mar. 2023	<u>\$258,788</u>	<u>\$74,763</u>	<u>\$1,303,401</u>	<u>\$1,636,952</u>
As at 1 Jan. 2022	\$235,650	\$74,147	\$1,291,564	\$1,601,361
Addition-acquired separately	6,727	-	-	6,727
Reclassification	420	-	-	420
Exchange differences	2,893	(57)	10,359	13,195
As at 31 Mar. 2022	<u>\$245,690</u>	<u>\$74,090</u>	<u>\$1,301,923</u>	<u>\$1,621,703</u>
Amortization and impairment:				
As at 1 Jan. 2023	\$202,525	\$74,090	\$604,730	\$881,345
Amortization	5,172	-	-	5,172
Exchange differences	959	673	9,128	10,760
As at 31 Mar. 2023	<u>\$208,656</u>	<u>\$74,763</u>	<u>\$613,858</u>	<u>\$897,277</u>
As at 1 Jan. 2022	\$206,427	\$73,028	\$607,990	\$877,445
Amortization	3,712	1,118	-	4,830
Reclassification	420	-	-	420
Exchange differences	2,486	(56)	5,053	7,483
As at 31 Mar. 2022	<u>\$213,045</u>	<u>\$74,090</u>	<u>\$613,043</u>	<u>\$889,814</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

	Computer software	Trademarks	Goodwill	Total
Net carrying amount:				
31 Mar. 2023	\$50,132	\$-	\$689,543	\$739,675
31 Dec. 2022	\$52,631	\$-	\$680,469	\$733,100
31 Mar. 2022	\$32,645	\$-	\$688,880	\$721,525

Amortization expense of intangible assets under the statement of comprehensive income:

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2023	2022
Operating costs	\$43	\$82
Operating expenses	\$5,129	\$4,748

(11) Impairment testing of goodwill

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired through business combinations have been allocated to two cash-generating units which are also reportable operating segments. Carrying amount of goodwill allocated to each cash-generating units are as follows:

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Goodwill			
- Channel unit	\$607,569	\$598,535	\$606,762
- Manufacturing unit	81,974	81,934	82,118
Total	\$689,543	\$680,469	\$688,880

Channel cash-generating unit

The recoverable amount of the channel unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections from financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. The projected cash flows have been updated to reflect the change in demand for products and services. The discount rate applied to cash flow projections were 14.9% and 11.1%, respectively, as at 31 December 2022 and 2021, and cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using both 0% growth rate as at 31 December 2022 and 2021, that was the same as the long-term average growth rate for the industry.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

There have been no significant changes in the abovementioned discount rate projections made by the Company's management. As a result of this analysis, management did not identify any impairment for goodwill as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 amounted to \$607,569 and \$606,762, respectively, which is allocated to this cash-generating unit.

Manufacturing cash-generating unit

The recoverable amount of the manufacturing unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections from financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. The projected cash flows have been updated to reflect the change in demand for products and services. The discount rate applied to cash flow projections were 14.7% and 15.4%, respectively, as at 31 December 2022 and 2021, and cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using both 0% growth rate as at 31 December 2022 and 2021, that was the same as the long-term average growth rate for the industry.

There have been no significant changes in the abovementioned discount rate projections made by the Company's management. As a result of this analysis, management did not identify any impairment for goodwill as at 31 March 2023 and 2022 amounted to \$81,974 and \$82,118, respectively, which is allocated to this cash-generating unit.

Key assumptions used in value-in-use calculations

The calculation of value-in-use for both channel and manufacturing units are most sensitive to the following assumptions:

- (a) Gross margin
- (b) Discount rates; and
- (c) Growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period.

Gross margins – Gross margins are based on average values achieved in the one year preceding the start of the budget period. These exclude the possibility of margin increase over the budget period for anticipated efficiency improvements. The gross margins applied for the channel unit and the manufacturing unit remained the same.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Discount rates – Discount rates reflect the current market assessment of the risks specific to each cash generating unit (including the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted). The discount rate was estimated based on the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) for the Group, taking into account the particular situations of the Group and its operating segments. The WACC includes both the cost of liabilities and cost of equities. The cost of equities is derived from the expected returns of the Group's investors on capital, where the cost of liabilities is measured by the interest-bearing loans that the Group has obligation to settle. Specific risk relating to the operating segments is accounted for by considering the individual beta factor which is evaluated annually and based on publicly available market information.

Growth rate estimates – Rates are based on industry average growth rates or local industry research. For the reasons explained above, the long-term average growth rates used to extrapolate the budget for the channel unit and the manufacturing unit have been adjusted based on industry average growth rates.

Sensitivity to changes in assumptions

With regard to the assessment of value-in-use of the channel unit and the manufacturing unit, management believes that no reasonably possible change in any of the above key assumptions would cause the carrying value of the unit to materially exceed its recoverable amount.

The implications of the key assumptions for the recoverable amount are discussed below:

Raw materials price inflation – Management has considered the possibility of raw material price inflation. The Group used past actual raw material price movements as an indicator of future price movements. Management believes there is no raw materials price deviating from the budget for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, and therefore no further impairment may arise.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Growth rate assumptions – Management recognizes that the speed of technological change and the possibility of new entrants can have a significant impact on growth rate assumptions. The effect of new entrants is not expected to have an adverse impact on the forecasts included in the budget. The estimated long-term growth rate of channel unit, and manufacturing unit were 0%, 0%, and 0%, 0% for the years ended 31 December 2022 and 2021, respectively. Management deemed these growth rates reasonable after considering the long-term growth rate and the economic environment for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022. Therefore, no further impairment may result.

(12) Other non-current assets

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Prepayment for equipment	\$201,694	\$219,847	\$178,157
Others	2,853	3,223	933
Total	<u>\$204,547</u>	<u>\$223,070</u>	<u>\$179,090</u>

(13) Short-term loans

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Unsecured bank loans	\$1,668,000	\$1,442,290	\$2,167,958
Secured bank loans	275,718	334,877	173,188
Total	<u>\$1,943,718</u>	<u>\$1,777,167</u>	<u>\$2,341,146</u>
Interest Rates (%)	1.60%-6.45%	1.47%-5.70%	0.88%-2.95%

The Group's unused short-term lines of credits amounted to \$2,229,202, \$2,687,113 and \$2,041,734 as at 31 March 2023, 31 December 2022 and 31 March 2022, respectively.

Please refer to Note 8 for further details on secured loans.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(14) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Held for trading:			
Derivatives not designated as hedging Instruments			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$3,027	\$6,102	\$12,320

Please refer to Note 12(8) for more details on forward foreign exchange contracts.

(15) Other payables

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Accrued payroll and bonus	\$713,164	\$792,824	\$230,656
Accrued sales discounts	267,069	336,298	331,452
Accrued freight	112,382	257,211	319,088
Output tax	70,876	140,661	133,947
Accrued VAT payables	20,203	20,662	23,276
Others	735,054	521,969	417,062
Total	\$1,918,748	\$2,069,625	\$1,455,481

Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co. Ltd., the sub-subsidiary of the Company, has started the process of terminating employment contracts with its employees because of the factory relocation and has booked severance packages in the amount of \$730,484. As of 31 March 2023, the unpaid amount totaled \$491,079.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(16) Long-term loans

(a) As at 31 Mar. 2023

Lenders	Type	As at 31 Mar. 2023	Maturity date and terms of repayment	Guarantee
E.SUN Bank (Leading Bank of Syndicated Loan)	Syndicated bank loans	\$1,000,000	2022/05-2027/05 Interest is paid monthly; repayable annually starting from 2 years after the drawdown of the loan. The annual payment of each year is 100 million, 200 million, 300 million, and 400 million.	None
E.SUN Bank (Leading Bank of Syndicated Loan)	Syndicated bank loans	590,000	2022/05-2027/05 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Bank SinoPac	Credit	200,000	2021/09-2024/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Cathay United Bank	Credit	192,500	2021/06-2023/06 Interest is paid monthly.	None
O-Bank	Credit	100,000	2021/09-2023/11 Interest is paid monthly.	None
The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd.	Credit	100,000	2021/07-2023/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Subtotal		<u>2,182,500</u>		
Less: current portion		(392,500)		
Total		<u><u>\$1,790,000</u></u>		
Interest rate		1.700%-2.158%		

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(b) As at 31 Dec. 2022

Lenders	Type	As at 31 Dec. 2022	Maturity date and terms of repayment	Guarantee
E.SUN Bank (Leading Bank of Syndicated Loan)	Syndicated bank loans	\$1,000,000	2022/05-2027/05 Interest is paid monthly; repayable annually starting from 2 years after the drawdown of the loan. The annual payment of each year is 100 million, 200 million, 300 million, and 400 million.	None
E.SUN Bank (Leading Bank of Syndicated Loan)	Syndicated bank loans	990,000	2022/10-2024/03 Interest is paid monthly.	None
KGI Bank	Credit	350,000	2022/05-2024/05 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Bank SinoPac	Credit	200,000	2021/09-2024/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
China Trust Commercial Bank	Credit	170,000	2022/12-2024/12 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Cathay United Bank	Credit	130,000	2021/06-2023/06 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Taishin International Bank	Credit	100,000	2022/09-2024/09 Interest is paid monthly.	None
O-Bank	Credit	100,000	2021/09-2023/11 Interest is paid monthly.	None
The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd.	Credit	100,000	2021/07-2023/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Subtotal		<u>3,140,000</u>		
Less: current portion		(330,000)		
Total		<u><u>\$2,810,000</u></u>		
Interest rate		1.570%-2.060%		

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(c) As at 31 Mar. 2022

Lenders	Type	As at 31 Mar. 2022	Maturity date and terms of repayment	Guarantee
China Trust Commercial Bank (Leading Bank of Syndicated Loan)	Syndicated bank loans	\$700,000	2018/07-2023/07 Interest is paid monthly; repayable annually starting from 2 years after the drawdown of the loan. The annual payment of each year is 100 million, 200 million, 300 million, and 400 million.	None
China Trust Commercial Bank (Leading Bank of Syndicated Loan)	Syndicated bank loans	350,000	2019/10-2023/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank	Credit	210,000	2022/03-2024/11 Interest is paid monthly.	None
KGI Bank	Credit	180,000	2021/09-2023/09 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Cathay United Bank	Credit	130,000	2021/06-2023/06 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Taishin International Bank	Credit	100,000	2021/09-2023/09 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Bank SinoPac	Credit	100,000	2021/09-2024/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
O-Bank	Credit	100,000	2021/09-2023/09 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Far East Bank	Credit	100,000	2022/01-2024/01 Interest is paid monthly.	None
The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd.	Credit	100,000	2021/07-2023/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Shin Kong Bank	Credit	100,000	2021/07-2023/03 Interest is paid monthly.	None
China Trust Commercial Bank	Credit	50,000	2021/12-2023/12 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Subtotal		2,220,000		
Less: current portion		(400,000)		
Total		\$1,820,000		
Interest rate				1.000%-1.797%

Please refer to Note 9(3) for further details on syndicated bank loans.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(17) Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plan

The Company adopts a defined contribution plan in accordance with the Labor Pension Act of the R.O.C. Under the Labor Pension Act, the Group will make monthly contributions of no less than 6% of the employees' monthly wages to the employees' individual pension accounts. The Group has made monthly contributions of 6% of each individual employee's salaries or wages to employees' pension accounts.

Subsidiaries located in the People's Republic of China will contribute social welfare benefits based on a certain percentage of employees' salaries or wages to the employees' individual pension accounts.

Pension benefits for employees of overseas subsidiaries and branches are provided in accordance with the local regulations.

Expenses under the defined contribution plan for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 were \$36,017 and \$44,642, respectively.

Defined benefits plan

The Company adopts a defined benefit plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act of the R.O.C. The pension benefits are disbursed based on the units of service years and the average salaries in the last month of the service year. Two units per year are awarded for the first 15 years of services while one unit per year is awarded after the completion of the 15th year. The total units shall not exceed 45 units. The Company's 2019 pension fund deposited at the Bank of Taiwan has reached sufficient allocation and does not require further allocation based on the approval of the management department of processing zone. Before the end of each year, the Company assess the balance in the designated labor pension fund. If the amount is inadequate to pay pensions calculated for workers retiring in the same year, the Company will make up the difference in one appropriation before the end of March the following year.

Expenses under the defined benefits plan for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 were \$2,945 and \$2,696, respectively.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(18) Equities

(a) Common stock

The Company's authorized capital was \$6,000,000 as at 1 January 2022, divided into 600,000,000 shares with par value of NT\$10 each. The paid-in capital amounted to \$3,581,640 with 358,163,962 shares issued. Each share has one voting right and a right to receive dividends.

For the year ended 31 December 2022, the employees converted their options into 250,000 shares at NT\$12.4 per share. The above shares have not completed the registration process and were recorded as capital collected in advance.

As at 31 December 2022, the Company's authorized capital amounted to \$6,000,000, divided into 600,000,000 shares with par value of NT\$10 each. The paid-in capital amounted to \$3,584,140, divided into 358,413,962 shares. Among the issued shares, 250,000 shares have not completed the registration process and were recorded as capital collected in advance in the amount of \$3,100. For the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023, the above 250,000 employ stock options have completed the registration process and have been converted to common stock.

On 5 August 2022, the Company's board of directors resolved to issue 50,000,000 new shares of NT\$10 each in cash and at a premium of NT\$11.75 per share. In accordance with Article 267 of the Company Act, 10% of the total number of new shares issued, amounting to 5,000,000 shares, are reserved for subscription by the Company's employees on a preferential basis. Due to market changes and fluctuations in stock prices, the actual price of the cash capital increase and the employee stock option price of NT\$11.75 per share were measured based on the fair value of the stock options on the grant date, and \$6,750 was recognized as the compensation cost. The above cash capital increase was approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China on 9 November 2022, and the board of directors authorized the chairman to set 20 March 2023 as the capital increase base date. The capital increase has completed the registration of the change on 24 March 2023.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The Company's authorized capital was \$6,000,000 as at 31 March 2023, divided into 600,000,000 shares with par value of NT\$10 each. The paid-in capital amounted to \$ 4,084,140 with 408,413,962 shares issued. Each share has one voting right and a right to receive dividends.

(b) Capital surplus

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Additional paid-in capital	\$912,530	\$824,430	\$824,430
Share-based payment transactions	64,150	55,514	48,420
Share of changes in net assets of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	6,005	6,005	6,005
Premium from merger	1,895	1,895	1,895
Total	<u>\$984,580</u>	<u>\$887,844</u>	<u>\$880,750</u>

According to the Company Act, the capital reserve shall not be used except for making good the deficit of the company. When a company incurs no loss, it may distribute the capital reserves related to the income derived from the issuance of new shares at a premium or income from endowments received by the company. The distribution could be made in cash or in the form of dividend shares to its shareholders in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of them.

(c) Retained earnings and dividend policies

According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, current year's earnings, if any, shall be distributed in the following order:

- A. Payment of all taxes and dues.
- B. Offset prior years' operation losses.
- C. Set aside 10% of the remaining amount after deducting items (a) and (b) as legal reserve.
- D. Set aside or reverse special reserve in accordance with law and regulations.
- E. The distribution of the remaining portion, if any, will be recommended by the board of directors and resolved in the shareholders' meeting.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The policy of dividend distribution should reflect factors such as the current and future development plan, investment environment, fund requirements and domestic and international competition; as well as the interest of the shareholders. At least 30% of the dividends must be distributed to shareholders annually. The Company seeks sustainable development based on capital expenditure, business expansion and financial planning. Earnings distribution can be made in the form of stock dividends or cash dividends. However, cash dividends must be greater than 60% of the current year bonus distributed to shareholders. The dividend distribution policy may depend on the company's business needs, reinvestment or merger and acquisition capital requirements, and major regulatory requirement changes. The board of directors shall submit a proposal to the shareholders meeting to adjust the cash dividend distribution ratio appropriately.

According to the Company Act, the Company needs to set aside amount to legal reserve unless where such legal reserve amounts to the total authorized capital. The legal reserve can be used to make good the deficit of the Company. When the Company incurs no loss, it may distribute the portion of legal serve which exceeds 25% of the paid-in capital by issuing new shares or by cash in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of the shareholders.

When the Company distributes distributable earnings, it shall set aside to special reserve, an amount equal to "other net deductions from shareholders" equity for the current fiscal year, provided that if the company has already set aside special reserve according to the requirements for the adoption of TIFRS, it shall set aside supplemental special reserve based on the difference between the amount already set aside and other net deductions from shareholders' equity. For any subsequent reversal of other net deductions from shareholders' equity, the amount reversed may be distributed from the special reserve.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The FSC on 31 March 2021 issued Order No. Financial –Supervisory –Securities –Corporate –1090150022, which sets out the following provisions for compliance. On a public company's first-time adoption of the TIFRS, for any unrealized revaluation gains and cumulative translation adjustments (gains) recorded to shareholders' equity that the company elects to transfer to retained earnings by application of the exemption under IFRS 1, the company shall set aside supplemental special reserve. For any subsequent use, disposal or reclassification of related assets, the special reserve in the amount equal to the reversal may be released for earnings distribution.

The Company did not have any special reserve due from first-time adoption of the TIFRS.

Details of the 2021 earnings distribution and dividends per share as resolved by the shareholders' meeting on 27 May 2022, is as follows:

	Appropriation of earnings	Dividend per share (NT\$)
	2021	2021
Legal reserve	\$5,490	
Special reserve	49,510	
Common stock - cash dividend	-	\$-

The proposal for 2022 loss compensation was approved at the board meeting held on 13 April 2023. Please refer to Note 11 for details.

Please refer to Note 6(23) for further details on employees' compensation and remuneration to directors.

(19) Share-based payment plans

- (a) On 10 August 2020, the Company was authorized by the Financial Supervisory Commission Republic of China, Executive Yuan, to issue non-compensatory employee share options with a total number of 10,200 units. Each unit entitles an optionee to subscribe for 1,000 shares of the Company's common shares. Settlement upon the exercise of the options will be made through the issuance of new shares. The exercise price of the option was set at the closing price of the Company's common share on the grant date. The optionee may exercise 50% and 100% of the options starting two years and three years, respectively, from the grant date by the plan. The contractual term of each option granted is five years. If there are changes in the common shares of the Company, the exercise price of share options will be recalculated and adjusted in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of the optionee.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The contractual term of each option granted is five years. There are no cash settlement alternatives. The Group does not have a past practice of cash settlement for these employee share options.

As at 31 March 2023, the Company has not cancelled or modified the share-based payment plan proposed for employees. The relevant details of the aforementioned share-based payment plan are as follows:

Date of grant	Total number of share options granted (unit)	Total number of share options outstanding (unit)	Shares to be subscribed (unit)	Exercise price of share options (NT\$)
10 Aug. 2020	10,200	7,150	3,450	\$12.30

- a. The following table contains further details on the aforementioned share-based payment plan for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022:

	3-month periods ended 31 March			
	2023		2022	
	Number of share options outstanding (unit)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)	Number of share options outstanding (unit)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)
Outstanding at beginning of period	7,150	\$12.40	8,250	\$12.40
Converted	-	-	-	-
Forfeited	-	-	(350)	12.40
Outstanding at end of period	<u>7,150</u>	<u>\$12.30</u>	<u>7,900</u>	<u>\$12.40</u>
Weighted average fair value of share options (NT\$)	<u>\$3.1</u>		<u>\$3.1</u>	

- b. The following table contains further details on the aforementioned share-based payment plan as at 31 March 2023:

Share options	Share options outstanding				Share options exercisable		
	Range of exercise price (NT\$)	Number (unit)	Maturity date	Weighted average remaining contractual life (Years)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)	Number (unit)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)
10 Aug. 2020 Share options plan - 10,200 units issued	\$12.40	7,150	2025/8/9	2.36	\$12.30	3,450	\$12.30

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Note: If there are changes in the common shares of the Company (such as capital increase by cash or capitalization of retained earnings), the exercise price of share options will be adjusted according to the employee share options plan.

The compensation cost is accounted for under the fair value method. The fair value of the share options is estimated at the grant date using a Black-Scholes model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share options were granted. The Company recognized compensation expense of \$1,120 and \$2,245 for the three-months periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, respectively. The following table lists the inputs to the model used for the plan:

For the 10,200 units issued:

	<u>Share-based payment plan</u>
Dividend yield (%)	0%
Expected volatility (%)	28.51%
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.31%
Expected option life (Years)	5 years

(b) On 14 February 2022, the Company was authorized by the Financial Supervisory Commission Republic of China, Executive Yuan, to issue non-compensatory employee share options with a total number of 2,100 units. Each unit entitles an optionee to subscribe for 1,000 shares of the Company's common shares. Settlement upon the exercise of the options will be made through the issuance of new shares. The exercise price of the option was set at the closing price of the Company's common share on the grant date. The optionee may exercise 50% and 100% of the options starting two years and three years, respectively, from the grant date by the plan. The contractual term of each option granted is five years. If there are changes in the common shares of the Company, the exercise price of share options will be recalculated and adjusted in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of the optionee.

The contractual term of each option granted is five years. There are no cash settlement alternatives. The Group does not have a past practice of cash settlement for these employee share options.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

As at 31 March 2023, the Company has not cancelled or modified the share-based payment plan proposed for employees. The relevant details of the aforementioned share-based payment plan are as follows:

Date of grant	Total number of share options granted (unit)	Total number of share options outstanding (unit)	Shares to be subscribed (unit)	Exercise price of share options (NT\$)
14 Feb. 2022	2,100	1,600	-	\$14.60

A. The following table contains further details on the aforementioned share-based payment plan for the three-month period ended 31 March 2023 and 2022:

	3-month periods ended 31 March			
	2023		2022	
	Number of share options outstanding (unit)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)	Number of share options outstanding (unit)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)
Outstanding at beginning of period	2,100	\$14.70	-	\$-
Converted	-	-	2,100	14.70
Forfeited	(500)	14.70	-	-
Outstanding at end of period	<u>1,600</u>	<u>\$14.60</u>	<u>2,100</u>	<u>\$14.70</u>
Weighted average fair value of share options (NT\$)	<u>\$3.5</u>		<u>\$3.5</u>	

B. The following table contains further details on the aforementioned share-based payment plan as at 31 March 2023:

Share options	Range of exercise price (NT\$)	Share options outstanding			Share options exercisable		
		Number (unit)	Maturity date	Weighted average contractual life (Years)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)	Number (unit)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)
14 Feb. 2022 Share options plan - 2,100 units issued	\$14.70	1,600	2027/2/13	3.83	\$14.60	-	\$14.60

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Note: If there are changes in the common shares of the Company (such as capital increase by cash or capitalization of retained earnings), the exercise price of share options will be adjusted according to the employee share options plan.

The compensation cost is accounted for under the fair value method. The fair value of the share options is estimated at the grant date using a Black-Scholes model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share options were granted. The Company recognized compensation expense for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 were \$766 and \$510, respectively. The following table lists the inputs to the model used for the plan:

For the 2,100 units issued:

	<u>Share-based payment plan</u>
Dividend yield (%)	0%
Expected volatility (%)	25.71%
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.64%
Expected option life (Years)	5 years

(c) Stock appreciation right plan for employees

In July 2022, the Company implemented a compensation plan to grant 1,500 units of the cash-settled stock appreciation rights to qualified employees of the Company without consideration. One unit of stock appreciation right to employees represents a right to the intrinsic value of one common share of Globe Union Industrial Corp. The life of the plan is two years. Upon maturity of one and a half years following the date of grant, those employees who fulfill both service period and performance conditions set by the Company are gradually eligible for the vested stock appreciation right at certain percentage and time frame. For those employees who fail to meet the vesting conditions, the Company will withdraw their rights without consideration. During the vesting period, the holders of the stock appreciation right are not entitled to the same rights as those of common stockholders of Globe Union Industrial Corp.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The compensation cost for the cash-settled share-based payment was measured at fair value on the grant date by using Black-Scholes Option Pricing Model and will be remeasured at the end of each reporting period until settlement. As at 31 March 2023, the assumptions used are as follows:

	<u>Stock appreciation right plan for employees</u>
Share price of measurement date (NT\$/unit)	\$13.25
Dividend yield (%)	0%
Expected volatility (%)	15.68%
Risk-free interest rate (%)	1.10%
Expected option life (Years)	1.5 years

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2023, the compensation cost of \$463 was recognized in expense by the Company. The liability for stock appreciation right recognized which was classified under accrued expenses amounted to \$1,388 as at 31 March 2023. The intrinsic value for the liability of vested rights was \$0.

(20) Operating revenue

	<u>3-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Sale of goods	\$4,986,766	\$5,688,512
Less: sales returns and allowance	(464,153)	(466,858)
Total	<u>\$4,522,613</u>	<u>\$5,221,654</u>

Analysis of revenue from contracts with customers during the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

(a) Disaggregation of revenue

For the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023

	<u>Taiwan Segment</u>	<u>China Segment</u>	<u>America Segment</u>	<u>Europe Segment</u>	<u>Total</u>
Sale of goods	<u>\$272,018</u>	<u>\$13,853</u>	<u>\$2,359,116</u>	<u>\$1,877,626</u>	<u>\$4,522,613</u>
Timing of revenue recognition					
At a point in time	<u>\$272,018</u>	<u>\$13,853</u>	<u>\$2,359,116</u>	<u>\$1,877,626</u>	<u>\$4,522,613</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

For the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022

	Taiwan Segment	China Segment	America Segment	Europe Segment	Total
Sale of goods	<u>\$474,685</u>	<u>\$11,562</u>	<u>\$2,736,131</u>	<u>\$1,999,276</u>	<u>\$5,221,654</u>
Timing of revenue recognition					
At a point in time	<u>\$474,685</u>	<u>\$11,562</u>	<u>\$2,736,131</u>	<u>\$1,999,276</u>	<u>\$5,221,654</u>

(b) Contract balances

Contract liabilities - current

	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022	1 Jan. 2022
Sales of goods	<u>\$279</u>	<u>\$665</u>	<u>\$2,423</u>	<u>\$2,806</u>

The significant changes in the Group's balances of contract liabilities for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

	three-month periods ended 31 March	
	2023	2022
The opening balance	\$(383)	\$(2,573)
transferred to revenue		
Increase in receipts in advance during the period (excluding the amount incurred and transferred to revenue during the period)	-	2,188
Exchange differences	(3)	2

(21) Expected credit losses

	three-month periods ended 31 March	
	2023	2022
Operating expenses – Expected credit losses		
Accounts receivable	<u>\$2,501</u>	<u>\$2,225</u>

Please refer to Note 12 for more details on credit risk.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The Group measures the loss allowance of its accounts receivable at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. The assessment of the Group's loss allowance as at 31 March 2023, 31 December 2022 and 31 March 2022 is as follows:

(1) The Group considers the grouping of accounts receivable by counterparties' credit rating, by geographical region and by industry sector and its loss allowance is measured by using a provision matrix, details are as follows:

31 March 2023

	Not yet due	Overdue				Total
		1-90 days	91-180 days	181-365 days	Upon 366 days	
Gross carrying amount	\$2,179,804	\$133,209	\$10,809	\$9,032	\$9,394	\$2,342,248
Loss ratio	-%	-%	-%	0.82%	7.22%	
Lifetime expected credit losses	-	-	-	(74)	(678)	(752)
Carrying amount	<u>\$2,179,804</u>	<u>\$133,209</u>	<u>\$10,809</u>	<u>\$8,958</u>	<u>\$8,716</u>	<u>\$2,341,496</u>

31 December 2022

	Not yet due	Overdue				Total
		1-90 days	91-180 days	181-365 days	Upon 366 days	
Gross carrying amount	\$2,320,501	\$203,531	\$27,971	\$8,798	\$6,336	\$2,567,137
Loss ratio	-%	-%	-%	0.94%	19.11%	
Lifetime expected credit losses	-	-	-	(83)	(1,211)	(1,294)
Carrying amount	<u>\$2,320,501</u>	<u>\$203,531</u>	<u>\$27,971</u>	<u>\$8,715</u>	<u>\$5,125</u>	<u>\$2,565,843</u>

31 March 2022

	Not yet due	Overdue				Total
		1-90 days	91-180 days	181-365 days	Upon 366 days	
Gross carrying amount	\$2,803,689	\$263,520	\$18,114	\$8,248	\$29,291	\$3,122,862
Loss ratio	-%	-%	-%	1.73%	5.29%	
Lifetime expected credit losses	-	-	-	(143)	(1,550)	(1,693)
Carrying amount	<u>\$2,803,689</u>	<u>\$263,520</u>	<u>\$18,114</u>	<u>\$8,105</u>	<u>\$27,741</u>	<u>\$3,121,169</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- (2) The movement in the provision for impairment of accounts receivable during the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

	<u>Accounts receivable</u>
Beginning balance at 1 January 2023	\$1,294
Addition for the current period	2,501
Write off	(3,123)
Exchange differences	80
Ending balance at 31 March 2023	<u><u>\$752</u></u>

	<u>Account receivables</u>
Beginning balance at 1 January 2022	\$8,037
Addition for the current period	2,225
Write off	(8,723)
Exchange differences	154
Ending balance at 31 March 2022	<u><u>\$1,693</u></u>

(22) Leases

(1) Group as a lessee

The Group leases various properties, including real estate such as land and buildings, machinery and equipment, transportation equipment, office equipment and other equipment. The lease terms range from 2 to 47 years. There are no restrictions placed upon the Group by entering into these leases.

The Group's leases effect on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows are as follows:

A. Amounts recognized in the balance sheet

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

a. Right-of-use assets

The carrying amount of right-of-use assets

	As at		
	31 March 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2022
Land	\$57,787	\$58,178	\$61,467
Buildings	2,066,010	2,054,022	1,971,002
Machinery and equipment	27,261	31,981	47,418
Transportation equipment	162,286	177,402	126,118
Other equipment	9,684	6,513	9,681
Total	<u>\$2,323,028</u>	<u>\$2,328,096</u>	<u>\$2,215,686</u>

During the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, the Group's additions to right-of-use assets amounted to \$125,783 and \$161,111, respectively.

b. Lease liabilities

	As at		
	31 March 2023	31 December 2022	31 March 2022
Lease liabilities	<u>\$2,564,914</u>	<u>\$2,538,808</u>	<u>\$2,365,045</u>
Current	<u>\$396,942</u>	<u>\$354,880</u>	<u>\$294,999</u>
Non-current	<u>\$2,167,972</u>	<u>\$2,183,928</u>	<u>\$2,070,046</u>

Please refer to Note 6(24)(c) for the interest on lease liabilities recognized during the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, and refer to Note 12(5) liquidity risk management for the maturity analysis for lease liabilities as at 31 March 2023.

B. Amounts recognized in the statement of profit or loss

Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2023	2022
Land	\$669	\$664
Buildings	77,536	70,034
Machinery and equipment	4,999	6,037
Transportation equipment	22,031	12,578
Other equipment	1,177	4,060
Total	<u>\$106,412</u>	<u>\$93,373</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

C. Income and costs relating to leasing activities

	<u>3-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
The expenses relating to short-term leases	\$35,698	\$4,967
The expenses relating to leases of low-value assets (Not including the expenses relating to short-term leases of low-value assets)	2,208	800
The expenses relating to variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities	104	1,804
Total	<u>\$38,010</u>	<u>\$7,571</u>

D. Cash outflow relating to leasing activities

During the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, the Group's total cash outflows for leases amounted to \$165,193 and \$107,856, respectively.

E. Other information relating to leasing activities

(i) Variable lease payments

Some of the Group's warehouse rental agreements contain variable payment terms that are linked to daily usage of pallets in warehouses, which is common in the industry of the Group. As such variable lease payments do not meet the definition of lease payments, those payments are not included in the measurement of the assets and liabilities.

(ii) Extension and termination options

Some of the Group's property rental agreement contain extension and termination options. In determining the lease terms, the non-cancellable period for which the Group has the right to use an underlying asset, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Group is reasonably certain not to exercise that option.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

These options are used to maximize operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group.

After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term upon the occurrence of a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the lessee and affects whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an option not previously included in its determination of the lease term, or not to exercise an option previously included in its determination of the lease term.

(23) Summary statement of employee benefits, depreciation and amortization expenses by function for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022:

Nature \ Function	3-month periods ended 31 March					
	2023			2022		
	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total
Employee benefits expense						
Salaries	\$275,052	\$454,268	\$729,320	\$343,937	\$430,976	\$774,913
Labor and health insurance	2,715	40,066	42,781	4,143	34,004	38,147
Pension	20,745	18,217	38,962	27,145	20,193	47,338
Other employee benefits expense	19,288	7,879	27,167	15,851	7,193	23,044
Depreciation	66,720	107,186	173,906	76,025	93,473	169,498
Amortization	43	5,129	5,172	82	4,748	4,830

According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, when there is profit in current year, the Company shall set no less than 2% as employees' compensation and no higher than 2% as directors' remuneration. However, profit should be used to offset against any accumulated deficit prior to the aforementioned compensation and remuneration. The Company may, by a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of board of directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors, have the profit distributable as employees' compensation in the form of shares or cash. Such distribution shall be reported at the shareholders' meeting. Information on the board of directors' resolution regarding the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration can be obtained from the "Market Observation Post System" on the website of the TWSE.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The Company need to compensate the accumulated deficits as at 31 March 2023, hence no employees' compensation and remuneration to directors were estimated. The Company experienced a loss for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022, hence no employees' compensation and remuneration to directors have been estimated.

No material differences exist between the estimated amount and the actual distribution of the employee compensation and remuneration to directors for the year ended 31 December 2021.

(24) Non-operating income and expenses

(a) Other income

	<u>3-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Interest income		
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	\$10,411	\$8,373
Dividends income	600	1,320
Others	157,321	14,146
Total	<u>\$168,332</u>	<u>\$23,839</u>

(b) Other gains and losses

	<u>3-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
(Losses) gains on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$(181)	\$242
Foreign exchange losses, net	(11,501)	(2,039)
Gains on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	12,111	10,233
Gains on change in leases	246	320
Others	(6,301)	(2,286)
Total	<u>\$(5,626)</u>	<u>\$6,470</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(c) Finance costs

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2023	2022
Interest on loans from bank	\$24,482	\$14,161
Interest on lease liabilities	32,684	31,785
Total	<u>\$57,166</u>	<u>\$45,946</u>

(25) Components of other comprehensive income

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2023:

	Arising during the period	Reclassification adjustments during the period	Other comprehensive income, before tax	Income tax effect	Other comprehensive income, net of tax
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Unrealized gains (losses) from equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$540	\$-	\$540	\$-	\$540
To be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	20,271	-	20,271	-	20,271
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	93	-	93	-	93
Total of other comprehensive income	<u>\$20,904</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$20,904</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$20,904</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2022:

	Arising during the period	Reclassification adjustments during the period	Other comprehensive income, before tax	Income tax effect	Other comprehensive income, net of tax
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Unrealized gains (losses) from equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$(1,140)	\$-	\$(1,140)	\$-	\$(1,140)
To be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	289,319	-	289,319	-	289,319
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	738	-	738	-	738
Total of other comprehensive loss	<u>\$288,917</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$288,917</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$288,917</u>

(26) Income tax

The major components of income tax expense are as follows:

(a) Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss

	<u>three-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Current income tax expense:		
Current income tax charge	\$24,871	\$5,410
Deferred tax expense:		
Deferred tax expense relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	23,552	619
Total income tax expense	<u>\$48,423</u>	<u>\$6,029</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(b) Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income

	<u>three-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Deferred tax expense (income):		
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	\$-	\$-
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>

(c) The assessment of income tax returns

As at 31 March 2023, the assessment of the income tax returns of the Company is as follows:

	<u>The assessment of income tax returns</u>
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	<u>Assessed and approved up to 2019</u>

As at 31 March 2023, all foreign subsidiaries governed by foreign tax authorities have filed income tax returns up to 2021.

(27) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing net profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent entity by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent entity by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

	<u>3-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
(a) Basic earnings (losses) per share		
Profit (loss) attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company	<u>\$42,549</u>	<u>\$(61,363)</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for basic earnings (losses) per share (in thousands)	<u>364,414</u>	<u>358,164</u>
Basic earnings (losses) per share (NT\$)	<u>\$0.12</u>	<u>\$(0.17)</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2023	2022
(b) Diluted earnings (losses) per share		
Profit (loss) attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company	\$42,549	\$(61,363)
Profit (loss) attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company after dilution	\$42,549	\$(61,363)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for basic earnings (losses) per share (in thousands)	\$361,414	\$358,164
Employee compensation—stock (in thousands) (Note)	-	Note
Employee stock options (in thousands) (Note)	69	Note
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after dilution (in thousands)	\$364,483	\$358,164
Diluted earnings (losses) per share (NT\$)	\$0.12	\$(0.17)

(Note) It was not included in the calculation because of the antidilutive effect.

There have been no other transactions that might impact the ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date the financial statements were completed.

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Information of the related parties that had transactions with the Group during the financial reporting period is as follows:

(a) Key management personnel compensation

	three-month periods ended 31 March	
	2023	2022
Short-term employee benefits	\$57,723	\$52,509
Post-employment benefits and termination benefits	14,164	6,019
Share-based payment	3,261	2,557
Total	\$75,148	\$61,085

8. ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITY

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The following table lists assets of the Group pledged as security:

Item	As at			Secured liabilities
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022	
Financial assets measured at amortized cost - current	\$106,066	\$118,112	\$96,917	Secured for loans
Accounts receivable	774,245	858,772	869,199	Secured for loans
Inventory	1,285,948	1,193,909	1,169,011	Secured for other non-current liabilities and loans
Buildings	37,102	39,085	35,649	Secured for loans
Machinery and Equipment	1,025,317	1,065,574	1,135,696	Secured for other non-current liabilities
Transportation Equipment	560	598	997	Secured for loans
Office Equipment	26,489	25,746	25,899	Secured for other non-current liabilities and loans
Other Equipment	39,218	41,348	44,439	Secured for loans
Total	\$3,294,945	\$3,343,144	\$3,377,807	

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

- (1) On 1 October 2013, the Company has entered into a land lease agreement with the Taichung Branch of the Export Processing Zone Administration. The lease term is ten years, starting from 1 October 2013 to 30 September 2023. The rent is adjusted based on the land price, and current monthly rent is \$64.
- (2) The Company and its subsidiaries provided endorsement/guarantee to related parties. Please refer to Note 13(1) (b) for more details.
- (3) In April 2022, the Company has entered into a syndicated loan agreement with E.SUN Commercial Bank and ten other lending institutions of syndicated credits, such as China Trust Commercial Bank, Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank, and Bank of Taiwan. The agreement contains the following restrictive covenants:

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- (a) The current ratio shall not be lower than 100%.
- (b) The liability ratio shall not be higher than 200%.
- (c) The interest coverage ratio shall not be lower than 2.

According to the syndicated loan agreement, if the financial ratio of the Company does not meet the previous requirements, the Company should make improvement within six months after the end of the accounting period (the improvement period will not be regarded as default) and review the results in the next financial statement (the consolidated financial statements for the six-month period ended or for the year ended) to verify whether the improvement has been completed. If the Company completes the improvement in line with the previous financial ratio agreed, it is not regarded as default; otherwise, it is regarded as default. In order to improve the financial structure, the Company's board of directors approved to issue common shares through cash capital on 5 August 2022, and on 18 October 2022, the majority of the lending banks agreed to grant the Company an exemption from default financial commitment for the second quarter of 2022 and for the year ended 2022.

- (4) As of 31 March 2023, the Group's unrecognized commitment of acquisition of property, plant and equipment amounted to \$37,771.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

1. The proposal for 2022 deficits compensation was approved at the Company's board meeting held on 13 April 2023, and used the legal reserve of \$691,191 to cover the accumulated deficits in 2022.
2. PJH Group Limited, a subsidiary of the Company, signed a plant lease contract in April 2023. The lease starts in July 2024 for a term of 15 years. However, the underlying property of the lease is not yet completed. The amount of the right-of-use asset is estimated to be £15,389 thousand.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

12. OTHERS

(1) Categories of financial instruments

Financial assets

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:			
Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$11	\$19,862	\$6,575
Financial assets measured at amortized cost (Note)	4,824,948	5,007,711	5,418,564
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	28,500	27,960	35,340

Financial liabilities

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2023	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2022
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:			
Short-term borrowings	\$1,943,718	\$1,777,167	\$2,341,146
Notes and accounts payable	1,931,691	1,958,044	2,054,315
Long-term loans (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)	2,182,500	3,140,000	2,220,000
Other payables	1,918,748	2,069,625	1,455,481
Leases liabilities (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)	2,564,914	2,538,808	2,365,045
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:			
Held for trading	3,027	6,102	12,320

Note: Including cash and cash equivalents (excluding cash on hand), accounts receivable and financial assets measured at amortized cost.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(2) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial risk management objective is to manage the market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk related to its operating activities. The Group identifies measures and manages the aforementioned risks based on the Group's policy and risk appetite.

The Group has established appropriate policies, procedures and internal controls for financial risk management. Before entering into significant transactions, due approval process by the Board of Directors and Audit Committee must be carried out based on related protocols and internal control procedures. The Group complies with its financial risk management policies at all times.

(3) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the changes in market prices. Market prices comprise currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk (such as equity risk).

In practice, it is rarely the case that a single risk variable will change independently from other risk variable, there is usually interdependencies between risk variables. However, the sensitivity analysis disclosed below does not take into account the interdependencies between risk variables.

(a) Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a different currency from the Group's functional currency) and the Group's net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The Group has certain foreign currency receivables to be denominated in the same foreign currency with certain foreign currency payables, therefore natural hedge is received. The Group also uses forward contracts to hedge the foreign currency risk on certain items denominated in foreign currencies. Hedge accounting is not applied as they did not qualify for hedge accounting criteria. Furthermore, as net investments in foreign subsidiaries are for strategic purposes, they are not hedged by the Group.

The foreign currency sensitivity analysis of the possible change in foreign exchange rates on the Group's profit is performed on significant monetary items denominated in foreign currencies as at the end of the reporting period. The Group's foreign currency risk is mainly related to the volatility in the exchange rates for USD and CNY. The information of the sensitivity analyses as follows:

When NTD strengthens against USD by 1%:

	Increase (decrease) in equity	Decrease (increase) in profit or loss
Three-month period ended 31 March 2023	\$-	\$9,790
Three-month period ended 31 March 2022	\$-	\$11,511

When NTD strengthens against CNY by 1%:

	Increase (decrease) in equity	Decrease (increase) in profit or loss
Three-month period ended 31 March 2023	\$-	\$9,661
Three-month period ended 31 March 2022	\$-	\$5,267

For depreciation NTD against the relevant currencies when all the other factors remain the same, there would be a comparable impact on the pre-tax profit or equity, and the balances above would be negative.

(b) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's bank borrowings with fixed interest rates and variable interest rates.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The interest rate sensitivity analysis is performed on items exposed to interest rate risk as at the end of the reporting period, including investments and borrowings with variable interest rates. At the reporting date, a change of 10 basis points of interest rate in a reporting period could cause the profit for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 to decrease/increase by \$4,126 and \$4,561, respectively.

(c) Equity price risk

The fair value of the Group's listed equity securities is susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Group's listed equity securities are classified under fair value through other comprehensive income. The Group manages the equity price risk through diversification and placing limits on individual and total equity instruments. Reports on the equity portfolio are submitted to the Group's senior management on a regular basis. The Group's Board of Directors reviews and approves all equity investment decisions.

At the reporting date, a change of 5% in the price of the listed companies stocks classified as equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income could have an impact of \$1,425 and \$1,767 on the equity attributable to the Group for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Please refer to Note 12(9) for sensitivity analysis information of other equity instruments or derivatives that are linked to such equity instruments whose fair value measurement is categorized under Level 3.

(4) Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from operating activities (primarily for accounts receivable) and from its financing activities, including bank deposits and other financial instruments.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to credit risk management. Credit limits are established for all counter parties based on their financial position, ratings from credit rating agencies, historical experiences, prevailing economic condition and the Group's internal rating criteria, etc. Certain customer's credit risk will also be managed by taking credit enhancing procedures, such as requesting for prepayment and insurance.

As at 31 March 2023, 31 December 2022 and 31 March 2022, accounts receivable from top ten customers represented 42.96%, 44.60%, and 47.94% of the total accounts receivable of the Group, respectively. The credit concentration risk of other accounts receivable is insignificant.

Credit risk from balances with banks, fixed income securities and other financial instruments is managed by the Group's treasury in accordance with the Group's policy. The Group only transacts with counterparties approved by the internal control procedures, which are banks and financial institutions, companies and government entities with good credit rating. Consequently, there is no significant credit risk for these counter parties.

The Group adopted IFRS 9 to assess the expected credit losses. The Group makes an assessment at each reporting date as to whether the debt instrument investments are still considered low credit risk, and then further determines the method of measuring the loss allowance and the loss rates.

The Group used simplified approach (Note) to assess the expected credit losses of accounts receivable. As at 31 March 2023, 31 December 2022 and 31 March 2022, the Group's accounts receivable overdue amounted to \$162,444, \$246,636 and \$319,173, respectively. As at 31 March 2023, 31 December 2022 and 31 March 2022, the expected credit loss was estimated at 0.46%, 0.52% and 0.53%, respectively, while the loss allowances were measured at \$752, \$1,294 and \$1,693, respectively.

Note: By using simplified approach (loss allowance is measured at lifetime expected credit losses).

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Financial assets are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery (the issuer or the debtor is in financial difficulties or bankruptcy).

(5) Liquidity risk management

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of cash and cash equivalents, highly liquid equity investments and bank loans. The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities based on the contractual undiscounted payments and contractual maturity. The payment amount includes the contractual interest. The undiscounted payment relating to borrowings with variable interest rates is extrapolated based on the estimated interest rate yield curve as at the end of the reporting period.

Non-derivative financial liabilities

	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>2 to 3 years</u>	<u>4 to 5 years</u>	<u>> 5 years</u>	<u>Total</u>
As at 31 March 2023					
Short-term borrowings	\$1,949,218	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,949,218
Notes and accounts payable	1,931,691	-	-	-	1,931,691
Long-term borrowings (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)	431,561	558,307	1,314,004	-	2,303,872
Other payables	1,918,748	-	-	-	1,918,748
Leases liabilities	550,906	917,364	677,414	1,547,588	3,693,272
As at 31 December 2022					
Short-term borrowings	\$1,785,049	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,785,049
Notes and accounts payable	1,958,044	-	-	-	1,958,044
Long-term borrowings (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)	386,474	1,199,917	1,729,726	-	3,316,117
Other payables	2,069,625	-	-	-	2,069,625
Leases liabilities	547,908	937,164	671,413	1,621,901	3,778,386

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>2 to 3 years</u>	<u>4 to 5 years</u>	<u>> 5 years</u>	<u>Total</u>
As at 31 March 2022					
Short-term borrowings	\$2,346,831	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$2,346,831
Notes and accounts payable	2,054,315	-	-	-	2,054,315
Long-term borrowings (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)	429,463	1,834,602	-	-	2,264,065
Other payables	1,455,481	-	-	-	1,455,481
Lease liabilities	460,313	825,022	632,112	1,632,997	3,550,444

Derivative financial liabilities

	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>2 to 3 years</u>	<u>4 to 5 years</u>	<u>> 5 years</u>	<u>Total</u>
As at 31 March 2023					
Inflows	\$198,050	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$198,050
Outflows	(201,077)	-	-	-	(201,077)
Net	<u>\$ (3,027)</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$ (3,027)</u>

As at 31 December 2022

Inflows	\$196,018	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$196,018
Outflows	(202,120)	-	-	-	(202,120)
Net	<u>\$ (6,102)</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$ (6,102)</u>

	<u>Less than 1 year</u>	<u>2 to 3 years</u>	<u>4 to 5 years</u>	<u>> 5 years</u>	<u>Total</u>
As at 31 March 2022					
Inflows	\$556,448	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$556,448
Outflows	(568,768)	-	-	-	(568,768)
Net	<u>\$ (12,320)</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$ (12,320)</u>

The table above contains the undiscounted net cash flows of derivative financial liabilities.

(6) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

Reconciliation of liabilities for the three-month period ended 31 March 2023:

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

	Long-term borrowings (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)			Leases liabilities	Total liabilities from financing activities
	Short-term borrowings				
As at 1 January 2023	\$1,777,167	\$3,140,000	\$2,538,808	\$7,455,975	
Cash flows	166,551	(957,500)	(94,499)	(885,448)	
Non-cash flows (Note)	-	-	120,605	120,605	
As at 31 March 2023	\$1,943,718	\$2,182,500	\$2,564,914	\$6,691,132	

Note: In the first quarter of 2023, the Group's lease liabilities addition and exchange differences increased by \$141,966 in total, while right-of-use assets and lease liabilities decreased by \$21,115 and \$21,361, respectively, due to lease termination.

Reconciliation of liabilities for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022:

	Long-term borrowings (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)			Leases liabilities	Total liabilities from financing activities
	Short-term borrowings				
As at 1 January 2022	\$2,159,121	\$2,229,947	\$2,237,354	\$6,626,422	
Cash flows	182,025	(9,947)	(68,500)	103,578	
Non-cash flows (Note)	-	-	196,191	196,191	
As at 31 March 2022	\$2,341,146	\$2,220,000	\$2,365,045	\$6,926,191	

Note: In the first quarter of 2022, the Group's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities increased by \$161,111 and exchange differences increased by \$63,693, while right-of-use assets and lease liabilities decreased by \$28,293 and \$28,613, respectively, due to lease termination.

(7) Fair values of financial instruments

- a. The methods and assumptions applied in determining the fair value of financial instruments:

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following methods and assumptions were used by the Group to measure or disclose the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities:

- i. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and other current liabilities approximate their fair value due to their short maturities.
- ii. For financial assets and liabilities traded in an active market with standard terms and conditions, their fair value is determined based on market quotation price (including listed equity securities, beneficiary certificates, bonds and futures etc.) at the reporting date.
- iii. Fair value of equity instruments without market quotations (including private placement of listed equity securities, unquoted public company and private company equity securities) are estimated using the market method valuation techniques based on parameters such as prices based on market transactions of equity instruments of identical or comparable entities and other relevant information (for example, inputs such as discount for lack of marketability, P/E ratio of similar entities and Price-Book ratio of similar entities).
- iv. Fair value of debt instruments without market quotations, bank loans and other non-current liabilities are determined based on the counterparty prices or valuation method. The valuation method uses DCF method as a basis, and the assumptions such as the interest rate and discount rate are primarily based on relevant information of similar instrument (such as yield curves published by the Taipei Exchange, average prices for Fixed Rate Commercial Paper published by Reuters and credit risk, etc).
- v. The fair value of derivatives which are not options and without market quotations, is determined based on the counterparty prices or discounted cash flow analysis using interest rate yield curve for the contract period. Fair value of option-based derivative financial instruments is obtained using on the counterparty prices or appropriate option pricing model (for example, Black-Scholes model) or other valuation method (for example, Monte Carlo Simulation).

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost approximate their fair value.

c. Fair value measurement hierarchy for financial instruments

Please refer to Note 12(9) for fair value measurement hierarchy for financial instruments of the Group.

(8) Derivative financial instruments

The Group's derivative financial instruments include forward currency contracts and embedded derivatives. The related information for derivative financial instruments not qualified for hedge accounting and not yet settled as at 31 March 2023, 31 December 2022 and 31 March 2022 is as follows:

Forward currency contracts

The Group entered into forward currency contracts to manage its exposure to financial risk, but these contracts are not designated as hedging instruments. The table below lists the information related to forward currency contracts:

Items (by contract)	Notional Amount (in thousands)	Expiry Date
As at 31 March 2023		
Forward currency contract	Sell GBP 5,495	From April 2023 to July 2023
As at 31 December 2022		
Forward currency contract	Sell USD 25,500	From January 2023 to March 2023
Forward currency contract	Buy USD 3,000	January 2023
Forward currency contract	Sell GBP 3,796	From January 2023 to March 2023
As at 31 March 2022		
Forward currency contract	Sell USD 42,500	From April 2022 to June 2022
Forward currency contract	Buy USD 9,000	April 2022
Forward currency contract	Sell EUR 2,500	April 2022
Forward currency contract	Sell GBP 4,024	From April 2022 to June 2022

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The counterparties for the aforementioned derivatives transactions are well known local or overseas banks, as they have sound credit ratings, the credit risk is insignificant.

With regard to the forward foreign exchange contracts, as they have been entered into to hedge the foreign currency risk of net assets or net liabilities, and there will be corresponding cash inflow or outflows upon maturity and the Group has sufficient operating funds, the cash flow risk is insignificant.

(9) Fair value measurement hierarchy

(a) Fair value measurement hierarchy

All asset and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. Level 1, 2 and 3 inputs are described as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

(b) Fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities

The Group does not have assets that are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis. Fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

As at 31 March 2023

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$-	\$11	\$-	\$11
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	28,500	-	-	28,500
Financial liabilities:				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	3,027	-	3,027

As at 31 December 2022

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$-	\$19,862	\$-	\$19,862
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	27,960	-	-	27,960
Financial liabilities:				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	6,102	-	6,102

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

As at 31 March 2022

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$-	\$6,575	\$-	\$6,575
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	35,340	-	-	35,340
Financial liabilities:				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	12,320	-	12,320

Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period

During the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

(c) Fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities not measured at fair value but for which the fair value is disclosed

None.

(10) Significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

Information regarding the significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is listed below:

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

	As at 31 March 2023			As at 31 December 2022			As at 31 March 2022		
	Foreign currencies	Foreign exchange rate	NTD	Foreign currencies	Foreign exchange rate	NTD	Foreign currencies	Foreign exchange rate	NTD
Financial assets									
Monetary items:									
USD	\$49,449	30.44	\$ 1,505,228	\$45,420	30.70	\$1,394,394	\$63,098	28.62	\$1,805,865
CNY	407,429	4.430	1,804,910	443,165	4.409	1,953,914	290,196	4.506	1,307,623
EUR	7,447	33.15	246,868	6,190	32.74	202,661	5,626	31.92	179,582
CAD	6,199	22.47	139,292	6,628	22.68	150,323	8,175	22.88	187,044
GBP	22,630	37.66	852,246	24,337	37.10	902,903	23,958	37.61	901,060
Financial liabilities									
Monetary items:									
USD	\$17,289	30.44	\$526,277	22,798	30.70	699,899	\$22,877	28.62	\$ 654,740
CNY	189,359	4.430	838,860	225,890	4.409	995,949	173,312	4.506	780,944
EUR	2,161	33.15	71,637	1,369	32.74	44,821	2,021	31.92	64,510
CAD	2,235	22.47	50,220	3,791	22.68	85,980	3,440	22.88	78,707
GBP	28,867	37.66	1,087,131	24,507	37.10	909,210	32,112	37.61	1,207,732

The Group is unable to disclose foreign exchange gains or losses on significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies because the Group entities have too many functional currencies. The exchange losses for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2023 and 2022 were \$11,501 and \$2,039, respectively.

(11) Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize the shareholder value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(12) Financial asset transfer information

The Group entered into assignment agreements with recourse with financial institutions regarding some of its accounts receivable. Although the Group transfers the contract rights of the cash flow from such accounts receivable, the Group still has to bear the credit risk in accordance with the agreement in the event the accounts receivable are not recoverable. The transaction information is as follows:

31 March 2023		
<u>Lenders</u>	<u>Amount assigned</u>	<u>Prepaid amount (note)</u>
HSBC UK BANK PLC	\$774,245	\$275,718
31 December 2022		
<u>Lenders</u>	<u>Amount assigned</u>	<u>Prepaid amount (note)</u>
HSBC UK BANK PLC	\$858,772	\$334,877
31 March 2022		
<u>Lenders</u>	<u>Amount assigned</u>	<u>Prepaid amount (note)</u>
HSBC UK BANK PLC	\$869,199	\$173,188

Note: Reported on short-term loans.

- (13) The Company incorporated the Mexican subsidiary, GU PLUMBING de Mexico S.A. de C.V. in August 2019 and planned to lease NAMCE, S. DE R. L. DE C. V.'s ceramic factory and land in Mexico through the subsidiary. The Company purchased equipment and inventory from the ceramic factory amounted to \$1,878,900 (USD 60,000 thousand). As of 31 March 2023, the unpaid amount totaled \$264,044 (USD 8,674 thousand), secured by equipment and inventory. Please refer to Note 8 for more details.
- (14) The board of directors of Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd., a sub-subsidiary of the Company, in order to comply with the local government's future urbanization plan and schedule of the area around the subsidiary's manufacturing facility, has approved the plan to move the faucet assembly facility to a factory located in Machong Town, Dongguan City. The factory relocation is expected to complete by the end of 2023. The subsidiary has started the process of terminating employment contracts with its employees in July 2022 and offered severance packages. Except for the property, plant and equipment that will be relocated to the new factory, the remaining assets will be evaluated based on their recoverable amount and recognize impairment loss for the year ended 2022.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

13. OTHER DISCLOSURE

(1) Information on significant transactions

(a) Financing provided to others for the three-month period ended 31 March 2023: All transactions below were between consolidated entities and have been eliminated in consolidation.

No (Note 1)	Lender	Counterparty	Financial statement account	Related Party	Maximum balance for the period	Ending balance	Amount drawn	Interest rate	Nature of financing (Note 8)	Amount of sales to (purchases from) counter-party	Reason for financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit of financing amount for individual counter-party	Limit of total financing amount
													Item	Value		
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Other receivables	Yes	\$417,302 (USD 13,700,000)	\$417,028 (USD 13,700,000)	\$315,511 (USD 10,365,000)	3.75%- 5.70%	1	\$1,840,609	For Business	\$-	-	\$-	\$1,840,609 (Note3)	\$2,133,357 (Note2)
1	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Other receivables	Yes	\$700,580 (USD 23,000,000)	\$700,120 (USD 23,000,000)	\$457,787 (USD 15,039,000)	5.50%	2	\$-	For operating	\$-	-	\$-	\$795,864 (Note5)	\$1,193,796 (Note4)
2	Globe Union Germany GmbH & Co.KG	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Other receivables	Yes	\$99,450 (EUR 3,000,000)	\$99,450 (EUR 3,000,000)	\$99,450 (EUR 3,000,000)	1.50%	2	\$-	For operating	\$-	-	\$-	\$416,850 (Note7)	\$416,850 (Note6)
3	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Ann Bo Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	Other receivables	Yes	\$360,126 (RMB 81,000,000)	\$358,830 (RMB 81,000,000)	\$64,203 (RMB 14,492,685)	3.00%	2	\$-	For operating	\$-	-	\$-	\$1,188,768 (Note5)	\$1,188,768 (Note2)

Note 1: The business transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries should be indicated in the number column respectively. The method of filling in the numbers is as follows:

(1) The parent company fills in 0.

(2) Subsidiaries are numbered sequentially by the Arabic number 1 according to the company.

Note 2: Total financing was limited to 40% of net equity of the lender as at 31 March 2023, and was limited to the financing amount for individual counter-party.

Note 3: Financing to individual counterparty was limited to the total transaction amounts with the lender.

Note 4: Total financing was limited to 60% of net equity of the lender as at 31 March 2023.

Note 5: Financing to individual counterparty was limited to 40% of the net equity of the lender as at 31 March 2023.

Note 6: Total financing was limited to 100% of net equity of the lender as at 31 March 2023.

Note 7: Financing to individual counterparty was limited to 100% of the net equity of the lender as at 31 March 2023.

Note 8: Code 1 represents an intercompany transaction call for a business contract; code 2 represents short-term financing.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(b) Endorsement/Guarantee provided to others for the three-month period ended
31 March 2023:

No (Note 1)	Endorser/ Guarantor	Counterparty		Guarantee Limited Amount for each Counterparty	Maximum balance for the period	Guarantee Amount for the year ended 31 March 2023	Amount drawn	Value of Collaterals Properties	Ratio of Accumulated Amount of Guarantee Provided to Net Equity of the Latest Financial Statements	Guarantee Limited Amount	Guarantee from the parent to subsidiary	Guarantee from the subsidiary to parent	Guarantee from Mainland China
		Company Name	Relationship (Note 4)										
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	2	\$1,600,018 (Note 2)	\$700,580	\$700,120	\$457,787	\$-	13.13%	\$2,666,697 (Note 3)	Y	-	-

Note 1: The business transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries should be indicated in the number column respectively. The method of filling in the numbers is as follows:

- (1) The parent company fills in 0.
- (2) Subsidiaries are numbered sequentially by the Arabic number 1 according to the company.

Note 2: The amount of guarantees/endorsements shall not exceed 30% of net equity of the guarantor as at 31 March 2023.

Note 3: The amount of guarantees/endorsements shall not exceed 50% of net equity of the guarantor as at 31 March 2023.

Note 4: According to the "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" issued by the R.O.C. Securities and Futures Bureau, receiving parties should be disclosed as one of the following:

- (1) A company that has a business relationship with the provider.
- (2) A subsidiary in which the provider holds directly over 50% of equity interest.
- (3) An investee in which the provider and its subsidiaries hold over 50% of equity interest.
- (4) An investee in which the provider holds directly and indirectly over 90% of equity interest.
- (5) A company that has provided guarantees to the provider, and vice versa, due to contractual requirements.
- (6) An investee in which the provider conjunctly invests with other shareholders, and for which the provider has provided endorsement/guarantee in proportion to its shareholding percentage.
- (7) Companies in the same industry provide among themselves joint and several securities for a performance guarantee of a sales contract for pre-construction homes pursuant to the Consumer Protection Act for each other.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- (c) Securities held as at 31 March 2023 (excluding subsidiaries, associates and joint venture):

Company Name	Securities Held	Relationship between Issuer and the Company (Note 1)	Account Stated	As at 31 March 2023			
				Number of shares	Book Value	Ratio%	Fair Value
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Stocks Thai Kin Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	600,000	\$28,500	1.68%	\$28,500

Note 1: If the securities issuer is not related to the Company, no information is required to be provided.

- (d) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20 percent of the capital stock for the three-month period ended 31 March 2023: None.

- (e) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20 percent of the capital stock for the three-month period ended 31 March 2023: None.

- (f) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20 percent of the capital stock for the three-month period ended 31 March 2023: None.

- (g) Related party transactions for purchases and sales exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20 percent of the capital stock for the three-month period ended 31 March 2023:

Company Name	Counter-party	Relationship	Transactions				Details of non-arm's length transaction		Notes and accounts receivable (payable)		Note
			Purchases (Sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Term	Unit price	Term	Balance	Percentage of total receivables (payable)	
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Purchase	\$551,304	16.72%	180 days after EOAP	A small portion of the purchase prices between related parties were slightly higher than the general purchase price due to technical and quality differences. For the other purchase prices, there were no comparable goods bought from third party suppliers.	Regular	\$(1,190,313)	(61.62%)	-

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Company Name	Counter-party	Relationship	Transactions				Details of non-arm's length transaction		Notes and accounts receivable (payable)		Note
			Purchases (Sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Term	Unit price	Term	Balance	Percentage of total receivables (payable)	
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsiary	Purchase	\$312,179	9.47%	30 days after EOAP	A small portion of the purchase prices between related parties were slightly higher than the general purchase price due to technical and quality differences. For the other purchase prices, there were no comparable goods bought from third party suppliers.	Regular	\$(59,768)	(3.09%)	-
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Subsidiary	Purchase	\$455,942	13.83%	14 days after invoice date	A small portion of the purchase prices between related parties were slightly higher than the general purchase price due to technical and quality differences. For the other purchase prices, there were no comparable goods bought from third party suppliers.	Regular	\$(86,333)	(4.47%)	-
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	Sub-subsiary	Sales	\$(1,140,471)	(25.22%)	7 days after invoice date and 45 days after invoice date	A small portion of the selling prices between related parties were not significantly different from that with the third parties. For the other selling prices, there were no comparable goods sold to the third parties.	Regular	\$1,079,965	46.12%	-
Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Group direct parent company	Sales	\$(551,304)	(12.19%)	180 days after EOAP	A small portion of the selling prices between related parties were not significantly different from that with the third parties. For the other selling prices, there were no comparable goods sold to the third parties.	Regular	\$1,190,313	50.84 %	-
Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Group direct parent company	Sales	\$(312,179)	(6.90%)	30 days after EOAP	A small portion of the selling prices between related parties were not significantly different from that with the third parties. For the other selling prices, there were no comparable goods sold to the third parties.	Regular	\$59,768	2.55%	-
GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Group direct parent company	Sales	\$(455,942)	(10.08%)	14 days after invoice date	A small portion of the selling prices between related parties were not significantly different from that with the third parties. For the other selling prices, there were no comparable goods sold to the third parties.	Regular	\$86,333	3.69%	-
Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Group direct parent company	Purchase	\$1,140,471	34.60%	7 days after invoice date and 45 days after invoice date	A small portion of the purchase prices between related parties were slightly higher than the general purchase price due to technical and quality differences. For the other purchase prices, there were no comparable goods bought from third party suppliers.	Regular	\$(1,079,965)	(55.91%)	-

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Company Name	Counter-party	Relationship	Transactions				Details of non-arm's length transaction		Notes and accounts receivable (payable)		Note
			Purchases (Sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Term	Unit price	Term	Balance	Percentage of total receivables (payable)	
Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Germany GmbH & Co. KG	Associate	Sales	\$(100,521)	(2.22%)	60 days after EOAP	A small portion of the selling prices between related parties were not significantly different from that with the third parties. For the other selling prices, there were no comparable goods sold to the third parties.	Regular	\$82,216	3.51%	-
Globe Union Germany GmbH & Co. KG	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Associate	Purchase	\$100,521	3.05%	60 days after EOAP	A small portion of the purchase prices between related parties were slightly higher than the general purchase price due to technical and quality differences. For the other purchase prices, there were no comparable goods bought from third party suppliers.	Regular	\$(82,216)	(4.26%)	-

(h) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20 percent of capital stock as at 31 March 2023:

Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Ending Balance	Turnover Rate (times)	Overdue receivables		Amount received in subsequent period	Allowance for bad debts
					Amount	collection status		
Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Group direct parent company	\$1,190,313 RMB 269,886,692	1.74 times	\$-	-	\$218,760 RMB 49,381,409	\$-
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	Sub-subsidiary	\$1,079,965	3.79 times	\$-	-	\$305,876	\$-

(i) Financial instruments and derivative transactions:

Company Name	Item	Transaction	Nominal Amount	Expiry Date	Fair Value
PJH Group LTD	Forward currency contract	Sell	GBP 5,495 thousand	2023/04-2023/07	\$(3,016)

(j) Significant intercompany transactions between consolidated entities are as follows: (amount exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20 percent of the capital stock)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

No (Note1)	Company Name	Counter Party	Nature of Relationship (Note2)	Intercompany Transactions			
				Financial Statements Item	Amount	Terms	Percentage of Consolidated Total Gross Sales or Total Assets (%) (Note3)
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd	1	Purchases	\$551,304	Note 4 (1)	12.19%
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd	1	Accounts payable	(1,190,313)	Note 4 (3)	(7.27%)
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	1	Purchases	312,179	Note 4 (1)	6.90%
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	1	Purchases	455,942	Note 4 (1)	10.08%
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	1	Other receivables	316,730	Note 4 (4)	1.94%
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	1	Sales	(1,140,471)	Note 4 (2)	(25.22%)
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	1	Accounts receivable	1,079,965	Note 4 (3)	6.60%
1	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Sales	(551,304) RMB (123,941,688)	Note 4 (2)	(12.19%)
1	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Accounts receivable	1,190,313 RMB 269,886,692	Note 4 (3)	7.27%
1	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Germany GmbH & Co. KG	3	Sales	(100,521) RMB (22,539,334)	Note 4 (2)	(2.22%)
2	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Purchases	1,140,471 USD 37,497,309	Note 4 (1)	25.22%
2	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Accounts payable	(1,079,965) USD (35,478,469)	Note 4 (3)	(6.60%)
2	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	3	Other receivables	458,105 USD 15,049,430	Note 4 (5)	2.80%
3	Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Sales	(312,179) RMB (70,218,398)	Note 4 (2)	(6.90%)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

No (Note1)	Company Name	Counter Party	Nature of Relationship (Note2)	Intercompany Transactions			
				Financial Statements Item	Amount	Terms	Percentage of Consolidated Total Gross Sales or Total Assets (%) (Note3)
4	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Sales	(455,942) USD (15,005,098)	Note 4 (2)	(10.08%)
4	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	3	Other payables	(316,730) USD (10,405,068)	Note4 (4)	(1.94%)
4	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	3	Other payables	(458,105) USD (15,049,430)	Note4 (5)	(2.80%)
5	Globe Union Germany GmbH & Co. KG	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd	3	Purchases	100,521 EUR 3,076,310	Note 4 (1)	2.22%

Note 1: The Company and its subsidiaries are coded as follows:

(1) The Company is coded "0".

(2) The subsidiaries are coded consecutively beginning from "1" in the order presented in the table above.

Note 2: (1) represents the transactions from the parent company to a subsidiary.

(2) represents the transactions from a subsidiary to the parent company.

(3) represents the transaction between subsidiaries.

Note 3: The ratio of transaction amount to the consolidated income or assets is recognized as follows: for assets or liability, the ratio is accounted as the ending balance to consolidated total assets; however, for income or loss accounts, the ratio is based on mid-term accumulated amount to consolidated income.

Note 4:(1) A small portion of the purchase prices were different from the general purchase price due to technical and quality differences. The other products were purchased solely from related parties and thus the purchase price can't be compared with other goods purchased from the third parties.

(2) A small portion of the selling prices between related parties were the same as the general selling price. For the other selling prices, there were no comparable goods sold to the third parties.

(3) The transaction terms to the above-related parties were determined through a mutual agreement based on the market conditions.

(4) Financing, ratio 3.75%~5.70%.

(5) Financing, ratio 5.50%.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(2) Information on investees:

(a) Names, locations, main businesses and products, original investment amount, investment as at 31 March 2023, net income (loss) of investee company and investment income (loss) recognized as at 31 March 2023 (excluding investees in Mainland China):

Investor Company	Investee Company	Address	Main businesses and products	Initial Investment Amount		Investment as at 31 March 2023			Net income (loss) of investee company	Investment income (loss) recognized	Note
				31 March 2023	31 December 2022	Number of shares	Percentage of ownership (%)	Book value			
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union Industrial (B.V.I.) Corp.	P.O. Box 3340, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	Holding company	\$1,434,538	\$1,434,538	44,427,680	100%	\$2,432,400	\$(10,712)	\$(19,550)	Note
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union (Bermuda) Ltd.	21 Laffan Street, Hamilton HM09, Bermuda	Holding company	\$3,098,447	\$3,098,447	93,449,027	100%	\$3,636,304	\$(48,617)	\$(21,442)	Note
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union Cayman Corp.	Scotia Center, 4 th Floor, P.O. Box 2804, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands	Holding company	\$2,590,324	\$2,590,324	81,555,901	100%	\$1,744,887	\$59,529	\$59,529	
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Blvd. Isidro López Zertuche No. 3745 La Salle, Saltillo, Coahuila, 25240 Mexico	Manufacturing and selling sanitary ceramic wares	\$1,097,365	\$1,097,365	681,612,220	100%	\$655,628	\$(22,101)	\$(23,341)	Note

Note: Current investment income from investees recognized by the Company included investment gain/loss recognized by these investees from upstream/downstream transactions.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(3) Information on investments in mainland China

(a) Information on investments in mainland China from the Company directly and through Globe Union Industrial (B.V.I) Corp., Globe Union (Bermuda) Ltd. and Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd. as at 31 March 2023:

Investee company	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as at 1 January 2023	Investment Flows		Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as at 31 March 2023	Net income (loss) of investee company	Percentage of Ownership	Investment income (loss) recognized	Carrying Value as at 31 March 2023	Accumulated Inward Remittance of Earnings as at 31 March 2023
					Outflow	Inflow						
Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling plumbing products	\$1,685,437 (RMB 380,459,896)	Investment in Mainland China companies through a company invested and established in a third region	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$(10,719)	100%	\$(10,719) (Note1)	\$2,971,920	\$188,508
Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling sanitary ceramic wares	\$1,168,670 (RMB 263,808,100)	Investment in Mainland China companies through a company invested and established in a third region	\$510,913 (USD 16,784,252)	\$-	\$-	\$510,913 (USD 16,784,252)	\$(74,741)	100%	\$(74,741) (Note1)	\$1,360,640	\$-
Globe Union Business Consultancy Shanghai Company Limited	Consulting industry	\$2,301 (RMB 519,514)	Directly invested Mainland China company	\$3,321 (RMB 749,658)	\$-	\$-	\$3,321 (RMB 749,658)	\$100	100%	\$100 (Note1)	\$4,152	\$-
Globe Union Ann Bo Manufacturing Co. Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling plumbing products	\$265,800 (RMB 60,000,000)	Directly invested Mainland China company	\$230,360 (RMB 52,000,000)	\$35,440 (RMB 8,000,000)	\$-	\$265,800 (RMB 60,000,000)	\$(18,993)	100%	\$(18,993) (Note1)	\$214,729	\$-
He Shun Investment Co., Ltd.	Investment, developing and manufacturing hardware products	\$443 (RMB 100,000)	Invested by Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	100% (Note5)	\$- (Note1)	\$443	\$-

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as at 31 March 2023 (Note 3)	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA (Note 4)	Upper Limit on Investment
\$ 780,034 (USD 16,784,252 & RMB 60,749,658)	\$642,233 (USD 12,305,503, GBP 49,191 & RMB 60,000,000)	Not applicable (Note 2)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Note 1: Based on the financial statements reviewed by the certified accountants of the parent company in Taiwan.

Note 2: According to Letter No. Shen-Zi-09704604680 issued by Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C., the Company's investment in Mainland China is not limited to 60% of net worth or consolidated net worth specified by the Investment Commission.

Note 3: The accumulated investment amount in Mainland China as at 31 March 2023 was USD16,784,252 and RMB 60,749,658. The information of the existing investee companies is as follows:

- i. The accumulated investment in Mainland China subsidiaries that were disposed of by the Company (Shenzhen Globe Union Industrial Corp., Qingdao Lin Hong Precision Industrial Corp., and Qingdao Globe Union Technology Industrial Corp.) in the amount of USD 22,441,000 has not been included.
- ii. The accumulated amount of dividends distributed by mainland subsidiaries that were not included in the above amount is as the following: Shenzhen Globe Union Industrial Corp.: USD 2,666,816; Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.: USD 5,374,001.

Note 4: According to Letter No. Shen-Er-Zi-11100058240 issued by the Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C. approving investment, the Company newly invested RMB 60,000,000 in Globe Union Ann Bo Manufacturing Co., Ltd.

Note 5: The Company established a sub-subsidiary, He Shun Investment Co., Ltd., in September 2022, and Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd. invested in He Shun Investment Co., Ltd in the amount of RMB 100,000 on 9 January 2023.

(b) Please refer to Note 13(1) and (2) for more details on the significant transactions between the Company and investees in Mainland China.

(4) Information on major shareholders:

31 March 2023

Name \ Shares	Shareholding	Shareholding ratio
Ming-Ling Co., Ltd.	37,974,032	9.29%
Yue Feng International Co., Ltd. Investment account under the custody of Taishin Bank	26,159,515	6.40%
Hsien Ou Yang	22,185,496	5.43%
Su-Hsiang Ou Young Chang	21,486,175	5.26%
Trust property account of Scott Ouyoung at the Taipei Branch of the United Bank of Switzerland	20,558,787	5.03%

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For the purpose of operation, the Company operates in a single industry segment by different strategic segments, and they are classified into two segments as follows:

(1) Segment A: In charge of selling faucets and other plumbing products and providing related services.

(2) Segment B: In charge of manufacturing faucets and other plumbing products.

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured consistently with operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements. However, the financial costs, financial income and income taxes are managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

Transfer prices between operating segment are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

(1) Information on profit or loss of the reportable segment:

(a) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2023:

	Segment A	Segment B	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
Revenue				
External customer	\$4,462,047	\$60,566	\$-	\$4,522,613
Inter-segment	1,196,692	1,429,504	(2,626,196)	-
Total revenue	<u>\$5,658,739</u>	<u>\$1,490,070</u>	<u>\$(2,626,196)</u>	<u>\$4,522,613</u>
Segment profit (loss)	<u>\$160,707</u>	<u>\$(134,459)</u>	<u>\$64,724</u>	<u>\$90,972</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(b) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2022:

	Segment A	Segment B	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
Revenue				
External customer	\$5,210,092	\$11,562	\$-	\$5,221,654
Inter-segment	2,321,700	1,358,277	(3,679,977)	-
Total revenue	<u>\$7,531,792</u>	<u>\$1,369,839</u>	<u>\$(3,679,977)</u>	<u>\$5,221,654</u>
Segment profit (loss)	<u>\$(51,182)</u>	<u>\$(56,840)</u>	<u>\$52,688</u>	<u>\$(55,334)</u>

(2) Information on assets and liabilities of the reportable segment:

(a) Segment assets:

	Segment A	Segment B	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
31 Mar. 2023	<u>\$20,531,435</u>	<u>\$8,656,882</u>	<u>\$(12,823,678)</u>	<u>\$16,364,639</u>
31 Dec. 2022	<u>\$23,727,263</u>	<u>\$6,116,356</u>	<u>\$(13,241,794)</u>	<u>\$16,601,825</u>
31 Mar. 2022	<u>\$25,064,123</u>	<u>\$6,348,718</u>	<u>\$(15,027,428)</u>	<u>\$16,385,413</u>

(b) Segment liabilities:

	Segment A	Segment B	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
31 Mar. 2023	<u>\$10,689,210</u>	<u>\$3,370,760</u>	<u>\$(3,028,724)</u>	<u>\$11,031,246</u>
31 Dec. 2022	<u>\$13,942,044</u>	<u>\$1,433,703</u>	<u>\$(3,447,726)</u>	<u>\$11,928,021</u>
31 Mar. 2022	<u>\$14,677,327</u>	<u>\$1,080,293</u>	<u>\$(4,775,201)</u>	<u>\$10,982,419</u>