

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
WITH REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

FOR THE THREE-MONTH PERIODS ENDED
31 MARCH 2022 AND 2021

Notice to readers:

The reader is advised that these financial statements have been prepared originally in Chinese. In the event of a conflict between these financial statements and the original Chinese version or difference in interpretation between the two versions, the Chinese language financial statements shall prevail.

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REVIEW REPORT OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS

To GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP.

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Globe Union Industrial Corp. and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2022 and 2021, the related consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies (collectively “the consolidated financial statements”). Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as endorsed and became effective by Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these consolidated financial statements based on our reviews.

Scope of Review

Except as explained in the following paragraph, we conducted our reviews in accordance with Statement of Auditing Standards No. 65, “Review of Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity” of the Republic of China. A review of consolidated financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As explained in Note 6(8), the financial statements of certain associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method were not reviewed by independent accountants. Those associates and joint ventures under equity method amounted to NT\$20,397 thousand and NT\$20,748 thousand as at 31 March 2022 and 2021, respectively. The related shares of profits from the associates and joint ventures under the equity method amounted to NT\$(431) thousand and NT\$518 thousand, and the related shares of other comprehensive income from the associates and joint ventures under the equity method amounted to NT\$738 thousand and NT\$(161) thousand for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, respectively. The information related to the above subsidiaries, and associates and joint ventures accounted for under the equity method was also not reviewed by independent accountants.

Qualified Conclusion

Based on our reviews, except for the effect of such adjustments, if any, as might have been determined to be necessary had the financial statements of associates and joint ventures accounted for using equity method and the information been reviewed by independent accountants described in the preceding paragraph, nothing has come to our attention that caused us to believe that the accompanying consolidated financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company and its subsidiaries as at 31 March 2022 and 2021, and their consolidated financial performance and cash flows for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and International Accounting Standard 34, “Interim Financial Reporting” as endorsed and became effective by Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Huang Yu Ting
Chen Ming Hung

Ernst & Young, Taiwan

6 May 2022

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021 (31 March 2022 and 2021 are unaudited)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Assets	Notes	As at		
		31 Mar 2022	31 Dec 2021	31 Mar 2021
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	4, 6(1)	\$2,194,231	\$2,281,297	\$2,629,082
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, current	4, 6(2)	6,575	10,973	3,440
Financial assets measured at amortized cost, current	4, 6(3), 8	103,886	106,445	170,603
Accounts receivable, net	4, 5, 6(4), 8	3,121,169	2,879,295	3,267,996
Inventories, net	4, 5, 6(5), 8	4,274,646	4,289,152	3,318,013
Prepayment	6(6)	182,411	175,556	249,255
Other current assets	7	650,573	729,061	639,975
Total current assets		<u>10,533,491</u>	<u>10,471,779</u>	<u>10,278,364</u>
Non-current assets				
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, non-current	4, 6(7)	35,340	36,480	42,900
Investments accounted for under the equity method	4, 6(8)	20,397	20,090	20,748
Property, plant and equipment	4, 6(9), 8	2,448,667	2,419,829	2,552,852
Right-of-use assets	4, 6(23)	2,215,686	2,117,441	2,088,159
Intangible assets	4, 6(10)	32,645	30,342	37,327
Goodwill	4, 5, 6(10)(11)	688,880	683,574	716,326
Deferred tax assets	4,5	195,850	192,706	212,735
Deposits-out		35,367	34,137	34,374
Other non-current assets	6(12)	179,090	168,442	108,421
Total non-current assets		<u>5,851,922</u>	<u>5,703,041</u>	<u>5,813,842</u>
Total assets		<u><u>\$16,385,413</u></u>	<u><u>\$16,174,820</u></u>	<u><u>\$16,092,206</u></u>

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements)

(continued)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021 (31 March 2022 and 2021 are unaudited)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Liabilities and Equity	Notes	As at		
		31 Mar 2022	31 Dec 2021	31 Mar 2021
Current liabilities				
Short-term loans	4, 6(13)	\$2,341,146	\$2,159,121	\$1,415,578
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, current	4, 6(14)	12,320	3,500	9,679
Contract liabilities, current	6(21)	2,423	2,806	2,774
Notes payable		56,685	58,788	84,921
Accounts payable		1,997,630	2,177,220	2,408,208
Other payables	6(15)	212,555	253,750	323,658
Accrued expenses	6(16)	1,242,926	1,343,849	952,362
Current tax liabilities	4	62,826	72,518	109,804
Lease liabilities, current	4, 6(23)	294,999	248,831	257,542
Current portion of long-term loans	4, 6(17)	400,000	519,947	651,952
Other current liabilities		42,563	46,714	49,757
Total current liabilities		6,666,073	6,887,044	6,266,235
Non-current liabilities				
Long-term loans	4, 6(17)	1,820,000	1,710,000	1,710,000
Deferred tax liabilities	4,5	13,984	15,057	4,526
Lease liabilities, non-current	4, 6(23)	2,070,046	1,988,523	1,935,073
Other non-current liabilities		402,622	389,375	543,847
Net defined benefit obligation, non-current	4,6(18)	9,694	12,136	96,272
Total non-current liabilities		4,316,346	4,115,091	4,289,718
Total liabilities		10,982,419	11,002,135	10,555,953
Equity attributable to the parent company				
Capital				
Common stock		3,581,640	3,581,640	3,581,640
Capital surplus		880,750	877,995	941,186
Retained earnings				
Legal reserve		886,922	886,922	861,006
Special reserve		852,940	852,940	728,214
(Accumulated deficits) retained earnings		(6,363)	55,000	316,189
Total retained earnings		1,733,499	1,794,862	1,905,409
Other components of equity				
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		(797,035)	(1,087,092)	(903,682)
Unrealized gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		4,140	5,280	11,700
Total other components of equity		(792,895)	(1,081,812)	(891,982)
Total equity		5,402,994	5,172,685	5,536,253
Total liabilities and equity		\$16,385,413	\$16,174,820	\$16,092,206

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except for Earnings per Share)

	Notes	For the three-month periods ended 31 March	
		2022	2021
Net sales	6(21)	\$5,221,654	\$5,002,093
Cost of sales	6(5), 6(24)	(4,063,325)	(3,739,947)
Gross profit		1,158,329	1,262,146
Operating expenses	6(23), 6(24)		
Selling and marketing		(529,217)	(455,686)
General and administrative		(607,810)	(626,900)
Research and development		(58,343)	(60,786)
Expected credit losses	6(22)	(2,225)	(4,275)
Total operating expenses		(1,197,595)	(1,147,647)
Operating (loss) income		(39,266)	114,499
Non-operating income and expenses	6(25)		
Other revenue		23,839	34,965
Other gains and losses		6,470	12,979
Finance costs		(45,946)	(43,424)
Share of profit or loss of associates and joint ventures	4, 6(8)	(431)	518
Total non-operating income and expenses		(16,068)	5,038
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income tax		(55,334)	119,537
Income tax expense	4,5,6(27)	(6,029)	(64,038)
(Loss) income from continuing operations, net of tax		(61,363)	55,499
Other comprehensive income (loss)	6(26)		
Items that may not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Unrealized gains or losses on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income		(1,140)	3,900
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		289,319	(42,781)
Share of other comprehensive of associates and joint ventures	6(8)	738	(161)
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax		288,917	(39,042)
Total comprehensive income		\$227,554	\$16,457
Net (loss) income attributable to:			
Stockholders of the parent		\$(61,363)	\$55,499
Non-controlling interests		-	-
		\$(61,363)	\$55,499
Comprehensive income attributable to:			
Stockholder of the parent		\$227,554	\$16,457
Non-controlling interests		-	-
		\$227,554	\$16,457
(Losses) earnings per share (NTD)	6(28)		
(Losses) earnings per share-basic		\$(0.17)	\$0.15
(Losses) earnings per share-diluted		\$(0.17)	\$0.15

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
For the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021
(Reviewed, Not Audited)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Notes	Capital	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings			Other components of equity		Total equity
				Legal Reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated Earnings (Accumulated deficits)	Exchange Differences on Translation of Foreign Operations	Unrealized Gains or Losses on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income	
Balance as at 1 Jan 2021	6(19)	\$3,581,640	\$938,667	\$861,006	\$728,214	\$260,690	\$(860,740)	\$7,800	\$5,517,277
Net income for the three-month period ended 31 Mar 2021						55,499			55,499
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax for the three-month period ended 31 March 2021							(42,942)	3,900	(39,042)
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2021						55,499	(42,942)	3,900	16,457
Share-based payment transactions-Share-based payment expense	6(20)		2,519						2,519
Balance as at 31 Mar 2021	6(19)	\$3,581,640	\$941,186	\$861,006	\$728,214	\$316,189	\$(903,682)	\$11,700	\$5,536,253
Balance as at 1 Jan 2022	6(19)	\$3,581,640	\$877,995	\$886,922	\$852,940	\$55,000	\$(1,087,092)	\$5,280	\$5,172,685
Net loss for the three-month period ended 31 Mar 2022						(61,363)			(61,363)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022							290,057	(1,140)	288,917
Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022						(61,363)	290,057	(1,140)	227,554
Share-based payment transactions-Share-based payment expense	6(20)		2,755						2,755
Balance as at 31 Mar 2022	6(19)	\$3,581,640	\$880,750	\$886,922	\$852,940	\$(6,363)	\$(797,035)	\$4,140	\$5,402,994

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
For the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021
(Reviewed, Not Audited)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	For the three-month periods ended 31 March		
	Notes	2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net (loss) income before tax		\$(55,334)	\$119,537
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation		169,498	172,494
Amortization		4,830	5,256
Expected credit losses		2,225	4,275
Net gain of financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss		(10,233)	(18,343)
Interest expense		45,946	43,424
Interest income		(8,373)	(5,369)
Dividend income		(1,320)	-
Share-based payment expense		2,755	2,519
Share of profit or loss of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures		431	(518)
(Gain) loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment		(242)	198
Gain on lease modification		(320)	(4,549)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Financial instrument at fair value through profit or loss, current		23,451	52,708
Accounts receivable		(178,036)	(269,971)
Inventories, net		127,951	85,028
Prepayments		(6,855)	(32,964)
Other current assets		78,488	67,291
Other non-current assets		(10,648)	(32,913)
Notes payable		(2,103)	24,652
Accounts payable		(223,645)	(286,189)
Other payables		(142,616)	(193,271)
Contract liabilities, current		(383)	(2,384)
Other current liabilities		(4,241)	(30,716)
Defined benefit obligation		(2,352)	(9,629)
Other liabilities-others		13,247	699
Cash used in operations		<u>(177,879)</u>	<u>(308,735)</u>
Interest received		8,373	5,369
Interest paid		(45,448)	(43,924)
Income tax paid		(19,938)	(34,569)
Net cash used in operating activities		<u>(234,892)</u>	<u>(381,859)</u>

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements)

(Continued)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
For the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021
(Reviewed, Not Audited)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Notes	For the three-month periods ended 31 March	
		2022	2021
(Continued)			
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		\$(37,828)	\$(30,827)
Disposal of property, plant and equipment		343	181
(Increase) decrease in deposits-out		(1,230)	207
Decrease (increase) in financial assets measured at amortized cost, current		2,559	(24,314)
Acquisition of intangible assets		(6,727)	(4,124)
Dividend received		1,320	-
Net cash used in investing activities		<u>(41,563)</u>	<u>(58,877)</u>
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Increase in short-term loans		1,448,097	371,918
Decrease in short-term loans		(1,266,072)	(449,060)
Increase in long-term loans		210,000	-
Decrease in long-term loans		(219,947)	(340,622)
Decrease in lease liabilities		(68,500)	(58,047)
Net cash generated from (used in) financing activities		<u>103,578</u>	<u>(475,811)</u>
Effect of changes in exchange rate on cash and cash equivalents		85,811	(26,690)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(87,066)	(943,237)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	6(1)	2,281,297	3,572,319
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period		<u>\$2,194,231</u>	<u>\$2,629,082</u>

(The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

For the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021

(Reviewed, Not Audited)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

1. HISTORY AND ORGANIZATION

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. (“the Company”) was incorporated on 29 October 1979 to manufacture and sell plumbing products. On 1 December 1995, the Company acquired Chen Ling Industrial Co. Ltd., a company operated in manufacturing and sale of plumbing products. The Company applied to be listed on the GreTai Securities Market on 1 June 1998, and was authorized to trade its shares over the counter on 7 May 1999. The Company applied to be listed on Taiwan Stock Exchange on 16 June 2000 and its shares were authorized to be listed on Taiwan Stock Exchange on 11 September 2000. The Company’s registered office and the main business location is at No.22, Chien-Kuo Rd., Tanzi Dist., Taichung, Taiwan (R.O.C.).

2. DATE AND PROCEDURES OF AUTHORIZATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR ISSUE

The consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (“the Group”) for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 were authorized for issue by the Company’s board of directors on 6 May 2022.

3. NEWLY ISSUED OR REVISED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS

- (1) Changes in accounting policies resulting from applying for the first time certain standards and amendments

The Group applied for the first time International Financial Reporting Standards, International Accounting Standards, and Interpretations issued, revised or amended which are endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission (“FSC”) and become effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Each new standard and amendment have no material effect on the Group.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- (2) Standards or interpretations issued, revised or amended, by International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) which are not endorsed by FSC, and not yet adopted by the Group as at the end of the reporting period are listed below.

Items	New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations	Effective Date issued by IASB
a	IFRS 10 “Consolidated Financial Statements” and IAS 28 “Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures” — Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Ventures	To be determined by IASB
b	IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”	1 January 2023
c	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – Amendments to IAS 1	1 January 2023
d	Disclosure Initiative - Accounting Policies – Amendments to IAS 1	1 January 2023
e	Definition of Accounting Estimates – Amendments to IAS 8	1 January 2023
f	Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to IAS 12)	1 January 2023

- (a) IFRS 10“Consolidated Financial Statements” and IAS 28“Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures” — Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Ventures

The amendments address the inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 *Consolidated Financial Statements* and IAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*, in dealing with the loss of control of a subsidiary that is contributed to an associate or a joint venture. IAS 28 restricts gains and losses arising from contributions of non-monetary assets to an associate or a joint venture to the extent of the interest attributable to the other equity holders in the associate or joint ventures. IFRS 10 requires full profit or loss recognition on the loss of control of the subsidiary. IAS 28 was amended so that the gain or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of assets that constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 between an investor and its associate or joint venture is recognized in full.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

IFRS 10 was also amended so that the gains or loss resulting from the sale or contribution of a subsidiary that does not constitute a business as defined in IFRS 3 between an investor and its associate or joint venture is recognized only to the extent of the unrelated investors' interests in the associate or joint venture.

(b) IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”

IFRS 17 provides a comprehensive model for insurance contracts, covering all relevant accounting aspects (including recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure requirements). The core of IFRS 17 is the General (building block) Model, under this model, on initial recognition, an entity shall measure a group of insurance contracts at the total of the fulfilment cash flows and the contractual service margin. The carrying amount of a group of insurance contracts at the end of each reporting period shall be the sum of the liability for remaining coverage and the liability for incurred claims.

Other than the General Model, the standard also provides a specific adaptation for contracts with direct participation features (the Variable Fee Approach) and a simplified approach (Premium Allocation Approach) mainly for short-duration contracts.

IFRS 17 was issued in May 2017 and it was amended in 2020 and 2021. The amendments include deferral of the date of initial application of IFRS 17 by two years to annual beginning on or after 1 January 2023 (from the original effective date of 1 January 2021); provide additional transition reliefs; simplify some requirements to reduce the costs of applying IFRS 17 and revise some requirements to make the results easier to explain. IFRS 17 replaces an interim Standard – IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts – from annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2023.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(c) Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current – Amendments to IAS 1

These are the amendments to paragraphs 69-76 of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial statements and the amended paragraphs related to the classification of liabilities as current or non-current.

(d) Disclosure Initiative - Accounting Policies – Amendments to IAS 1

The amendments improve accounting policy disclosures that to provide more useful information to investors and other primary users of the financial statements.

(e) Definition of Accounting Estimates – Amendments to IAS 8

The amendments introduce the definition of accounting estimates and included other amendments to IAS 8 Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors to help companies distinguish changes in accounting estimates from changes in accounting policies.

(f) Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction – Amendments to IAS 12

The amendments narrow the scope of the recognition exemption in paragraphs 15 and 24 of IAS 12 so that it no longer applies to transactions that, on initial recognition, give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences.

The abovementioned standards and interpretations issued by IASB have not yet endorsed by FSC at the date when the Group's financial statements were authorized for issue, the local effective dates are to be determined by FSC. As the Group is still currently determining the potential impact of the standards and interpretations listed under (c), (d), (e) and (f), it is not practicable to estimate their impact on the Group at this point in time. The remaining new or amended standards and interpretations have no material impact on the Group.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(1) Statement of Compliance

The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (“the Regulations”) and IAS 34 *Interim Financial Reporting* as endorsed and became effective by the FSC.

(2) Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for financial instruments that have been measured at fair value. The consolidated financial statements are expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars (“\$”) unless otherwise stated.

(3) Basis of consolidation

(a) Preparation principle of consolidated financial statements

Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- a. power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- b. exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- c. the ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns

When the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- a. the contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee
- b. rights arising from other contractual arrangements
- c. the Group’s voting rights and potential voting rights

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the acquisition date, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date that such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using uniform accounting policies. All intra-group balances, income and expenses, unrealized gains and losses and dividends resulting from intra-group transactions are eliminated in full.

A change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a change of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

Total comprehensive income of the subsidiaries is attributed to the owners of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

If the Company loses control of a subsidiary, it:

- a. derecognizes the assets (including goodwill) and liabilities of the subsidiary
- b. derecognizes the carrying amount of any non-controlling interest
- c. recognizes the fair value of the consideration received
- d. recognizes the fair value of any investment retained
- e. recognizes any surplus or deficit in profit or loss
- f. reclassifies the parent's share of components previously recognized in other comprehensive income to profit or loss.

(b) The consolidated entities are as follows:

Investor	Subsidiary	Main Business	31 March 2022	31 December 2021	31 March 2021
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union Industrial (B.V.I.) Corp. (G.U.I.(B.V.I.))	Holding company	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union Industrial (B.V.I.) Corp. (G.U.I.(B.V.I.))	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling bathroom products	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union Industrial (B.V.I.) Corp. (G.U.I.(B.V.I.))	Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling sanitary ceramic wares	10.71%	10.71%	10.71%
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union Cayman Corp.	Holding company	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union Cayman Corp.	Globe Union Verwaltungs GmbH	Holding company	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union Cayman Corp.	Globe Union Germany GmbH & Co. KG	Selling faucets and accessories	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union Cayman Corp.	Globe Union (UK) Ltd.	Holding company	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union (UK) Ltd.	PJH Trustees Limited	Trust industry	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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Investor	Subsidiary	Main Business	31 March 2022	31 December 2021	31 March 2021
Globe Union (UK) Ltd.	PJH Group Limited	Selling kitchen and bathroom products	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union (UK) Ltd.	PJH (HK) Limited	Holding company	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union (Bermuda) Ltd. (G.U.L.(Bermuda))	Holding company	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union (Bermuda) Ltd. (G.U.L.(Bermuda))	Globe Union Group, Inc.	Holding company	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union Group, Inc.	Danze Inc.	Sales and maintenance center	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union Group, Inc.	Globe Union (Canada) Inc.	Sales and customer service center	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union Group, Inc.	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	Assembling and selling faucets and sanitary ceramic wares	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union Group, Inc.	Globe Union Services Inc.	Customer service center	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union (Bermuda) Ltd. (G.U.L.(Bermuda))	Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling sanitary ceramic wares	89.29%	89.29%	89.29%
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Manufacturing and selling sanitary ceramic wares	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union Business Consultancy Shanghai Company Limited	Consulting industry	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

(4) Foreign Currency Transactions

The Group's consolidated financial statements are presented in NT\$, which is also the Company's functional currency. Each entity in the Group determines its own functional currency and items included in the financial statements of each entity are measured using that functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded by the Group's entities at their respective functional currency rates prevailing at the transaction date. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rate of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates as at the dates of the initial transactions.

All exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items or on translating monetary items are taken to profit or loss in the period in which they arise except for the following:

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- (a) Exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings for an acquisition of a qualifying asset to the extent that they are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs are included in the borrowing costs that are eligible for capitalization.
- (b) Foreign currency items within the scope of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* are accounted for based on the accounting policy for financial instruments.
- (c) Exchange differences arising on a monetary item that forms part of a reporting entity's net investment in a foreign operation is recognized initially in other comprehensive income and reclassified from equity to profit or loss on disposal of the net investment.

When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in other comprehensive income, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in other comprehensive income. When a gain or loss on a non-monetary item is recognized in profit or loss, any exchange component of that gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(5) Translation of financial statements in foreign currency

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into NT\$ at the closing rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their income and expenses are translated at an average rate for the period. The exchange differences arising from the translation are recognized in other comprehensive income. On the disposal of a foreign operation, the cumulative amount of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation, recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the separate component of equity, is reclassified from equity to profit or loss when the gain or loss on disposal is recognized. The following partial disposals are accounted for as disposals:

- (a) When the partial disposal involves the loss of control of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation; and
- (b) When the retained interest after the partial disposal of an interest in a joint arrangement or a partial disposal of an interest in an associate that includes a foreign operation is a financial asset that includes a foreign operation.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

On the partial disposal of a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation that does not result in a loss of control, the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is re-attributed to the non-controlling interests in that foreign operation. In partial disposal of an associate or joint arrangement that includes a foreign operation that does not result in a loss of significant influence or joint control, only the proportionate share of the cumulative amount of the exchange differences recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss.

Any goodwill and any fair value adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities arising on the acquisition of a foreign operation are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign operation and expressed in its functional currency.

(6) Current and non-current distinction

An asset is classified as current when:

- (a) The Group expects to realize the asset, or intends to sell or consume it, in its normal operating cycle.
- (b) The Group holds the asset primarily for the purpose of trading.
- (c) The Group expects to realize the asset within twelve months after the reporting period.
- (d) The asset is cash or cash equivalent unless the asset is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when:

- (a) The Group expects to settle the liability in its normal operating cycle.
- (b) The Group holds the liability primarily for the purpose of trading.
- (c) The liability is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.
- (d) The Group does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(7) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term, highly liquid time deposits (including ones that have maturity within 3 months) or investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(8) Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and financial liabilities within the scope of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* are recognized initially at fair value plus or minus, in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss, directly attributable transaction costs.

(a) Financial instruments: Recognition and Measurement

The Group accounts for regular way purchase or sales of financial assets on the trade date.

The Group classified financial assets as subsequently measured at amortized cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss considering both factors below:

- A. The Group's business model for managing the financial assets and
- B. The contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if both of the following conditions are met and presented as accounts receivable, financial assets measured at amortized cost and other receivables etc., on balance sheet as at the reporting date:

- A. The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- B. The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost (the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between the initial amount and the maturity amount and adjusted for any loss allowance) and is not part of a hedging relationship. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss when the financial asset is derecognized, through the amortization process or in order to recognize the impairment gains or losses.

Interest revenue is calculated by using the effective interest method. This is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for:

- A. purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset from initial recognition
- B. financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both of the following conditions are met:

- A. The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and
- B. The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Recognition of gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income are described as below:

- A. A gain or loss on a financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income recognized in other comprehensive income, except for impairment gains or losses and foreign exchange gains and losses, until the financial asset is derecognized or reclassified.
- B. When the financial asset is derecognized the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in other comprehensive income is reclassified from equity to profit or loss as a reclassification adjustment.
- C. Interest revenue is calculated by using the effective interest method. This is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for:
 - (i) purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the credit-adjusted effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset from initial recognition.
 - (ii) financial assets that are not purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets but subsequently have become credit-impaired financial assets. For those financial assets, the Group applies the effective interest rate to the amortized cost of the financial asset in subsequent reporting periods.

In addition, for certain equity investments within the scope of IFRS 9 that is neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which IFRS 3 applies, the Group made an irrevocable election to present the changes of the fair value in other comprehensive income at initial recognition. Amounts presented in other comprehensive income shall not be subsequently transferred to profit or loss (when disposal of such equity instrument, its cumulated amount included in other components of equity is transferred directly to the retained earnings) and these investments should be presented as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income on the balance sheet. Dividends on such investment are recognized in profit or loss unless the dividends clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of investment.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets were classified as measured at amortized cost or measured at fair value through other comprehensive income based on aforementioned criteria. All other financial assets were measured at fair value through profit or loss and presented on the balance sheet as financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Such financial assets are measured at fair value, the gains or losses resulting from remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss which includes any dividend or interest received on such financial assets.

(b) Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognizes a loss allowance for expected credit losses on debt instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income and financial asset measured at amortized cost. The loss allowance on debt instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income is recognized in other comprehensive income and not reduce the carrying amount in the statement of financial position.

The Group measures expected credit losses of a financial instrument in a way that reflects:

- A. an unbiased and probability-weighted amount that is determined by evaluating a range of possible outcomes;
- B. the time value of money;
- C. reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions.

The loss allowance is measured as follows:

- A. At an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses: The credit risk on a financial asset has not increased significantly since initial recognition or the financial asset is determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date. In addition, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses in the previous reporting period, but determines at the current reporting date that the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition is no longer met.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- B. At an amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses: The credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition or financial asset that is purchased or originated credit-impaired financial asset.
- C. For accounts receivable or contract assets arising from transactions within the scope of IFRS 15, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses.

At each reporting date, the Group needs to assess whether the credit risk on a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition by comparing the risk of a default occurring at the reporting date and the risk of default occurring at initial recognition. Please refer to Note 12 for further details on credit risk.

(c) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized when:

- A. The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired.
- B. The Group has transferred the asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset have been transferred.
- C. The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On derecognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received or receivable including any cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income, is recognized in profit or loss.

(d) Financial liabilities and equity

Classification between liabilities or equity

The Group classifies the instrument issued as a financial liability or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangement and the definitions of a financial liability, and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. The transaction costs of an equity transaction are accounted for as a deduction from equity (net of any related income tax benefit) to the extent they are incremental costs directly attributable to the equity transaction that otherwise would have been avoided.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities within the scope of IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* are classified as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss or financial liabilities measured at amortized cost upon initial recognition.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. A financial liability is classified as held for trading if:

- A. it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term;
- B. on initial recognition it is part of a portfolio of identified financial instruments that are managed together and for which there is evidence of a recent actual pattern of short-term profit-taking; or
- C. it is a derivative (except for a derivative that is a financial guarantee contract or a designated and effective hedging instrument).

If a contract contains one or more embedded derivatives, the entire hybrid (combined) contract may be designated as a financial liability at fair value through profit or loss; or a financial liability may be designated as at fair value through profit or loss when doing so results in more relevant information, because either:

- A. it eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency; or
- B. a group of financial assets, financial liabilities or both is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and information about the group is provided internally on that basis to the key management personnel.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Gains or losses on the subsequent measurement of liabilities at fair value through profit or loss including interest paid are recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include interest bearing loans and borrowings that are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate method after initial recognition. Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the effective interest rate method amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or transaction costs.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified (whether or not attributable to the financial difficulty of the debtor), such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognized in profit or loss.

(e) Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the balance sheet if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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(9) Derivative instrument

The Group uses derivative instruments to hedge its foreign currency risks. A derivative is classified in the balance sheet as financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (held for trading) except for derivatives that are designated effective hedging instruments which are classified as derivative financial assets or liabilities for hedging.

Derivative instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to profit or loss, except for the effective portion of cash flow hedges, which is recognized in equity.

When the host contracts are either non-financial assets or liabilities, derivatives embedded in host contracts are accounted for as separate derivatives and recorded at fair value if their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contracts and the host contracts are not designated at fair value through profit or loss.

(10) Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- (a) In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- (b) In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible to by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants in their economic best interest.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

(11) Inventories

Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value item by item.

Costs incurred in bringing each inventory to its present location and condition are accounted for as follows:

Raw materials – Purchase cost on a weighted average method.

Finished goods and work in progress – Cost of direct materials and labor and a proportion of manufacturing overheads based on normal operating capacity but excluding borrowing costs on weighted average method.

Merchandise – Purchase cost on weighted average method.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Rendering of services is accounted in accordance with IFRS 15 and not within the scope of inventories.

(12) Investments accounted for under the equity method

The Group's investment in its associate is accounted for using the equity method other than those that meet the criteria to be classified as held for sale. An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence. A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Under the equity method, the investment in the associate or an investment in a joint venture is carried in the balance sheet at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Group's share of net assets of the associate or joint venture. After the interest in the associate or joint venture is reduced to zero, additional losses are provided for, and a liability is recognized, only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate or joint venture. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate or joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the Group's related interest in the associate or joint venture.

When changes in the net assets of an associate occur and not those that are recognized in profit or loss or other comprehensive income and do not affect the Group's percentage of ownership interests in the associate, the Group recognizes such changes in equity based on its percentage of ownership interests. The resulting capital surplus recognized will be reclassified to profit or loss at the time of disposing the associate on a pro rata basis.

When the associate or joint venture issues new stock, and the Group's interest in an associate or a joint venture is reduced or increased as the Group fails to acquire shares newly issued in the associate or joint venture proportionately to its original ownership interest, the increase or decrease in the interest in the associate or joint venture is recognized in additional paid-in capital and investment accounted for using the equity method. When the interest in the associate or joint venture is reduced, the cumulative amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss or other appropriate items. The aforementioned capital surplus recognized is reclassified to profit or loss on a pro rata basis when the Group disposes the associate or joint venture.

The financial statements of the associate or joint venture are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. Where necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate or an investment in a joint venture is impaired in accordance with IAS 28 *Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures*. If this is the case the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate or joint venture and its carrying value and recognizes the amount in the 'share of profit or loss of an associate' in the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*. In determining the value in use of the investment, the Group estimates:

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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- (a) Its share of the present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by the associate, including the cash flows from the operations of the associate and the proceeds on the ultimate disposal of the investment; or
- (b) The present value of the estimated future cash flows expected to arise from dividends to be received from the investment and from its ultimate disposal.

Because goodwill that forms part of the carrying amount of an investment in an associate is not separately recognized, it is not tested for impairment separately by applying the requirements for impairment testing goodwill in IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets*.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate, the Group measures and recognizes any retaining investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate upon loss of significant influence and the fair value of the retaining investment and proceeds from disposal is recognized in profit or loss. Furthermore, if an investment in an associate becomes an investment in a joint venture or an investment in a joint venture becomes an investment in an associate, the entity continues to apply the equity method and does not remeasure the retained interest.

(13) Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes the cost of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located and borrowing costs for construction in progress if the recognition criteria are met. Each part of an item of property, plant and equipment with a cost that is significant in relation to the total cost of the item is depreciated separately. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced in intervals, the Group recognized such parts as individual assets with specific useful lives and depreciation, respectively. The carrying amount of those parts that are replaced is derecognized in accordance with the derecognition provisions of IAS 16. When a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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Depreciation is calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated economic lives of the following assets:

Items	Useful Lives
Buildings	5~55 years
Machinery and equipment	3~11 years
Transportation equipment	5~6 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	2~10 years
Other equipment	2~6 years

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognized is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is recognized in non-operating profit or loss.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

(14) Leases

On the date that contracts are established, the Group assesses whether the contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time, the Group assesses whether, throughout the period of use, has both of the following:

- (a) the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the identified asset; and
- (b) the right to direct the use of the identified asset.

For a contract that is, or contains, a lease, the Group accounts for each lease component within the contract as a lease separately from non-lease components of the contract. For a contract that contains a lease component and one or more additional lease or non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of the relative stand-alone price of the lease component and the aggregate stand-alone price of the non-lease components. The relative stand-alone price of lease and non-lease components shall be determined on the basis of the price the lessor, or a similar supplier, would charge the Group for that component, or a similar component, separately. If an observable stand-alone price is not readily available, the Group estimates the stand-alone price, maximising the use of observable information.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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Group as a lessee

Except for leases that meet and elect short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, the Group recognizes right-of-use asset and lease liability for all leases which the Group is the lessee of those lease contracts.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at that date. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate. At the commencement date, the lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following payments for the right to use the underlying asset during the lease term that are not paid at the commencement date:

- (a) Fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments), less any lease incentives receivable.
- (b) Variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date.
- (c) Amounts expected to be payable by the lessee under residual value guarantees.
- (d) The exercise price of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option.
- (e) Payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the lessee exercising an option to terminate the lease.

After the commencement date, the Group measures the lease liability on an amortised cost basis, which increases the carrying amount to reflect interest on the lease liability by using an effective interest method; and reduces the carrying amount to reflect the lease payments made.

At the commencement date, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost. The cost of the right-of-use asset comprises:

- (a) the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability;
- (b) any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received;
- (c) any initial direct costs incurred by the lessee; and
- (d) an estimate of costs to be incurred by the lessee in dismantling and removing the underlying asset, restoring the site on which it is located or restoring the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease.

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(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

For subsequent measurement of the right-of-use asset, the Group measures the right-of-use asset at cost less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. That is, the Group measures the right-of-use applying a cost model.

If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or if the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option, the Group depreciates the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the end of the useful life of the underlying asset. Otherwise, the Group depreciates the right-of-use asset from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

The Group applies IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* to determine whether the right-of-use asset is impaired and to account for any impairment loss identified.

Except for those leases that the Group accounted for as short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, the Group presents right-of-use assets and lease liabilities in the balance sheet and separately presents lease-related interest expense and depreciation charge in the statements of comprehensive income.

For short-term leases or leases of low-value assets, the Group elects to recognize the lease payments associated with those leases as an expense on either a straight-line basis over the lease term or another systematic basis.

Group as a lessor

At inception of a contract, the Group classifies each of its leases as either an operating lease or a finance lease. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. A lease is classified as an operating lease if it does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset. At the commencement date, the Group recognizes assets held under a finance lease in its balance sheet and present them as a receivable at an amount equal to the net investment in the lease.

For a contract that contains lease components and non-lease components, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract applying IFRS 15.

The Group recognizes lease payments from operating leases as rental income on either a straight-line basis or another systematic basis. Variable lease payments for operating leases that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as rental income when incurred.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(15) Intangible assets

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is its fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Internally generated intangible assets, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and expenditure is reflected in profit or loss for the year in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the useful economic life and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life is reviewed at least at the end of each financial year. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset is accounted for by changing the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Intangible assets with indefinite useful lives are not amortized, but are tested for impairment annually, either individually or at the cash-generating unit level. The assessment of indefinite life is reviewed annually to determine whether the indefinite life continues to be supportable. If not, the change in useful life from indefinite to finite is made on a prospective basis.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in profit or loss when the asset is derecognized.

A summary of the policies applied to the Group's intangible assets is as follows:

	<u>Trademarks</u>	<u>Computer software</u>
Useful lives	10~15 years	3~5 years
Amortization method used	Amortized on a straight-line basis	Amortized on a straight-line basis
Internally generated or acquired	Acquired	Acquired

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(16) Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at the end of each reporting period whether there is any indication that an asset in the scope of IAS 36 *Impairment of Assets* may be impaired. If any such indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's ("CGU") fair value less costs to sell and its value in use and is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount. A previously recognized impairment loss is reversed only if there has been an increase in the estimated service potential of an asset which in turn increases the recoverable amount. However, the reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

A cash generating unit, or groups of cash-generating units, to which goodwill has been allocated is tested for impairment annually at the same time, irrespective of whether there is any indication of impairment. If an impairment loss is to be recognized, it is first allocated to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the cash generating unit (group of units), then to the other assets of the unit (group of units) pro rata on the basis of the carrying amount of each asset in the unit (group of units). Impairment losses relating to goodwill cannot be reversed in future periods for any reason.

An impairment loss of continuing operations or a reversal of such impairment loss is recognized in profit or loss.

(17) Post-employment benefits

All regular employees of the Company is entitled to a pension plan that is managed by an independently administered pension fund committee. Fund assets are deposited under the committee's name in the specific bank account and hence, not associated with the Company. Therefore fund assets are not included in the Group's consolidated financial statements. Pension benefits for employees of the overseas subsidiaries and the branches are provided in accordance with the respective local regulations.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

For the defined contribution plan, the Company will make a monthly contribution of no less than 6% of the monthly wages of the employees subject to the plan. The Company recognizes expenses for the defined contribution plan in the period in which the contribution becomes due. Overseas subsidiaries and branches make contribution to the plan based on the requirements of local regulations.

Post-employment benefit plan that is classified as a defined benefit plan uses the Projected Unit Credit Method to measure its obligations and costs based on actuarial assumptions. Re-measurements, comprising of the effect of the actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling (excluding net interest) and the return on plan assets, excluding net interest, are recognized as other comprehensive income with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings in the period in which they occur. Past service costs are recognized in profit or loss on the earlier of:

- (a) the date of the plan amendment or curtailment, and
- (b) the date that the Group recognizes restructuring-related costs.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset, both as determined at the start of the annual reporting period, taking account of any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of contribution and benefit payment.

Pension cost for an interim period is calculated on a year-to-date basis by using the actuarially determined pension cost rate at the end of the prior financial year, adjusted and disclosed for significant market fluctuations since that time and for significant curtailments, settlements, or other significant one-off events.

(18) Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the Group has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probably that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Where the Group expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, the reimbursement is recognized as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects the risks specific to the liability. Where discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(19) Revenue recognition

The Group's revenue arising from contracts with customers are primarily related to sale of goods. The accounting policies are explained as follows:

Sale of goods

The Group manufactures and sells goods. Sales are recognized when control of the goods is transferred to the customer and the goods are delivered to the customers. The main product of the Group are faucets and plumbing products and revenue is recognized based on the consideration stated in the contract. For certain sales of goods transactions, they are usually accompanied by volume discounts (based on the accumulated total sales amount for a specified period). Therefore, revenue from these sales is recognized based on the price specified in the contract, net of the estimated volume discounts. So the Group estimates the discounts using the expected value method based on historical experiences. Revenue is only recognized to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur and when the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. During the period specified in the contract, refund liability is recognized for the expected volume discounts.

The Group provides its customer with a warranty with the purchase of the products. The warranty provides assurance that the product will operate as expected by the customers. The warranty is accounted in accordance with IAS 37.

The credit period of the Group's sale of goods is from 60 to 150 days. For most of the contracts, when the Group transfers the goods to customers and has a right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional, these contracts are recognized as account receivables. The Group usually collects the payments shortly after transfer of goods to customers; therefore, there is no significant financing component to the contract.

(20) Borrowing cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they occur. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(21) Government grants

Government grants are recognized where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received, and all attached conditions will be complied with. Where the grant relates to an asset, it is recognized as deferred income and released to income in equal amounts over the expected useful life of the related asset. When the grant relates to an expense item, it is recognized as income over the period necessary to match the grant on a systematic basis to the costs that it is intended to compensate.

(22) Share-based payment transactions

The cost of equity-settled transactions between the Group and its subsidiaries is recognized based on the fair value of the equity instruments granted. The fair value of the equity instruments is determined by using an appropriate pricing model.

The cost of equity-settled transactions is recognized, together with a corresponding increase in other capital reserves in equity, over the period in which the performance and/or service conditions are fulfilled. The cumulative expense recognized for equity-settled transactions at each reporting date until the vesting date reflects the extent to which the vesting period has expired and the Group's best estimate of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest. The income statement expense or credit for a period represents the movement in cumulative expense recognized as at the beginning and end of that period.

No expense is recognized for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for equity-settled transactions where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether or not the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance and/or service conditions are satisfied.

Where the terms of an equity-settled transaction award are modified, the minimum expense recognized is the expense as if the terms had not been modified, if the original terms of the award are met. An additional expense is recognized for any modification that increases the total fair value of the share-based payment transaction, or is otherwise beneficial to the employee as measured at the date of modification.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it vested on the date of cancellation, and any expense not yet recognized for the award is recognized immediately. This includes any award where non-vesting conditions within the control of either the entity or the employee are not met. However, if a new award is substituted for the cancelled award, and designated as a replacement award on the date that it is granted, the cancelled and new awards are treated as if they were a modification of the original award, as described in the previous paragraph.

The dilutive effect of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of diluted earnings per share.

(23) Income Tax

Income tax expense (income) is the aggregate amount included in the determination of profit or loss for the period in respect of current tax and deferred tax.

Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Current income tax relating to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity is recognized in other comprehensive income or equity and not in profit or loss.

The income tax for undistributed earnings is recognized as income tax expense in the subsequent year when the distribution proposal is approved at the shareholders' meeting.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences at the reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences, except:

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(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- (a) Where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of goodwill or of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss;
- (b) In respect of taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements, where the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized, except:

- (a) Where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- (b) In respect of deductible temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint arrangements, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. The measurement of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Group expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities. Deferred tax relating to items recognized outside profit or loss is recognized outside profit or loss. Deferred tax items are recognized in correlation to the underlying transaction either in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. Deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized accordingly.

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(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

Interim period income tax expense is accrued using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings, that is, the estimated average annual effective income tax rate applied to the pre-tax income of the interim period. The estimated average annual effective income tax rate only includes current income tax. The recognition and measurement of deferred tax follows annual financial reporting requirements in accordance with IAS 12. The Group recognizes the effect of change in tax rate for deferred taxes in full if the new tax rate is enacted by the end of the interim reporting period, by charging to profit or loss, other comprehensive income, or directly to equity.

(24) Business combinations and goodwill

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method. The consideration transferred, the identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed are measured at acquisition date fair value. For each business combination, the acquirer measures any non-controlling interest in the acquiree either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the acquiree's identifiable net assets. Acquisition-related costs are accounted for as expenses in the periods in which the costs are incurred and are classified under administrative expenses.

When the Group acquires a business, it assesses the assets and liabilities assumed for appropriate classification and designation in accordance with the contractual terms, economic circumstances and pertinent conditions as at the acquisition date. This includes the separation of embedded derivatives in host contracts by the acquiree.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the acquirer will be recognized at the acquisition-date fair value. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration, which is deemed to be an asset or liability, will be recognized in accordance with IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. However, if the contingent consideration is classified as equity, it should not be remeasured until it is finally settled within equity.

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Goodwill is initially measured as the amount of the excess of the aggregate of the consideration transferred and the non-controlling interest over the net fair value of the identifiable assets acquired and the liabilities assumed. If this aggregate is lower than the fair value of the net assets acquired, the difference is recognized in profit or loss.

After initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the Group's cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the acquiree are assigned to those units. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is so allocated represents the lowest level within the Group at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purpose and is not larger than an operating segment before aggregation.

Where goodwill forms part of a cash-generating unit and part of the operation within that unit is disposed of, the goodwill associated with the operation disposed of is included in the carrying amount of the operation. Goodwill disposed of in this circumstance is measured based on the relative recoverable amounts of the operation disposed of and the portion of the cash-generating unit retained.

5. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of the Group's consolidated financial statements require management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities, at the end of the reporting period. However, uncertainty about these assumption and estimate could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of the asset or liability affected in future periods.

(1) Estimates and assumptions

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below:

(a) Fair value of financial instruments

Where the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using valuation techniques including the income approach (for example the discounted cash flow model) or market approach. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of the financial instruments. Please refer to Note 12 for more details.

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(b) Impairment of goodwill

An impairment exists when the carrying value of an asset or cash generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The fair value less costs to sell calculation is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date less incremental costs that would be directly attributable to the disposal of the asset or cash generating unit. The value in use calculation is based on a discounted cash flow model.

The cash flows projections are derived from the budget for the next five years and do not include restructuring activities that the Group is not yet committed to or significant future investments that will enhance the asset's performance of the cash generating unit being tested. The recoverable amount is most sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted cash flow model as well as the expected future cash-inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes. The key assumptions used to determine the recoverable amount for the different cash generating units, including a sensitivity analysis, are further explained in Note 6.

(c) Pension benefits

The cost of post-employment benefit and the present value of the pension obligation under defined benefit pension plans are determined using actuarial valuations. Please refer to Note 6 for more details.

(d) Share-based payment transactions

The Group measures the cost of equity-settled transactions with employees by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. Estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions requires determining the most appropriate valuation model, which is dependent on the terms and conditions of the grant. This estimate also requires determining the most appropriate inputs to the valuation model including the expected life of the share option, volatility and dividend yield and making assumptions about them. The assumptions and models used for estimating fair value for share-based payment transactions are disclosed in Note 6.

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(e) Revenue recognition – estimation of sales returns and allowance

The Group estimates sales returns and allowance based on historical experience and other known factors at the time of sale, which reduces the operating revenue. In assessing the aforementioned sales returns and allowance, revenue is recognized to the extent it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognized will not occur. Please refer to Note 6 for more details.

(f) Income tax

Uncertainties exist with respect to the interpretation of complex tax regulations and the amount and timing of future taxable income. Given the wide range of international business relationships and the long-term nature and complexity of existing contractual agreements, differences arising between the actual results and the assumptions made, or future changes to such assumptions, could necessitate future adjustments to tax income and expense already recorded. The Group establishes provisions, based on reasonable estimates, for possible consequences of audits by the tax authorities of the respective countries in which it operates. The amount of such provisions is based on various factors, such as experience of previous tax audits and differing interpretations of tax regulations by the taxable entity and the responsible tax authority. Such differences of interpretation may arise on a wide variety of issues depending on the conditions prevailing in the respective Group company's domicile.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all carryforward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available or there are sufficient taxable temporary differences against which the unused tax losses, unused tax credits or deductible temporary differences can be utilized. The amount of deferred tax assets determined to be recognized is based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits and taxable temporary differences together with future tax planning strategies.

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(g) Accounts receivable—estimation of impairment loss

The Group estimates the impairment loss of accounts receivable at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. The credit loss is the present value of the difference between the contractual cash flows that are due under the contract (carrying amount) and the cash flows that expects to receive (evaluate forward looking information). However, as the impact from the discounting of short-term receivables is not material, the credit loss is measured by the undiscounted cash flows. Where the actual future cash flows are lower than expected, a material impairment loss may arise. Please refer to Note 6 for more details.

(h) Evaluation of inventories

Estimates of net realizable value of inventories take into consideration that inventories may be damaged, become wholly or partially obsolete, or their selling prices have declined. The estimates are based on the most reliable evidence available at the time the estimates are made. Please refer to Note 6 for more details.

6. CONTENTS OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTS

(1) Cash and cash equivalents

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Cash on hand	\$722	\$774	\$826
Demand deposits	1,490,450	1,607,501	2,006,975
Time deposits	703,059	673,022	621,281
Total	<u>\$2,194,231</u>	<u>\$2,281,297</u>	<u>\$2,629,082</u>

Cash and cash equivalents were not pledged.

(2) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss- Current

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss:			
Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	<u>\$6,575</u>	<u>\$10,973</u>	<u>\$3,440</u>

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Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss were not pledged.

Please refer to Note 12(8) for more details on forward foreign exchange contracts.

(3) Financial assets measured at amortized cost- Current

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Bank deposits-time deposit (longer than three months)	\$6,969	\$6,731	\$50,390
Bank deposits-time deposit-pledged	57,956	56,032	57,773
Bank deposits-reserve account	38,961	43,682	62,440
Subtotal (total carrying amount)	103,886	106,445	170,603
Less: loss allowance	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$103,886</u>	<u>\$106,445</u>	<u>\$170,603</u>

The Group classified certain financial assets as financial assets measured at amortized cost. Please refer to Note 8 for more details on financial assets measured at amortized cost under pledge. Please refer to Note 12 for more details on credit risk.

(4) Accounts receivable, net

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Accounts receivable	\$3,265,921	\$3,022,791	\$3,408,250
Less: allowance for sales discounts	(143,059)	(135,459)	(123,263)
Less: loss allowance	(1,693)	(8,037)	(16,991)
Total	<u>\$3,121,169</u>	<u>\$2,879,295</u>	<u>\$3,267,996</u>

Accounts receivable are generally on 60-150 day terms. The total carrying amount as at 31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021 were \$3,265,921, \$3,022,791 and \$3,408,250, respectively. Please refer to Note 6 (22) for more details on loss allowance of accounts receivable for the years ended 31 March 2022 and 2021. Please refer to Note 12 for more details on credit risk management.

Please refer to Note 8 for more details on accounts receivable under pledge.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(5) Inventories

(a) Details as follows:

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Raw materials	\$356,915	\$261,972	\$317,117
Supplies & parts	143,622	144,303	172,620
Work in progress	303,069	300,056	284,022
Finished goods	402,189	588,759	403,897
Merchandise	3,068,851	2,994,062	2,140,357
Total	<u>\$4,274,646</u>	<u>\$4,289,152</u>	<u>\$3,318,013</u>

(b) The cost of inventories recognized in expenses for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 were \$4,063,325 and \$3,739,947, respectively. The profit and loss related to cost of goods sold are as follows:

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2022	2021
Losses on obsolete inventory price decline	\$(7,369)	\$(10,926)
Scraps	(832)	(1,155)
Gains on physical inventory count	25	60
Net	<u>\$(8,176)</u>	<u>\$(12,021)</u>

Please refer to Note 8 for more details on inventories under pledge.

(6) Prepayments

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Prepayment for purchases	\$31,014	\$20,637	\$65,891
Offset against VAT	29,244	29,124	28,331
Other prepayments	122,153	125,795	155,033
Total	<u>\$182,411</u>	<u>\$175,556</u>	<u>\$249,255</u>

Prepayments were not pledged.

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(7) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - Non Current

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2022	31 Mar. 2021
Equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income - Non Current:			
Listed company stocks	\$35,340	\$36,480	\$42,900

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income were not pledged.

Please refer to Note 12 for more details on the credit risk of the equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The Group's dividend income related to equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2022	2021
Related to investments held at the end of the reporting period		
Dividends recognized during the period	\$1,320	\$-

(8) Investments accounted for using the equity method

The following table lists the investments accounted for using the equity method of the Group:

Investees	As at					
	31 Mar. 2022		31 Dec. 2021		31 Mar. 2021	
	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership	Carrying amount	Percentage of ownership
Investments in associates:						
Chengxinzhaoh (Zhangzhou) Hardware Co., Ltd.	\$20,397	49.00%	\$20,090	49.00%	\$20,748	49.00%
Arte En Bronce, S.A. DE C.V.	-	48.89%	-	48.89%	-	48.89%
Total	\$20,397		\$20,090		\$20,748	

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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After the interest in the associate - Arte En Bronce, S.A. DE C.V. was reduced to zero, additional losses were provided for, and a liability was recognized only to the extent that the Group has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. Unrealized gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Group's related interest in the associate.

The Group's investments in Chengxinzhao (Zhangzhou) Hardware Co., Ltd. and Arte En Bronce, S.A. DE C.V. are not individually material. The aggregate financial information based on Group's share of associates is as follows:

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2022	2021
(Loss) gain from continuing operations	\$(431)	\$518
Other comprehensive gain (loss)	738	(161)
Total comprehensive gain	\$307	\$357

The associates had no contingent liabilities or capital commitments as at 31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021, and did not provide any guarantee.

(9) Property, plant and equipment

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Owner occupied property, plant and equipment	\$2,448,667	\$2,419,829	\$2,552,852

(a) Owner occupied property, plant and equipment

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

	Buildings	Machinery and equipment	Transportation equipment	Office equipment	Other equipment	Construction in progress and equipment awaiting examination	Total
Cost:							
As at 1 Jan. 2022	\$826,747	\$3,081,890	\$50,746	\$312,336	\$651,477	\$44,995	\$4,968,191
Additions	2,435	407	1,390	10,035	1,606	21,955	37,828
Disposals	-	(1,963)	(5,883)	(731)	(5,611)	-	(14,188)
Transfers	2,899	(10,839)	-	(39)	21,585	(13,612)	(6)
Exchange differences	23,786	108,826	915	8,386	20,307	1,841	164,061
As at 31 Mar. 2022	<u>\$855,867</u>	<u>\$3,178,321</u>	<u>\$47,168</u>	<u>\$329,987</u>	<u>\$689,364</u>	<u>\$55,179</u>	<u>\$5,155,886</u>
As at 1 Jan. 2021	\$825,877	\$3,062,840	\$49,640	\$295,076	\$620,142	\$35,299	\$4,888,874
Additions	3,210	3,479	3,406	6,983	1,526	12,223	30,827
Disposals	-	(2,019)	-	(544)	(956)	-	(3,519)
Transfers	-	9,324	-	-	-	(9,277)	47
Exchange differences	(4,351)	(9,522)	(257)	(665)	(4,009)	(79)	(18,883)
As at 31 Mar. 2021	<u>\$824,736</u>	<u>\$3,064,102</u>	<u>\$52,789</u>	<u>\$300,850</u>	<u>\$616,703</u>	<u>\$38,166</u>	<u>\$4,897,346</u>
Depreciation and impairment:							
As at 1 Jan. 2022	\$584,089	\$1,193,027	\$44,257	\$248,012	\$478,977	\$-	\$2,548,362
Depreciation	8,030	44,359	743	6,420	16,573	-	76,125
Disposals	-	(1,914)	(5,883)	(728)	(5,562)	-	(14,087)
Transfers	-	(13,322)	-	(39)	13,361	-	-
Exchange differences	18,003	55,781	677	6,752	15,606	-	96,819
As at 31 Mar. 2022	<u>\$610,122</u>	<u>\$1,277,931</u>	<u>\$39,794</u>	<u>\$260,417</u>	<u>\$518,955</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$2,707,219</u>
As at 1 Jan. 2021	\$557,363	\$1,008,199	\$40,662	\$230,254	\$435,930	\$-	\$2,272,408
Depreciation	8,568	53,557	1,397	6,254	16,529	-	86,305
Disposals	-	(1,681)	-	(504)	(955)	-	(3,140)
Transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Exchange differences	(3,001)	(4,669)	(197)	(409)	(2,803)	-	(11,079)
As at 31 Mar. 2021	<u>\$562,930</u>	<u>\$1,055,406</u>	<u>\$41,862</u>	<u>\$235,595</u>	<u>\$448,701</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$2,344,494</u>
Net carrying amount:							
31 Mar. 2022	<u>\$245,745</u>	<u>\$1,900,390</u>	<u>\$7,374</u>	<u>\$69,570</u>	<u>\$170,409</u>	<u>\$55,179</u>	<u>\$2,448,667</u>
31 Dec. 2021	<u>\$242,658</u>	<u>\$1,888,863</u>	<u>\$6,489</u>	<u>\$64,324</u>	<u>\$172,500</u>	<u>\$44,995</u>	<u>\$2,419,829</u>
31 Mar. 2021	<u>\$261,806</u>	<u>\$2,008,696</u>	<u>\$10,927</u>	<u>\$65,255</u>	<u>\$168,002</u>	<u>\$38,166</u>	<u>\$2,552,852</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(b) The major components of the Group's buildings are main buildings, freight elevator, water and power supply, and are depreciated according to their useful life of 55, 16 and 11 years, respectively.

(c) Please refer to Note 8 for more details on property, plant and equipment under pledge as at 31 March 2022.

(d) There is no occurrence of capitalization of interest due to purchasing property, plant and equipment for the 3-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021.

(10) Intangible assets and goodwill

	Computer software	Trademarks	Goodwill	Total
Cost:				
As at 1 Jan. 2022	\$235,650	\$63,783	\$1,291,564	\$1,590,997
Addition-acquired separately	6,727	-	-	6,727
Disposal	-	(63,726)	-	(63,726)
Recategorization	420	-	-	420
Exchange differences	2,893	(57)	10,359	13,195
As at 31 Mar. 2022	<u>\$245,690</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$1,301,923</u>	<u>\$1,547,613</u>
As at 1 Jan. 2021	\$228,176	\$77,790	\$1,360,712	\$1,666,678
Addition-acquired separately	4,124	-	-	4,124
Disposal	(2,525)	-	-	(2,525)
Recategorization	(609)	-	-	(609)
Exchange differences	(1,272)	(172)	(3,307)	(4,751)
As at 31 Mar. 2021	<u>\$227,894</u>	<u>\$77,618</u>	<u>\$1,357,405</u>	<u>\$1,662,917</u>
Amortization and impairment:				
As at 1 Jan. 2022	\$206,427	\$62,664	\$607,990	\$877,081
Amortization	3,712	1,118	-	4,830
Disposal	-	(63,726)	-	(63,726)
Recategorization	420	-	-	420
Exchange differences	2,486	(56)	5,053	7,483
As at 31 Mar. 2022	<u>\$213,045</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$613,043</u>	<u>\$826,088</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

	Computer software	Trademarks	Goodwill	Total
As at 1 Jan. 2021	\$198,422	\$68,138	\$642,709	\$909,269
Amortization	3,778	1,478	-	5,256
Disposal	(2,525)	-	-	(2,525)
Exchange differences	(963)	(143)	(1,630)	(2,736)
As at 31 Mar. 2021	<u>\$198,712</u>	<u>\$69,473</u>	<u>\$641,079</u>	<u>\$909,264</u>
Net carrying amount:				
31 Mar. 2022	<u>\$32,645</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$688,880</u>	<u>\$721,525</u>
31 Dec. 2021	<u>\$29,223</u>	<u>\$1,119</u>	<u>\$683,574</u>	<u>\$713,916</u>
31 Mar. 2021	<u>\$29,182</u>	<u>\$8,145</u>	<u>\$716,326</u>	<u>\$753,653</u>

Amortization expense of intangible assets under the statement of comprehensive income:

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2022	2021
Operating costs	<u>\$82</u>	<u>\$268</u>
Operating expenses	<u>\$4,748</u>	<u>\$4,988</u>

(11) Impairment testing of goodwill

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired through business combinations have been allocated to two cash-generating units which are also reportable operating segments. Carrying amount of goodwill allocated to each cash-generating units are as follows:

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Goodwill			
- Channel unit	\$606,762	\$601,761	\$634,511
- Manufacturing unit	82,118	81,813	81,815
Total	<u>\$688,880</u>	<u>\$683,574</u>	<u>\$716,326</u>

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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Channel cash-generating unit

The recoverable amount of the channel unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections from financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. The projected cash flows have been updated to reflect the change in demand for products and services. The discount rate applied to cash flow projections were both 11.1% as at 31 December 2021 and 2020, and cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using both 0% growth rate as at 31 December 2021 and 2020, that was the same as the long-term average growth rate for the industry.

There have been no significant changes in the abovementioned discount rate projections made by the Company's management. As a result of this analysis, management did not identify any impairment for goodwill as at 31 March 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$606,762 and \$634,511, respectively, which is allocated to this cash-generating unit.

Manufacturing cash-generating unit

The recoverable amount of the manufacturing unit has been determined based on a value in use calculation using cash flow projections from financial budgets approved by management covering a five-year period. The projected cash flows have been updated to reflect the change in demand for products and services. The discount rate applied to cash flow projections were both 15.4% as at 31 December 2021 and 2020, and cash flows beyond the five-year period were extrapolated using both 0% growth rate as at 31 December 2021 and 2020, that does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for the industry.

There have been no significant changes in the abovementioned discount rate projections made by the Company's management. As a result of this analysis, management did not identify any impairment for goodwill as at 31 March 2022 and 2021 amounted to \$82,118 and \$81,815, respectively, which is allocated to this cash-generating unit.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Key assumptions used in value-in-use calculations

The calculation of value-in-use for both channel and manufacturing units are most sensitive to the following assumptions:

- (a) Gross margin
- (b) Discount rates; and
- (c) Growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period.

Gross margins – Gross margins are based on average values achieved in the one year preceding the start of the budget period. These exclude the possibility of margin increase over the budget period for anticipated efficiency improvements. The gross margins applied for the channel unit and the manufacturing unit remained the same.

Discount rates – Discount rates reflect the current market assessment of the risks specific to each cash generating unit (including the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted). The discount rate was estimated based on the weighted average cost of capital (WACC) for the Group, taking into account the particular situations of the Group and its operating segments. The WACC includes both the cost of liabilities and cost of equities. The cost of equities is derived from the expected returns of the Group's investors on capital, where the cost of liabilities is measured by the interest-bearing loans that the Group has obligation to settle. Specific risk relating to the operating segments is accounted for by considering the individual beta factor which is evaluated annually and based on publicly available market information.

Growth rate estimates – Rates are based on industry average growth rates or local industry research. For the reasons explained above, the long-term average growth rates used to extrapolate the budget for the channel unit and the manufacturing unit have been adjusted based on industry average growth rates.

Sensitivity to changes in assumptions

With regard to the assessment of value-in-use of the channel unit and the manufacturing unit, management believes that no reasonably possible change in any of the above key assumptions would cause the carrying value of the unit to materially exceed its recoverable amount.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The implications of the key assumptions for the recoverable amount are discussed below:

Raw materials price inflation – Management has considered the possibility of raw material price inflation. The Group used past actual raw material price movements as an indicator of future price movements. Management believes there is no raw materials price deviating from the budget for the 3-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, and therefore no further impairment may arise.

Growth rate assumptions – Management recognizes that the speed of technological change and the possibility of new entrants can have a significant impact on growth rate assumptions. The effect of new entrants is not expected to have an adverse impact on the forecasts included in the budget. The estimated long-term growth rate of channel unit, and manufacturing unit were 0%, 0%, and 0%, 0% for the years ended 31 December 2021 and 2020, respectively. Management deemed these growth rates reasonable after considering the long-term growth rate and the economic environment for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021. Therefore, no further impairment may result.

(12) Other non-current assets

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Prepayment for equipment	\$178,157	\$167,308	\$106,687
Others	933	1,134	1,734
Total	<u>\$179,090</u>	<u>\$168,442</u>	<u>\$108,421</u>

(13) Short-term loans

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Unsecured bank loans	\$2,167,958	\$1,938,769	\$1,135,000
Secured bank loans	173,188	220,352	280,578
Total	<u>\$2,341,146</u>	<u>\$2,159,121</u>	<u>\$1,415,578</u>
Interest Rates (%)	0.88%-2.95%	0.65%-2.45%	0.85%-2.30%

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The Group's unused short-term lines of credits amounted to \$2,041,734, \$1,879,889 and \$2,596,472 as at 31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021, respectively.

Please refer to Note 8 for further details on secured loans.

(14) Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss – current

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Held for trading:			
Derivatives not designated as hedging Instruments			
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$12,320	\$3,500	\$9,679

Please refer to Note 12(8) for more details on forward foreign exchange contracts.

(15) Other payables

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Accrued VAT payables	\$23,276	\$26,914	\$22,877
Output tax	133,947	160,152	212,696
Others	55,332	66,684	88,085
Total	\$212,555	\$253,750	\$323,658

(16) Accrued expenses

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Accrued payroll and bonus	\$230,656	\$300,581	\$235,805
Accrued sales discounts	331,452	432,707	286,073
Accrued freight	319,088	269,481	112,968
Others	361,730	341,080	317,516
Total	\$1,242,926	\$1,343,849	\$952,362

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(17) Long-term loans

(a) As at 31 Mar. 2022

Lenders	Type	As at 31 Mar. 2022	Maturity date and terms of repayment	Guarantee
CTBC Bank (Leading Bank of Syndicated Loan)	Syndicated bank loans	\$700,000	2018/07-2023/07 Interest is paid monthly; repayable annually starting from 2 years after the drawdown of the loan. The annual payment of each year is 100 million, 200 million, 300 million, and 400 million.	None
CTBC Bank (Leading Bank of Syndicated Loan)	Syndicated bank loans	350,000	2019/10-2023/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank	Credit	210,000	2022/03-2024/11 Interest is paid monthly.	None
KGI Bank	Credit	180,000	2021/09-2023/09 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Cathay United Bank	Credit	130,000	2021/06-2023/06 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Taishin International Bank	Credit	100,000	2021/09-2023/09 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Bank SinoPac	Credit	100,000	2021/09-2024/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
O-Bank	Credit	100,000	2021/09-2023/09 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Far East Bank	Credit	100,000	2022/01-2024/01 Interest is paid monthly.	None
The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd.	Credit	100,000	2021/07-2023/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Shin Kong Bank	Credit	100,000	2021/07-2023/03 Interest is paid monthly.	None
CTBC Bank	Credit	50,000	2021/12-2023/12 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Subtotal		<u>\$2,220,000</u>		
Less: current portion		<u>(400,000)</u>		
Total		<u>\$1,820,000</u>		
Interest rate		1.000%-1.797%		

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(b) As at 31 Dec. 2021

Lenders	Type	As at 31 Dec. 2021	Maturity date and terms of repayment	Guarantee
CTBC Bank (Leading Bank of Syndicated Loan)	Syndicated bank loans	\$700,000	2018/07-2023/07 Interest is paid monthly; repayable annually starting from 2 years after the drawdown of the loan. The annual payment of each year is 100 million, 200 million, 300 million, and 400 million.	None
CTBC Bank (Leading Bank of Syndicated Loan)	Syndicated bank loans	350,000	2019/10-2023/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Yuanta Bank	Credit	210,000	2020/06-2022/03 Interest is paid monthly.	None
KGI Bank	Credit	180,000	2021/09-2023/09 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Cathay United Bank	Credit	130,000	2021/06-2023/06 Interest is paid monthly.	None
The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd.	Credit	100,000	2021/07-2023/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Taishin International Bank	Credit	100,000	2021/09-2023/09 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Bank SinoPac	Credit	100,000	2021/09-2024/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
O-Bank	Credit	100,000	2021/09-2023/09 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Shin Kong Bank	Credit	100,000	2021/07-2023/03 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Far East Bank	Credit	100,000	2021/01-2023/01 Interest is paid monthly.	None
CTBC Bank	Credit	50,000	2021/12-2023/12 Interest is paid monthly.	None
HSBC UK BANK PLC	Credit	9,947	2019/09-2022/03 Interest is paid monthly. Payable quarterly after the grace period.	None
Subtotal		<u>\$2,229,947</u>		
Less: current portion		<u>(519,947)</u>		
Total		<u>\$1,710,000</u>		
Interest rate		0.950%-1.797%		

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(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(c) As at 31 Mar. 2021

Lenders	Type	As at 31 Mar. 2022	Maturity date and terms of repayment	Guarantee
CTBC Bank (Leading Bank of Syndicated Loan)	Syndicated bank loans	\$900,000	2018/07-2023/07 Interest is paid monthly; repayable annually starting from 2 years after the drawdown of the loan. The annual payment of each year is 100 million, 200 million, 300 million, and 400 million.	None
CTBC Bank (Leading Bank of Syndicated Loan)	Syndicated bank loans	350,000	2019/10-2023/07 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Yuanta Bank	Credit	210,000	2020/06-2022/03 Interest is paid monthly.	None
KGI Bank	Credit	180,000	2020/09-2022/09 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Cathay United Bank	Credit	130,000	2020/06-2022/04 Interest is paid monthly.	None
The Shanghai Commercial & Savings Bank, Ltd.	Credit	100,000	2019/06-2021/06 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Taishin International Bank	Credit	100,000	2020/11-2022/11 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Bank SinoPac	Credit	100,000	2020/04-2022/06 Interest is paid monthly.	None
O-Bank	Credit	100,000	2019/09-2021/06 Interest is paid monthly.	None
CTBC Bank	Credit	100,000	2020/04-2022/12 Interest is paid monthly.	None
HSBC UK BANK PLC	Credit	41,952	2019/09-2022/03 Interest is paid monthly. Payable quarterly after the grace period.	None
Shin Kong Bank	Credit	50,000	2020/07-2023/03 Interest is paid monthly.	None
Subtotal		\$2,361,952		
Less: current portion		(651,952)		
Total		\$1,710,000		
Interest rate				0.950%-1.797%

Please refer to Note 9(3) for further details on syndicated bank loans.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(18) Post-employment benefits

Defined contribution plan

The Company adopts a defined contribution plan in accordance with the Labor Pension Act of the R.O.C. Under the Labor Pension Act, the Group will make monthly contributions of no less than 6% of the employees' monthly wages to the employees' individual pension accounts. The Group has made monthly contributions of 6% of each individual employee's salaries or wages to employees' pension accounts.

Subsidiaries located in the People's Republic of China will contribute social welfare benefits based on a certain percentage of employees' salaries or wages to the employees' individual pension accounts.

Pension benefits for employees of overseas subsidiaries and branches are provided in accordance with the local regulations.

Expenses under the defined contribution plan for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 were \$44,642 and \$44,923, respectively.

Defined benefits plan

The Company and adopts a defined benefit plan in accordance with the Labor Standards Act of the R.O.C. The pension benefits are disbursed based on the units of service years and the average salaries in the last month of the service year. Two units per year are awarded for the first 15 years of services while one unit per year is awarded after the completion of the 15th year. The total units shall not exceed 45 units. The Company's 2019 pension fund deposited at the Bank of Taiwan has reached sufficient allocation and does not require further allocation based on the approval of the management department of processing zone. Before the end of each year, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries assess the balance in the designated labor pension fund. If the amount is inadequate to pay pensions calculated for workers retiring in the same year, the Company and its domestic subsidiaries will make up the difference in one appropriation before the end of March the following year.

Expenses under the defined benefits plan for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 were \$2,696 and \$3,401, respectively.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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(19) Equities

(a) Common stock

The Company's authorized capital was \$6,000,000 as at both 31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021, divided into 600,000,000 shares with par value of NT\$10 each. The paid-in capital amounted to \$3,581,640 with 358,163,962 shares issued. Each share has one voting right and a right to receive dividends.

(b) Capital surplus

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Additional paid-in capital	\$824,430	\$824,430	\$893,555
Share of changes in net assets of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	6,005	6,005	6,005
Premium from merger	1,895	1,895	1,895
Share-based payment transactions	48,420	45,665	39,731
Total	<u>\$880,750</u>	<u>\$877,995</u>	<u>\$941,186</u>

According to the Company Act, the capital reserve shall not be used except for making good the deficit of the company. When a company incurs no loss, it may distribute the capital reserves related to the income derived from the issuance of new shares at a premium or income from endowments received by the company. The distribution could be made in cash or in the form of dividend shares to its shareholders in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of them.

(c) Retained earnings and dividend policies

According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, current year's earnings, if any, shall be distributed in the following order:

- A. Payment of all taxes and dues.
- B. Offset prior years' operation losses.
- C. Set aside 10% of the remaining amount after deducting items (a) and (b) as legal reserve.
- D. Set aside or reverse special reserve in accordance with law and regulations.
- E. The distribution of the remaining portion, if any, will be recommended by the board of directors and resolved in the shareholders' meeting.

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The policy of dividend distribution should reflect factors such as the current and future development plan, investment environment, fund requirements and domestic and international competition; as well as the interest of the shareholders. At least 30% of the dividends must be distributed to shareholders annually. The Company seeks sustainable development based on capital expenditure, business expansion and financial planning. Earnings distribution can be made in the form of stock dividends or cash dividends. However, cash dividends must be greater than 60% of the current year bonus distributed to shareholders. The dividend distribution policy may depend on the company's business needs, reinvestment or merger and acquisition capital requirements, and major regulatory requirement changes. The board of directors shall submit a proposal to the shareholders meeting to adjust the cash dividend distribution ratio appropriately.

According to the Company Act, the Company needs to set aside amount to legal reserve unless where such legal reserve amounts to the total authorized capital. The legal reserve can be used to make good the deficit of the Company. When the Company incurs no loss, it may distribute the portion of legal serve which exceeds 25% of the paid-in capital by issuing new shares or by cash in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of the shareholders.

When the Company distributes distributable earnings, it shall set aside special reserve, an amount equal to “other net deductions from shareholders” equity for the current fiscal year. If the Company has already set aside special reserve according to the requirements for the adoption of IFRS, it shall set aside supplemental special reserve based on the difference between the amount already set aside and other net deductions from shareholders’ equity. For any subsequent reversal of other net deductions from shareholders’ equity, the amount reversed may be distributed from the special reserve.

The FSC on 31 March 2021 issued Order No. Financial –Supervisory –Securities –Corporate –1090150022, which sets out the following provisions for compliance. On a public company's first-time adoption of the TIFRS, for any unrealized revaluation gains and cumulative translation adjustments (gains) recorded to shareholders’ equity that the company elects to transfer to retained earnings by application of the exemption under IFRS 1, the company shall set aside an equal amount of special reserve. For any subsequent use, disposal or reclassification of related assets, the special reserve in the amount equal to the reversal may be released for earnings distribution.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The Company did not have any special reserve due from first-time adoption of the TIFRS.

Details of the 2021 and 2020 earnings distribution and dividends per share as approved and resolved by the board of directors' meeting and the shareholders' meeting on 11 April 2022 and 2 August 2021, respectively, are as follows:

	Appropriation of earnings		Dividend per share (NT\$)	
	2021	2020	2021	2020
Legal reserve	\$5,490	\$25,916		
Special reserve	49,510	124,726		
Common stock - cash dividend	-	109,956	\$-	\$0.307
Capital surplus - cash	-	69,126	\$-	\$0.193

Please refer to Note 6(24) for further details on employees' compensation and remuneration to directors and supervisors.

(20) Share-based payment plans

- (a) On 10 August 2020, the Company was authorized by the Financial Supervisory Commission Republic of China (Taiwan), Executive Yuan, to issue non-compensatory employee share options with a total number of 10,200 units. Each unit entitles an optionee to subscribe for 1,000 shares of the Company's common shares. Settlement upon the exercise of the options will be made through the issuance of new shares. The exercise price of the option was set at the closing price of the Company's common share on the grant date. The optionee may exercise 50% or 100% of the options starting two years and three years, respectively, from the grant date by the plan. The contractual term of each option granted is five years. If there are changes in the common shares of the Company, the exercise price of share options will be recalculated and adjusted in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of the optionee.

The contractual term of each option granted is five years. There are no cash settlement alternatives. The Group does not have a past practice of cash settlement for these employee share options.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

As at 31 March 2022, the Company has not cancelled or modified the share-based payment plan proposed for employees. The relevant details of the aforementioned share-based payment plan are as follows:

Date of grant	Total number of share options granted (unit)	Total number of share options outstanding (unit)	Shares to be subscribed (unit)	Exercise price of share options (NT\$)
10 Aug. 2020	10,200	7,900	-	\$12.40

- a. The following table contains further details on the aforementioned share-based payment plan for the 3-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021:

	3-month periods ended 31 March			
	2022		2021	
	Number of share options outstanding (unit)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)	Number of share options outstanding (unit)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)
Outstanding at beginning of period	8,250	\$12.40	10,200	\$12.75
Converted	-	-	-	-
Forfeited	(350)	12.40	(500)	12.75
Outstanding at end of period	<u>7,900</u>	<u>\$12.40</u>	<u>9,700</u>	<u>\$12.75</u>
Weighted average fair value of share options (NT\$)	<u>\$3.1</u>		<u>\$3.1</u>	

- b. The following table contains further details on the aforementioned share-based payment plan as at 31 March 2022:

Share options	Range of exercise price (NT\$)	Share options outstanding			Share options exercisable		
		Number (unit)	Maturity date	Weighted average remaining contractual life (Years)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)	Number (unit)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)
2020/8/10 Share options plan - 10,200 units issued	\$12.40	7,900	2025/8/9	3.36	\$12.40	-	\$12.40

Note: If there are changes in the common shares of the Company (such as capital increase by cash or capitalization of retained earnings), the exercise price of share options will be adjusted according to the employee share options plan.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The compensation cost is accounted for under the fair value method. The fair value of the share options is estimated at the grant date using a Black-Scholes model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share options were granted. The Company recognized compensation expense of \$2,245 and \$2,519 in the three-months periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, respectively. The following table lists the inputs to the model used for the plan:

For the 10,200 units issued:

	<u>Share-based payment plan</u>
Dividend yield (%)	0%
Expected volatility (%)	28.51%
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.31%
Expected option life (Years)	5 years

- (a) On 14 February 2022, the Company was authorized by the Financial Supervisory Commission Republic of China (Taiwan), Executive Yuan, to issue non-compensatory employee share options with a total number of 2,100 units. Each unit entitles an optionee to subscribe for 1,000 shares of the Company's common shares. Settlement upon the exercise of the options will be made through the issuance of new shares. The exercise price of the option was set at the closing price of the Company's common share on the grant date. The optionee may exercise 50% and 100% of the options starting two years and three years, respectively, from the grant date by the plan. The contractual term of each option granted is five years. If there are changes in the common shares of the Company, the exercise price of share options will be recalculated and adjusted in proportion to the number of shares being held by each of the optionee.

The contractual term of each option granted is five years. There are no cash settlement alternatives. The Group does not have a past practice of cash settlement for these employee share options.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

As at 31 March 2022, the Company has not cancelled or modified the share-based payment plan proposed for employees. The relevant details of the aforementioned share-based payment plan are as follows:

Date of grant	Total number of share options granted (unit)	Total number of share options outstanding (unit)	Shares to be subscribed (unit)	Exercise price of share options (NT\$)
14 Feb. 2022	2,100	2,100	-	\$14.70

A. The following table contains further details on the aforementioned share-based payment plan for the 3-month period ended 31 March 2022:

	3-month period ended 31 March 2022	
	Number of share options outstanding (unit)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)
Outstanding at beginning of period	-	\$-
Additions	2,100	14.70
Converted	-	-
Forfeited	-	-
Outstanding at end of period	<u>2,100</u>	\$14.70
Weighted average fair value of share options (NT\$)	<u>\$3.5</u>	

B. The following table contains further details on the aforementioned share-based payment plan as at 31 March 2022:

Share options	Share options outstanding				Share options exercisable		
	Range of exercise price (NT\$)	Number (unit)	Maturity date	Weighted average remaining contractual life (Years)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)	Number (unit)	Weighted average exercise price of share options (NT\$)
2022/2/14 Share options plan - 2,100 units issued	\$14.70	2,100	2027/2/13	4.83	\$14.70	-	\$14.70

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Note: If there are changes in the common shares of the Company (such as capital increase by cash or capitalization of retained earnings), the exercise price of share options will be adjusted according to the employee share options plan.

The compensation cost is accounted for under the fair value method. The fair value of the share options is estimated at the grant date using a Black-Scholes model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share options were granted. The Company recognized compensation expense for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022 in the amount of \$510. The following table lists the inputs to the model used for the plan:

For the 2,100 units issued:

	<u>Share-based payment plan</u>
Dividend yield (%)	0%
Expected volatility (%)	25.71%
Risk-free interest rate (%)	0.64%
Expected option life (Years)	5 years

(21) Operating revenue

	<u>3-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Revenue from contracts with customers		
Sale of goods	\$5,688,512	\$5,398,410
Less: sales returns and allowance	(466,858)	(396,317)
Total	<u>\$5,221,654</u>	<u>\$5,002,093</u>

Analysis of revenue from contracts with customers during the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

(a) Disaggregation of revenue

2022.1.1~2022.3.31

	<u>Taiwan Segment</u>	<u>China Segment</u>	<u>America Segment</u>	<u>Europe Segment</u>	<u>Total</u>
Sale of goods	<u>\$474,685</u>	<u>\$11,562</u>	<u>\$2,736,131</u>	<u>\$1,999,276</u>	<u>\$5,221,654</u>
Timing of revenue recognition					
At a point in time	<u>\$474,685</u>	<u>\$11,562</u>	<u>\$2,736,131</u>	<u>\$1,999,276</u>	<u>\$5,221,654</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

2021.1.1~2021.3.31

	Taiwan Segment	China Segment	America Segment	Europe Segment	Total
Sale of goods	<u>\$664,400</u>	<u>\$38,862</u>	<u>\$2,343,836</u>	<u>\$1,954,995</u>	<u>\$5,002,093</u>
Timing of revenue recognition					
At a point in time	<u>\$664,400</u>	<u>\$38,862</u>	<u>\$2,343,836</u>	<u>\$1,954,995</u>	<u>\$5,002,093</u>

(b) Contract balances

Contract liabilities - current

	2022.3.31	2021.12.31	2021.3.31	2021.1.1
Sales of goods	<u>\$2,423</u>	<u>\$2,806</u>	<u>\$2,774</u>	<u>\$5,158</u>

The significant changes in the Group's balances of contract liabilities for the 3-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2022	2021
The opening balance	\$(2,573)	\$(4,892)
transferred to revenue		
Increase in receipts in advance	2,188	2,482
during the period (excluding		
the amount incurred and		
transferred to revenue during		
the period)		
Exchange differences	2	26

(22) Expected credit losses

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2022	2021
Operating expenses – Expected credit losses		
Accounts receivable	<u>\$2,225</u>	<u>\$4,275</u>

Please refer to Note 12 for more details on credit risk.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The Group measures the loss allowance of its accounts receivable at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. The assessment of the Group's loss allowance as at 31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021 is as follows:

(1) The Group considers the grouping of accounts receivable by counterparties' credit rating, by geographical region and by industry sector and its loss allowance is measured by using a provision matrix, details are as follows:

2022.3.31

	Not yet due	Overdue				Total
		1-90 days	91-180 days	181-365 days	Upon 366 days	
Gross carrying amount	\$2,803,689	\$263,520	\$18,114	\$8,248	\$29,291	\$3,122,862
Loss ratio	-%	-%	-%	1.73%	5.29%	
Lifetime Expected credit losses	-	-	-	(143)	(1,550)	(1,693)
Carrying amount	<u>\$2,803,689</u>	<u>\$263,520</u>	<u>\$18,114</u>	<u>\$8,105</u>	<u>\$27,741</u>	<u>\$3,121,169</u>

2021.12.31

	Not yet due	Overdue				Total
		1-90 days	91-180 days	181-365 days	Upon 366 days	
Gross carrying amount	\$2,442,323	\$369,450	\$22,090	\$10,380	\$43,089	\$2,887,332
Loss ratio	-%	-%	0.44%	2.48%	17.83%	
Lifetime Expected credit losses	-	-	(98)	(257)	(7,682)	(8,037)
Carrying amount	<u>\$2,442,323</u>	<u>\$369,450</u>	<u>\$21,992</u>	<u>\$10,123</u>	<u>\$35,407</u>	<u>\$2,879,295</u>

2021.3.31

	Not yet due	Overdue				Total
		1-90 days	91-180 days	181-365 days	Upon 366 days	
Gross carrying amount	\$2,913,079	\$329,042	\$34,739	\$1,110	\$7,017	\$3,284,987
Loss ratio	0.03%	1.57%	9.36%	57.84%	100.00%	
Lifetime Expected credit losses	(922)	(5,160)	(3,250)	(642)	(7,017)	(16,991)
Carrying amount	<u>\$2,912,157</u>	<u>\$323,882</u>	<u>\$31,489</u>	<u>\$468</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$3,267,996</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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- (2) The movement in the provision for impairment of accounts receivable during the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	Accounts receivable
Beginning balance at 2022.1.1	\$8,037
Addition for the current period	2,225
Write off	(8,723)
Exchange differences	154
Ending balance at 2022.3.31	<u>\$1,693</u>

	Account receivables
Beginning balance at 2021.1.1	\$13,321
Addition for the current period	4,275
Write off	(367)
Exchange differences	(238)
Ending balance at 2021.3.31	<u>\$16,991</u>

(23) Leases

(1) Group as a lessee

The Group leases various properties, including real estate such as land and buildings, machinery and equipment, transportation equipment, office equipment and other equipment. The lease terms range from 2 to 47 years. There are no restrictions placed upon the Group by entering into these leases.

The Group's leases effect on the financial position, financial performance and cash flows are as follows:

- A. Amounts recognized in the balance sheet
- a. Right-of-use assets

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The carrying amount of right-of-use assets

	2022.3.31	2021.12.31	2021.3.31
Land	\$61,467	\$59,968	\$61,951
Buildings	1,971,002	1,915,782	1,872,922
Machinery and equipment	47,418	52,149	54,457
Transportation equipment	126,118	76,875	63,056
Other equipment	9,681	12,667	35,773
Total	<u>\$2,215,686</u>	<u>\$2,117,441</u>	<u>\$2,088,159</u>

During the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, the Group's additions to right-of-use assets amounted to \$161,111 and \$289,419, respectively.

b. Lease liabilities

	2022.3.31	2021.12.31	2021.3.31
Lease liabilities	<u>\$2,365,045</u>	<u>\$2,237,354</u>	<u>\$2,192,615</u>
Current	<u>\$294,999</u>	<u>\$248,831</u>	<u>\$257,542</u>
Non-current	<u>\$2,070,046</u>	<u>\$1,988,523</u>	<u>\$1,935,073</u>

Please refer to Note 6(25)(c) for the interest on lease liabilities recognized during the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, and refer to Note 12(5) Liquidity Risk Management for the maturity analysis for lease liabilities as at 31 March 2022.

B. Amounts recognized in the statement of profit or loss

Depreciation charge for right-of-use assets

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2022	2021
Land	\$664	\$663
Buildings	70,034	63,391
Machinery and equipment	6,037	5,208
Transportation equipment	12,578	7,254
Other equipment	4,060	9,673
Total	<u>\$93,373</u>	<u>\$86,189</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

C. Income and costs relating to leasing activities

	<u>3-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
The expenses relating to short-term leases	\$4,967	\$13,821
The expenses relating to leases of low-value assets (Not including the expenses relating to short-term leases of low-value assets)	800	91
The expenses relating to variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities	1,804	1,732
Total	<u>\$7,571</u>	<u>\$15,644</u>

D. Cash outflow relating to leasing activities

During the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, the Group's total cash outflows for leases amounted to NT\$107,856 and NT\$103,644, respectively.

E. Other information relating to leasing activities

(i) Variable lease payments

Some of the Group's warehouse rental agreements contain variable payment terms that are linked to daily usage of pallets in warehouses, which is common in the industry of the Group. As such variable lease payments do not meet the definition of lease payments, those payments are not included in the measurement of the assets and liabilities.

(ii) Extension and termination options

Some of the Group's property rental agreement contain extension and termination options. In determining the lease terms, the non-cancellable period for which the Group has the right to use an underlying asset, together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise that option and periods covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Group is reasonably certain not to exercise that option.

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These options are used to maximize operational flexibility in terms of managing contracts. The majority of extension and termination options held are exercisable only by the Group.

After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term upon the occurrence of a significant event or a significant change in circumstances that is within the control of the lessee and affects whether the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an option not previously included in its determination of the lease term, or not to exercise an option previously included in its determination of the lease term.

(24) Summary statement of employee benefits, depreciation and amortization expenses by function for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021:

Nature	Function	3-month periods ended 31 March					
		2022			2021		
		Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total	Operating costs	Operating expenses	Total
Employee benefits expense							
Salaries		\$343,937	\$430,976	\$774,913	\$362,272	\$451,118	\$813,390
Labor and health insurance		4,143	34,004	38,147	4,604	36,231	40,835
Pension		27,145	20,193	47,338	30,080	18,244	48,324
Other employee benefits expense		15,851	7,193	23,044	14,979	6,955	21,934
Depreciation		76,025	93,473	169,498	85,276	87,218	172,494
Amortization		82	4,748	4,830	268	4,988	5,256

According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, when there is profit in current year, the Company shall set no less than 2% as employees' compensation and no higher than 2% as directors' remuneration. However, profit should be used to offset against any accumulated deficit prior to the aforementioned compensation and remuneration. The Company may, by a resolution adopted by a majority vote at a meeting of board of directors attended by two-thirds of the total number of directors, have the profit distributable as employees' compensation in the form of shares or cash. Such distribution shall be reported at the shareholders' meeting. Information on the board of directors' resolution regarding the employees' compensation and directors' remuneration can be obtained from the "Market Observation Post System" on the website of the TWSE.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

The Company experienced a loss for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022, hence no employees' compensation and remuneration to directors and supervisors have been estimated. The Company had a low profitability for the three-month period ended 31 March 2021, hence no employees' bonus and remuneration to directors and supervisors have been estimated.

A resolution was passed at a board meeting held on 8 March 2022 to distribute \$1,897 and \$0 in cash as 2021 employees' compensation and remuneration to directors and supervisors, respectively. No material differences existed between the estimated amount and the actual distribution of the employee compensation and remuneration to directors for the year ended 31 December 2021.

A resolution was passed at a board meeting held on 11 March 2021 to distribute \$13,215 and \$0 in cash as 2020 employees' compensation and remuneration to directors and supervisors, respectively. The difference of \$(319) between the actual employee bonuses and the estimated amount of \$13,534 was recognized as an adjustment to current income in 2021.

(25) Non-operating income and expenses

(a) Other income

	<u>3-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Interest income		
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	\$8,373	\$5,369
Dividends income	1,320	-
Others	14,146	29,596
Total	<u>\$23,839</u>	<u>\$34,965</u>

(b) Other gains and losses

	<u>3-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Gains (losses) on disposal of property, plant and equipment	\$242	\$(198)
Foreign exchange losses, net	(2,039)	(4,527)
Gains on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	10,233	18,343
Gains on change in leases	320	4,549
Others	(2,286)	(5,188)
Total	<u>\$6,470</u>	<u>\$12,979</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
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(c) Finance costs

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2022	2022
Interest on loans from bank	\$14,161	\$13,471
Interest on lease liabilities	31,785	29,953
Total	\$45,946	\$43,424

(26) Components of other comprehensive income

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2022:

	Arising during the period	Reclassification adjustments during the period	Other comprehensive income, before tax	Income tax effect	Other comprehensive income, net of tax
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Unrealized gains (losses) from equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$(1,140)	\$-	\$(1,140)	\$-	\$(1,140)
To be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	289,319	-	289,319	-	289,319
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	738	-	738	-	738
Total of other comprehensive income	\$288,917	\$-	\$288,917	\$-	\$288,917

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
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For the three-month period ended 31 March 2021:

	Arising during the period	Reclassification adjustments during the period	Other comprehensive income, before tax	Income tax effect	Other comprehensive income, net of tax
Not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Unrealized gains (losses) from equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$3,900	\$-	\$3,900	\$-	\$3,900
To be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:					
Exchange differences resulting from translating the financial statements of a foreign operation	(42,781)	-	(42,781)	-	(42,781)
Share of other comprehensive income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	(161)	-	(161)	-	(161)
Total of other comprehensive loss	<u>\$ (39,042)</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$ (39,042)</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$ (39,042)</u>

(27) Income tax

The major components of income tax expense are as follows:

(a) Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss

	<u>3-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Current income tax expense:		
Current income tax charge	\$5,410	\$42,822
Deferred tax expense (income):		
Deferred tax expense (income) relating to origination and reversal of temporary differences	619	21,216
Total income tax expense	<u>\$6,029</u>	<u>\$64,038</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(b) Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income

	<u>3-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Deferred tax expense (income):		
Remeasurements of defined benefit plans	\$-	\$-
Income tax relating to components of other comprehensive income	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>

(c) The assessment of income tax returns

As at 31 March 2022, the assessment of the income tax returns of the Company is as follows:

	<u>The assessment of income tax returns</u>
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	<u>Assessed and approved up to 2019</u>

As at 31 March 2022, all foreign subsidiaries governed by foreign tax authorities have filed income tax returns up to 2020.

(28) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing net profit for the year attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent entity by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the parent entity by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

	<u>3-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
(a) Basic (losses) earnings per share		
(Loss) profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company	<u>\$(61,363)</u>	<u>\$55,499</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for basic (losses) earnings per share (in thousands)	<u>358,164</u>	<u>358,164</u>
Basic (losses) earnings per share (NT\$)	<u>\$(0.17)</u>	<u>\$0.15</u>

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

	<u>3-month periods ended 31 March</u>	
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
(b) Diluted (losses) earnings per share		
(Loss) profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company	\$(61,363)	\$55,499
(Loss) profit attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company after dilution (in thousand NT\$)	<u>\$(61,363)</u>	<u>\$55,499</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for basic (losses) earnings per share (in thousands)	358,164	358,164
Employee compensation – stock (in thousands) (Note)	-	158
Employee stock options (in thousands) (Note)	<u>-</u>	<u>466</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after dilution (in thousands)	<u>358,164</u>	<u>358,788</u>
Diluted (losses) earnings per share (NT\$)	<u><u>\$(0.17)</u></u>	<u><u>\$0.15</u></u>

(Note) It was not included in the calculation because of the antidilutive effect.

There have been no other transactions that might impact the ordinary shares or potential ordinary shares between the reporting date and the date the financial statements were completed.

7. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Information of the related parties that had transactions with the Group during the financial reporting period is as follows:

Name and nature of relationship of the related parties

<u>Name of the related parties</u>	<u>Nature of relationship of the related parties</u>
Chengxinzhao (Zhangzhou) Hardware Co., Ltd.	Associate

(a) Other receivables – related parties (recorded under other current assets)

	<u>As at</u>		
	<u>31 Mar. 2022</u>	<u>31 Dec. 2021</u>	<u>31 Mar. 2021</u>
Chengxinzhao (Zhangzhou) Hardware Co., Ltd.	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$1,692</u>

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(b) Key management personnel compensation

	3-month periods ended 31 March	
	2022	2021
Short-term employee benefits	\$52,509	\$43,930
Post-employment benefits	6,019	7,207
Termination benefits	-	784
Share-based payment	2,557	2,122
Total	<u>\$61,085</u>	<u>\$54,043</u>

8. ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITY

The following table lists assets of the Group pledged as security:

Assets pledged for security	Carrying amount as at			Secured liabilities
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021	
Inventory	\$1,169,011	\$1,109,888	\$1,133,169	Secured for other non-current liabilities and loans
Machinery	1,135,696	1,127,481	1,253,720	Secured for other non-current liabilities
Accounts receivable	869,199	746,483	1,005,714	Secured for loans
Financial assets measured at amortized cost, current	96,917	99,714	120,213	Secured for loans
Other equipment	44,439	44,857	50,768	Secured for loans
Buildings	35,649	35,126	37,230	Secured for loans
Office equipment	25,899	24,395	25,296	Secured for other non-current liabilities and loans
Transportation equipment	997	551	3,964	Secured for loans
Total	<u>\$3,377,807</u>	<u>\$3,188,495</u>	<u>\$3,630,074</u>	

9. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES AND UNRECOGNIZED CONTRACT COMMITMENTS

- (1) On 1 October 2013, the Company has entered into a land lease agreement with the Taichung Branch of the Export Processing Zone Administration. The lease term is ten years, starting from 1 October 2013 to 30 September 2023. The rent is adjusted based on the land price, and the current monthly rent is \$64.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- (2) The Company and its subsidiaries provided endorsement/guarantee to related parties. Please refer to Note 13(1) (b) for more details.
- (3) In June 2018, the Company has entered into a syndicated loan agreement with CTBC Bank and ten other lending institutions of syndicated credits, such as O-Bank, E.SUN Commercial Bank, and Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank. The agreement contains the following restrictive covenants:
 - (a) The current ratio shall not be lower than 100%.
 - (b) The liability ratio shall not be higher than 180%.
 - (c) The interest coverage ratio shall not be lower than 2.
- (4) As of 31 March 2022, the Group's unrecognized commitment of acquisition of property, plant and equipment amounted to \$163,371.

10. SIGNIFICANT DISASTER LOSS

None.

11. SIGNIFICANT SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

1. The subsidiary of the Company, GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V., passed a resolution of the board of directors on 22 April 2022 to conduct capital reduction to make up for losses. The amount of capital reduction was \$572,114 (Peso \$396,750,000), and the share capital after the capital reduction was \$982,885 (Peso \$681,612,000). As of the financial report date, the change registration process is still ongoing.
2. On 21 April 2022, the Company has entered into a syndicated loan agreement with E.SUN Commercial Bank and eleven other lending institutions of syndicated credits. The Company obtained a line of credit amounted to \$2,000,000 to repay the loan and enrich the working capital of the Group's business.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

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12. OTHERS

(1) Categories of financial instruments

Financial assets

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:			
Mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss	\$6,575	\$10,973	\$3,440
Financial assets measured at amortized cost (Note)	5,418,564	5,266,263	6,066,855
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	35,340	36,480	42,900

Financial liabilities

	As at		
	31 Mar. 2022	31 Dec. 2021	31 Mar. 2021
Financial liabilities at amortized cost:			
Short-term borrowings	\$2,341,146	\$2,159,121	\$1,415,578
Notes and accounts payable	2,054,315	2,236,008	2,493,129
Long-term loans (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)	2,220,000	2,229,947	2,361,952
Other payables	212,555	253,750	323,658
Accrued expenses	1,242,926	1,343,849	952,362
Leases liabilities (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)	2,365,045	2,237,354	2,192,615
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:			
Held for trading	12,320	3,500	9,679

Note: Including cash and cash equivalents (excluding cash on hand), financial assets measured at amortized cost and accounts receivable.

(2) Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial risk management objective is to manage the market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk related to its operating activities. The Group identifies measures and manages the aforementioned risks based on the Group's policy and risk appetite.

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The Group has established appropriate policies, procedures and internal controls for financial risk management. Before entering into significant transactions, due approval process by the Board of Directors and Audit Committee must be carried out based on related protocols and internal control procedures. The Group complies with its financial risk management policies at all times.

(3) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the changes in market prices. Market prices comprise currency risk and interest rate risk, and other price risk (such as equity risk).

In practice, it is rarely the case that a single risk variable will change independently from other risk variable, there is usually interdependencies between risk variables. However, the sensitivity analysis disclosed below does not take into account the interdependencies between risk variables.

a. Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Group's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a different currency from the Group's functional currency) and the Group's net investments in foreign subsidiaries.

The Group has certain foreign currency receivables to be denominated in the same foreign currency with certain foreign currency payables, therefore natural hedge is received. The Group also uses forward contracts to hedge the foreign currency risk on certain items denominated in foreign currencies. Hedge accounting is not applied as they did not qualify for hedge accounting criteria. Furthermore, as net investments in foreign subsidiaries are for strategic purposes, they are not hedged by the Group.

The foreign currency sensitivity analysis of the possible change in foreign exchange rates on the Group's profit is performed on significant monetary items denominated in foreign currencies as at the end of the reporting period. The Group's foreign currency risk is mainly related to the volatility in the exchange rates for USD and CNY. The information of the sensitivity analyses as follows:

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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(i) When NTD strengthens against USD by 1%:

	Increase (decrease) in equity	Decrease (increase) in profit or loss
Three-month period ended 31 March 2022	\$-	\$11,511
Three-month period ended 31 March 2021	\$-	\$15,103

(ii) When NTD strengthens against CNY by 1%:

	Increase (decrease) in equity	Decrease (increase) in profit or loss
Three-month period ended 31 March 2022	\$-	\$5,267
Three-month period ended 31 March 2021	\$-	\$3,397

For depreciating NTD against the relevant currencies when all the other factors remain the same, there would be a comparable impact on the pre-tax profit or equity, and the balances above would be negative.

b. Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to the Group's bank borrowings with fixed interest rates and variable interest rates.

The interest rate sensitivity analysis is performed on items exposed to interest rate risk as at the end of the reporting period, including investments and borrowings with variable interest rates. At the reporting date, a change of 10 basis points of interest rate in a reporting period could cause the profit for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 to decrease/increase by \$4,561 and \$3,778, respectively.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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c. Equity price risk

The fair value of the Group's listed equity securities is susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future values of the investment securities. The Group's listed equity securities are classified under fair value through other comprehensive income. The Group manages the equity price risk through diversification and placing limits on individual and total equity instruments. Reports on the equity portfolio are submitted to the Group's senior management on a regular basis. The Group's Board of Directors reviews and approves all equity investment decisions.

At the reporting date, a change of 5% in the price of the listed companies stocks classified as equity instrument investments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income could have an impact of \$1,767 and \$2,145 on the equity attributable to the Group for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, respectively.

Please refer to Note 12 (9) for sensitivity analysis information of other equity instruments or derivatives that are linked to such equity instruments whose fair value measurement is categorized under Level 3.

(4) Credit risk management

Credit risk is the risk that counterparty will not meet its obligations under a contract, leading to a financial loss. The Group is exposed to credit risk from operating activities (primarily for accounts receivable) and from its financing activities, including bank deposits and other financial instruments.

Credit risk is managed by each business unit subject to the Group's established policy, procedures and control relating to credit risk management. Credit limits are established for all counter parties based on their financial position, ratings from credit rating agencies, historical experiences, prevailing economic condition and the Group's internal rating criteria, etc. Certain customer's credit risk will also be managed by taking credit enhancing procedures, such as requesting for prepayment.

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As at 31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021, amounts receivable from top ten customers represented 47.94%, 47.14% and 50.40% of the total accounts receivable of the Group, respectively. The credit concentration risk of other accounts receivable is insignificant.

Credit risk from balances with banks, fixed income securities and other financial instruments is managed by the Group's treasury in accordance with the Group's policy. The Group only transacts with counterparties approved by the internal control procedures, which are banks and financial institutions, companies and government entities with good credit rating. Consequently, there is no significant credit risk for these counter parties.

The Group adopted IFRS 9 to assess the expected credit losses. The Group makes an assessment at each reporting date as to whether the debt instrument investments are still considered low credit risk, and then further determines the method of measuring the loss allowance and the loss rates.

The Group used simplified approach (Note) to assess the expected credit losses of accounts receivable. As at 31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021, the Group's accounts receivable overdue amounted to \$319,173, \$445,009 and \$371,908, respectively. As at 31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021, the expected credit loss was estimated at 0.53%, 1.81% and 4.57%, respectively, while the loss allowances were measured at \$1,693, \$8,037 and \$16,991, respectively.

Note: By using simplified approach (loss allowance is measured at lifetime expected credit losses).

Financial assets are written off when there is no realistic prospect of future recovery (the issuer or the debtor is in financial difficulties or bankruptcy).

(5) Liquidity risk management

The Group's objective is to maintain a balance between continuity of funding and flexibility through the use of cash and cash equivalents, highly liquid equity investments and bank loans. The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on the contractual undiscounted payments and contractual maturity. The payment amount includes the contractual interest. The undiscounted payment relating to borrowings with variable interest rates is extrapolated based on the estimated interest rate yield curve as at the end of the reporting period.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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Non-derivative financial liabilities

	Less than 1 year	2 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
As at 31 March 2022					
Short-term borrowings	\$2,346,831	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$2,346,831
Notes and accounts payable	2,054,315	-	-	-	2,054,315
Long-term borrowings (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)	429,463	1,834,602	-	-	2,264,065
Other payables	212,555	-	-	-	212,555
Accrued expenses	1,242,926	-	-	-	1,242,926
Leases liabilities	460,313	825,022	632,112	1,632,997	3,550,444
As at 31 December 2021					
Short-term borrowings	\$2,163,110	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$2,163,110
Notes and accounts payable	2,236,008	-	-	-	2,236,008
Long-term borrowings (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)	547,861	1,727,485	-	-	2,275,346
Other payables	253,750	-	-	-	253,750
Accrued expenses	1,343,849	-	-	-	1,343,849
Leases liabilities	403,460	746,038	611,000	1,651,920	3,412,418
As at 31 March 2021					
Short-term borrowings	\$1,418,844	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,418,844
Notes and accounts payable	2,493,129	-	-	-	2,493,129
Long-term borrowings (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)	682,148	1,732,980	-	-	2,415,128
Other payables	323,658	-	-	-	323,658
Accrued expenses	952,362	-	-	-	952,362
Lease liabilities	382,960	652,358	533,303	1,766,152	3,334,773

Derivative financial liabilities

	Less than 1 year	2 to 3 years	4 to 5 years	> 5 years	Total
As at 31 March 2022					
Inflows	\$556,448	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$556,448
Outflows	(568,768)	-	-	-	(568,768)
Net	\$(12,320)	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$(12,320)

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

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As at 31 December 2021

Inflows	\$356,663	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$356,663
Outflows	(360,163)	-	-	-	(360,163)
Net	<u>\$ (3,500)</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$ (3,500)</u>

As at 31 March 2021

Inflows	\$1,245,240	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$1,245,240
Outflows	(1,254,919)	-	-	-	(1,254,919)
Net	<u>\$ (9,679)</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$-</u>	<u>\$ (9,679)</u>

The table above contains the undiscounted net cash flows of derivative financial liabilities.

(6) Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

Reconciliation of liabilities for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022:

	Short-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)	Leases liabilities	Total liabilities from financing activities
As at 1 January 2022	\$2,159,121	\$2,229,947	\$2,237,354	\$6,626,422
Cash flows	182,025	(9,947)	(68,500)	103,578
Non-cash flows (Note)	-	-	196,191	196,191
As at 31 March 2022	<u>\$2,341,146</u>	<u>\$2,220,000</u>	<u>\$2,365,045</u>	<u>\$6,926,191</u>

Note: In the first quarter of 2022, the Group's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities increased by \$161,111 and exchange differences increased by \$63,693, while right-of-use assets and lease liabilities decreased by \$28,293 and \$28,613, respectively, due to lease termination.

Reconciliation of liabilities for the three-month period ended 31 March 2021:

	Short-term borrowings	Long-term borrowings (including current portion with maturity less than 1 year)	Leases liabilities	Total liabilities from financing activities
As at 1 January 2021	\$1,492,720	\$2,702,574	\$2,036,798	\$6,232,092
Cash flows	(77,142)	(340,622)	(58,047)	(475,811)
Non-cash flows (Note)	-	-	213,864	213,864
As at 31 March 2021	<u>\$1,415,578</u>	<u>\$2,361,952</u>	<u>\$2,192,615</u>	<u>\$5,970,145</u>

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Note: The Group's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities increased by \$289,419, while right-of-use assets and lease liabilities decreased by \$71,006 and \$75,555, respectively, due to lease termination.

(7) Fair values of financial instruments

- a. The methods and assumptions applied in determining the fair value of financial instruments:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following methods and assumptions were used by the Group to measure or disclose the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities:

- i. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable and other current liabilities approximate their fair value due to their short maturities.
- ii. For financial assets and liabilities traded in an active market with standard terms and conditions, their fair value is determined based on market quotation price (including listed equity securities, beneficiary certificates, bonds and futures etc.) at the reporting date.
- iii. Fair value of equity instruments without market quotations (including private placement of listed equity securities, unquoted public company and private company equity securities) are estimated using the market method valuation techniques based on parameters such as prices based on market transactions of equity instruments of identical or comparable entities and other relevant information (for example, inputs such as discount for lack of marketability, P/E ratio of similar entities and Price-Book ratio of similar entities).
- iv. Fair value of debt instruments without market quotations, bank loans, bonds payable and other non-current liabilities are determined based on the counterparty prices or valuation method. The valuation method uses DCF method as a basis, and the assumptions such as the interest rate and discount rate are primarily based on relevant information of similar instrument (such as yield curves published by the Taipei Exchange, average prices for Fixed Rate Commercial Paper published by Reuters and credit risk, etc).

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v. The fair value of derivatives which are not options and without market quotations, is determined based on the counterparty prices or discounted cash flow analysis using interest rate yield curve for the contract period. Fair value of option-based derivative financial instruments is obtained using on the counterparty prices or appropriate option pricing model (for example, Black-Scholes model) or other valuation method (for example, Monte Carlo Simulation).

b. Fair value of financial instruments measured at amortized cost

The carrying amounts of the Group's financial assets and liabilities measured at amortized cost approximate their fair value.

c. Fair value measurement hierarchy for financial instruments

Please refer to Note 12(9) for fair value measurement hierarchy for financial instruments of the Group.

(8) Derivative financial instruments

The Group's derivative financial instruments include forward currency contracts and embedded derivatives. The related information for derivative financial instruments not qualified for hedge accounting and not yet settled as at 31 March 2022, 31 December 2021 and 31 March 2021 is as follows:

Forward currency contracts

The Group entered into forward currency contracts to manage its exposure to financial risk, but these contracts are not designated as hedging instruments. The table below lists the information related to forward currency contracts:

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(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Items (by contract)	Notional Amount (in thousands)	Expiry Date
As at 31 March 2022		
Forward currency contract	Sell USD 42,500	From April 2022 to June 2022
Forward currency contract	Buy USD 9,000	April 2022
Forward currency contract	Sell EUR 2,500	April 2022
Forward currency contract	Sell GBP 4,024	From April 2022 to June 2022
As at 31 December 2021		
Forward currency contract	Sell USD 55,730	From January 2022 to April 2022
Forward currency contract	Buy USD 9,000	January 2022
Forward currency contract	Sell EUR 650	January 2022
Forward currency contract	Sell GBP 6,293	From January 2022 to June 2022
As at 31 March 2021		
Forward currency contract	Sell USD 48,735	From April 2021 to June 2021
Forward currency contract	Buy USD 2,000	September 2021
Forward currency contract	Sell EUR 3,200	From April 2021 to May 2021
Forward currency contract	Sell GBP 3,605	From February 2021 to June 2021

The counterparties for the aforementioned derivatives transactions are well known local or overseas banks, as they have sound credit ratings, the credit risk is insignificant.

With regard to the forward foreign exchange contracts, as they have been entered into to hedge the foreign currency risk of net assets or net liabilities, and there will be corresponding cash inflow or outflows upon maturity and the Group has sufficient operating funds, the cash flow risk is insignificant.

(9) Fair value measurement hierarchy

a. Fair value measurement hierarchy

All asset and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. Level 1, 2 and 3 inputs are described as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

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Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization at the end of each reporting period.

b. Fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities

The Group does not have assets that are measured at fair value on a non-recurring basis. Fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis is as follows:

As at 31 March 2022

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$-	\$6,575	\$-	\$6,575
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	35,340	-	-	35,340
Financial liabilities:				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	12,320	-	12,320

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As at 31 December 2021

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$-	\$10,973	\$-	\$10,973
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	36,480	-	-	36,480
Financial liabilities:				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	3,500	-	3,500

As at 31 March 2021

	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>	<u>Total</u>
Financial assets:				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	\$-	\$3,440	\$-	\$3,440
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income				
Equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	42,900	-	-	42,900
Financial liabilities:				
Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss				
Forward foreign exchange contracts	-	9,679	-	9,679

Transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period

During the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements.

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- c. Fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's assets and liabilities not measured at fair value but for which the fair value is disclosed

None.

(10) Significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

Information regarding the significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies is listed below:

	Unit: Thousands								
	As at 31 March 2022			As at 31 December 2021			As at 31 March 2021		
	Foreign currencies	Foreign exchange rate	NTD	Foreign currencies	Foreign exchange rate	NTD	Foreign currencies	Foreign exchange rate	NTD
<u>Financial assets</u>									
Monetary items:									
USD	\$63,098	28.62	\$1,805,865	\$62,607	27.67	\$1,732,336	\$69,103	28.53	\$1,971,509
CNY	290,196	4.506	1,307,623	298,603	4.345	1,297,430	343,918	4.346	1,494,668
EUR	5,626	31.92	179,582	5,866	31.33	183,782	5,712	33.51	191,409
CAD	8,175	22.88	187,044	10,907	21.63	235,918	8,815	22.66	199,748
GBP	23,958	37.61	901,060	20,928	37.46	783,963	26,834	39.33	1,055,381
<u>Financial liabilities</u>									
Monetary items:									
USD	\$22,877	28.62	\$ 654,740	\$23,259	27.67	\$643,577	\$16,167	28.53	\$461,245
CNY	173,312	4.506	780,944	268,498	4.345	1,166,624	265,765	4.346	1,155,015
EUR	2,021	31.92	64,510	2,476	31.33	77,573	1,853	33.51	62,094
CAD	3,440	22.88	78,707	4,503	21.63	97,400	1,616	22.66	36,619
GBP	32,112	37.61	1,207,732	26,934	37.46	1,008,948	35,427	39.33	1,393,344

The Group is unable to disclose foreign exchange gains or losses on significant assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies because the Group entities have too many functional currencies. The exchange losses for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2022 and 2021 were \$2,039 and \$4,527, respectively.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(11) Capital management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize the shareholder value. The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

(12) Financial asset transfer information

The Group entered into assignment agreements with recourse with financial institutions regarding some of its accounts receivable. Although the Group transfers the contract rights of the cash flow from such accounts receivable, the Group still has to bear the credit risk in accordance with the agreement in the event the accounts receivable are not recoverable. The transaction information is as follows:

2022.3.31		
<u>Lenders</u>	<u>Amount assigned</u>	<u>Prepaid amount (note)</u>
HSBC UK BANK PLC	\$869,199	\$173,188
2021.12.31		
<u>Lenders</u>	<u>Amount assigned</u>	<u>Prepaid amount (note)</u>
HSBC UK BANK PLC	\$746,483	\$220,352
2021.3.31		
<u>Lenders</u>	<u>Amount assigned</u>	<u>Prepaid amount (note)</u>
HSBC UK BANK PLC	\$1,005,714	\$201,918

Note: Reported on short-term loans.

- (13) The Company incorporated the Mexican subsidiary, GU PLUMBING de Mexico S.A. de C.V. in August 2019 and planned to lease NAMCE, S. DE R. L. DE C. V.'s ceramic factory and land in Mexico through the subsidiary. The Company purchased equipment and inventory from the ceramic factory amounted to \$1,878,900 (USD 60,000 thousand). As of 31 March 2022, the unpaid amount totaled \$391,357 (USD 13,674 thousand), secured by equipment and inventory. Please refer to Note 8 for more details.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

- (14) The board of directors of the Company resolved on 17 June 2020 to enter into a joint venture with Thai Kin Co., Ltd. to subscribe for 51% shares of its existing subsidiary Paokin Co., Ltd. The investment limit is USD 14,768 thousand or equivalent in Thai baht. Upon an in-depth evaluation of the subsequent changes in the business environment by both parties, it was determined that the originally anticipated benefits and goals of the joint venture could not be achieved. As at 7 April 2021, the Company and Thai Kin Co., Ltd. therefore agreed to terminate the unexecuted joint venture.

13. OTHER DISCLOSURE

(1) Information on significant transactions

- (a) Financing provided to others for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022: All transactions below were between consolidated entities and have been eliminated in consolidation.

No (Note 1)	Lender	Counterparty	Financial statement account	Related Party	Maximum balance for the period	Ending balance	Amount drawn	Interest rate	Nature of financing (Note 8)	Amount of sales to (purchases from) counter-party	Reason for financing	Allowance for doubtful accounts	Collateral		Limit of financing amount for individual counter-party	Limit of total financing amount
													Item	Value		
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Other receivable	Yes	\$426,152 (USD 14,890,000)	\$426,152 (USD 14,890,000)	\$384,653 (USD 13,440,000)	1.80%	1	\$1,601,438	For Business	\$-	-	\$-	\$1,601,438 (Note3)	\$2,161,198 (Note2)
1	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Other receivable	Yes	\$658,260 (USD 23,000,000)	\$658,260 (USD 23,000,000)	\$470,484 (USD 16,439,000)	5.50%	2	\$-	For operating	\$-	-	\$-	\$757,626 (Note5)	\$1,136,439 (Note4)
2	Globe Union Germany GmbH & Co.KG	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Other receivable	Yes	\$95,760 (EUR 3,000,000)	\$95,760 (EUR 3,000,000)	\$95,760 (EUR 3,000,000)	1.50%	2	\$-	For operating	\$-	-	\$-	\$334,584 (Note7)	\$334,584 (Note6)

Note 1: The business transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries should be indicated in the number column respectively. The method of filling in the numbers is as follows:

(1) The parent company fills in 0.

(2) Subsidiaries are numbered sequentially by the Arabic number 1 according to the company.

Note 2: Total financing was limited to 40% of net equity of the lender as at 31 March 2022.

Note 3: Financing to individual counterparty was limited to the total transaction amounts with the lender.

Note 4: Total financing was limited to 60% of net equity of the lender as at 31 March 2022.

Note 5: Financing to individual counterparty was limited to 40% of the net equity of the lender as at 31 March 2022.

Note 6: Total financing was limited to 100% of net equity of the lender as at 31 March 2022.

Note 7: Financing to individual counterparty was limited to 100% of the net equity of the lender as at 31 March 2022.

Note 8: Code 1 represents an intercompany transaction calls for a loan arrangement; code 2 represents short-term financing.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(b) Endorsement/Guarantee provided to others for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022:

No (Note 1)	Endorser/ Guarantor	Counterparty		Guarantee Limited Amount for each Counterparty	Maximum balance for the period	Guarantee Amount for the year ended 31 March 2022	Amount drawn	Value of Collaterals Properties	Ratio of Accumulated Amount of Guarantee Provided to Net Equity of the Latest Financial Statements	Guarantee Limited Amount	Guarantee from the parent to subsidiary	Guarantee from the subsidiary to parent	Guarantee from Mainland China
		Company Name	Relationship (Note 4)										
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	2	\$1,620,898 (Note 2)	\$658,260	\$658,260	\$470,484	\$-	12.18%	\$2,701,497 (Note 3)	Y	-	-

Note 1: The business transactions between the parent company and its subsidiaries should be indicated in the number column respectively. The method of filling in the numbers is as follows:

- (1) The parent company fills in 0.
- (2) Subsidiaries are numbered sequentially by the Arabic number 1 according to the company.

Note 2: The amount of guarantees/endorsements shall not exceed 30% of net equity of the guarantor as at 31 March 2022.

Note 3: The amount of guarantees/endorsements shall not exceed 50% of net equity of the guarantor as at 31 March 2022.

Note 4: According to the "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" issued by the R.O.C. Securities and Futures Bureau, receiving parties should be disclosed as one of the following:

- (1) A company that has a business relationship with the provider.
- (2) A subsidiary in which the provider holds directly over 50% of equity interest.
- (3) An investee in which the provider and its subsidiaries hold over 50% of equity interest.
- (4) An investee in which the provider holds directly and indirectly over 90% of equity interest.
- (5) A company that has provided guarantees to the provider, and vice versa, due to contractual requirements.
- (6) An investee in which the provider conjunctly invests with other shareholders, and for which the provider has provided endorsement/guarantee in proportion to its shareholding percentage.
- (7) Companies in the same industry provide among themselves joint and several securities for a performance guarantee of a sales contract for pre-construction homes pursuant to the Consumer Protection Act for each other.

(c) Securities held as at 31 March 2022 (excluding subsidiaries, associates and joint venture):

Company Name	Securities Held	Relationship between Issuer and the Company (Note 1)	Account Stated	As at 31 March 2022			
				Number of shares	Book Value	Ratio%	Fair Value
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Stocks Thai Kin Co., Ltd.	-	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	600,000	\$35,340	1.68%	\$35,340

Note 1: If the securities issuer is not related to the Company, no information is required to be provided.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(d) Individual securities acquired or disposed of with accumulated amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20 percent of the capital stock for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022: None.

(e) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20 percent of the capital stock for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022: None.

(f) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$300 million or 20 percent of the capital stock for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022: None.

(g) Related party transactions for purchases and sales exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20 percent of the capital stock for the three-month period ended 31 March 2022:

Company Name	Counter-party	Relationship	Transactions				Details of non-arm's length transaction		Notes and accounts receivable (payable)		Note
			Purchases (Sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Term	Unit price	Term	Balance	Percentage of total receivables (payable)	
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Purchase	\$814,310	20.04%	180 days after EOAP	A small portion of the purchase prices between related parties were slightly higher than the general purchase price due to technical and quality differences. For the other purchase prices, there were no comparable goods bought from third party suppliers.	Regular	\$(1,874,440)	(91.24%)	-
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	Sub-subsidiary	Purchase	\$476,561	11.73%	30 days after EOAP	A small portion of the purchase prices between related parties were slightly higher than the general purchase price due to technical and quality differences. For the other purchase prices, there were no comparable goods bought from third party suppliers.	Regular	\$(132,922)	(6.47%)	-
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Subsidiary	Purchase	\$343,778	8.46%	14 days after invoice date	A small portion of the purchase prices between related parties were slightly higher than the general purchase price due to technical and quality differences. For the other purchase prices, there were no comparable goods bought from third party suppliers.	Regular	\$(418,765)	(20.38%)	-
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	Sub-subsidiary	Sales	\$(1,893,924)	(36.27%)	7 days after invoice date	A small portion of the selling prices between related parties were not significantly different from that with the third parties. For the other selling prices, there were no comparable goods sold to the third parties.	Regular	\$1,228,270	39.35%	-

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Company Name	Counter-party	Relationship	Transactions				Details of non-arm's length transaction		Notes and accounts receivable (payable)		Note
			Purchases (Sales)	Amount	Percentage of total purchases (sales)	Term	Unit price	Term	Balance	Percentage of total receivables (payable)	
Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Group direct parent company	Sales	\$ (814,310)	(15.59%)	180 days after EOAP	A small portion of the selling prices between related parties were not significantly different from that with the third parties. For the other selling prices, there were no comparable goods sold to the third parties.	Regular	\$1,874,440	60.06%	-
Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Group direct parent company	Sales	\$ (476,561)	(9.13%)	30 days after EOAP	A small portion of the selling prices between related parties were not significantly different from that with the third parties. For the other selling prices, there were no comparable goods sold to the third parties.	Regular	\$132,922	4.26%	-
GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Group direct parent company	Sales	\$ (343,778)	(6.58%)	14 days after invoice date	A small portion of the selling prices between related parties were not significantly different from that with the third parties. For the other selling prices, there were no comparable goods sold to the third parties.	Regular	\$418,765	13.42%	-
Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Group direct parent company	Purchase	\$1,893,924	46.61%	7 days after invoice date	A small portion of the purchase prices between related parties were slightly higher than the general purchase price due to technical and quality differences. For the other purchase prices, there were no comparable goods bought from third party suppliers.	Regular	\$ (1,228,270)	(59.79%)	-

(h) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20 percent of capital stock as at 31 March 2022:

Company Name	Related Party	Relationship	Ending Balance	Turnover Rate (times)	Overdue receivables		Amount received in subsequent period	Allowance for bad debts
					Amount	collection status		
Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Group direct parent company	\$1,874,440 RMB 416,170,255	1.63 times	\$-	-	\$318,096 RMB 70,593,942	\$-
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	Sub-subsidiary	\$1,228,270	7.10 times	\$-	-	\$406,649	\$-
Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Group direct parent company	\$132,922 RMB 29,498,971	16.18 times	\$-	-	\$132,922 RMB 29,498,971	\$-
GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Group direct parent company	\$418,765 USD 14,631,906	3.71 times	\$-	-	\$73,664 USD 2,573,849	\$-

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(i) Financial instruments and derivative transactions:

Company Name	Item	Transaction	Nominal Amount	Expiry Date	Fair Value
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Forward currency contract	Sell	USD 39,000 thousand	2022/04-2022/06	\$3,734
	Forward currency contract	Buy	USD 9,000 thousand	2022/04	(11,111)
				Subtotal	\$(7,377)
PJH Group LTD	Forward currency contract	Sell	GBP 4,024 thousand	2022/04-2022/06	\$1,877
Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Forward currency contract	Sell	EUR 2,500 thousand	2022/04	\$(277)
	Forward currency contract	Sell	USD 3,500 thousand	2022/04	32
				Subtotal	\$(245)
				Total	\$(5,745)

(j) Significant intercompany transactions between consolidated entities are as follows: (amount exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20 percent of the capital stock)

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

No (Note1)	Company Name	Counter Party	Nature of Relationship (Note2)	Intercompany Transactions			
				Financial Statements Item	Amount	Terms	Percentage of Consolidated Total Gross Sales or Total Assets (%) (Note 3)
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd	1	Purchases	\$814,310	Note 4 (1)	15.59%
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd	1	Accounts payable	(1,874,440)	Note 4 (3)	(11.44%)
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	1	Purchases	476,561	Note 4 (1)	9.13%
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	1	Accounts payable	(132,922)	Note 4 (3)	(0.81%)
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	1	Purchases	343,778	Note 4 (1)	6.58%
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	1	Accounts payable	(418,765)	Note 4 (3)	(2.56%)
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	1	Other receivable	385,290	Note 4 (4)	2.35%
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	1	Sales	(1,893,924)	Note 4 (2)	(36.27%)
0	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	1	Accounts receivable	1,228,270	Note 4 (3)	7.50%
1	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Sales	(814,310) RMB (184,232,485)	Note 4 (2)	(15.59%)
1	Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Accounts receivable	1,874,440 RMB 416,170,255	Note 4 (3)	11.44%
2	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Purchases	1,893,924 USD 68,064,356	Note 4 (1)	36.27%
2	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Accounts payable	(1,228,270) USD (42,916,496)	Note 4 (3)	(7.50%)
2	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	3	Other receivable	472,682 USD 16,515,790	Note 4 (5)	2.88%

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

No (Note1)	Company Name	Counter Party	Nature of Relationship (Note2)	Intercompany Transactions			
				Financial Statements Item	Amount	Terms	Percentage of Consolidated Total Gross Sales or Total Assets (%) (Note3)
3	Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Sales	(476,561) RMB (107,833,732)	Note 4 (2)	(9.13%)
3	Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Accounts receivable	132,922 RMB 29,498,971	Note 4 (3)	0.81%
4	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Sales	(343,778) USD (12,380,478)	Note 4 (2)	(6.58%)
4	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Accounts receivable	418,765 USD 14,631,906	Note 4 (3)	2.56%
4	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Globe Union Industrial Corp.	2	Other payable	(385,290) USD (13,462,260)	Note 4 (4)	(2.35%)
4	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Gerber Plumbing Fixtures, LLC	3	Other payable	(472,682) USD (16,515,790)	Note 4 (5)	(2.88%)

Note 1: The Company and its subsidiaries are coded as follows:

- (1) The Company is coded "0".
- (2) The subsidiaries are coded consecutively beginning from "1" in the order presented in the table above.

Note 2: (1) represents the transactions from the parent company to a subsidiary.

(2) represents the transactions from a subsidiary to the parent company.

(3) represents the transaction between subsidiaries.

Note 3: The ratio of transaction amount to the consolidated income or assets is recognized as follows: for assets or liability, the ratio is accounted as the ending balance to consolidated total assets; however, for income or loss accounts, the ratio is based on mid-term accumulated amount to consolidated income.

Note 4: (1) A small portion of the purchase prices were different from the general purchase price due to technical and quality differences. The other products were purchased solely from related parties and thus the purchase price can't be compared with other goods purchased from the third parties.

(2) A small portion of the selling prices between related parties were the same as the general selling price. For the other selling prices, there were no comparable goods sold to the third parties.

(3) The transaction terms to the above-related parties were determined through a mutual agreement based on the market conditions.

(4) Financing, ratio 1.80%.

(5) Financing, ratio 5.50%.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)
(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(2) Information on investees:

(a) Names, locations, main businesses and products, original investment amount, investment as at 31 March 2022, net income (loss) of investee company and investment income (loss) recognized as at 31 March 2022 (excluding investees in Mainland China):

Investor Company	Investee Company	Address	Main businesses and products	Initial Investment Amount		Investment as at 31 March 2022			Net income (loss) of investee company	Investment income (loss) recognized	Note
				31 March 2022	31 December 2021	Number of shares	Percentage of ownership (%)	Book value			
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union Industrial (B.V.I.) Corp.	P.O. Box 3340, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	Holding company	\$1,434,538	\$1,434,538	44,427,680	100%	\$3,919,076	\$55	\$6,819	Note
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union (Bermuda) Ltd.	21 Laffan Street, Hamilton HM09, Bermuda	Holding company	\$3,098,447	\$3,098,447	93,449,027	100%	\$3,626,479	\$(61,196)	\$(43,195)	Note
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	Globe Union Cayman Corp.	Scotia Center, 4 th Floor, P.O. Box 2804, George Town, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands	Holding company	\$2,590,324	\$2,590,324	81,555,901	100%	\$1,534,146	\$70,875	\$70,875	
Globe Union Industrial Corp.	GU PLUMBING de MEXICO S.A. de C.V.	Blvd. Isidro López Zertuche No. 3745 La Salle, Saltillo, Coahuila, 25240 Mexico	Manufacturing and selling sanitary ceramic wares	\$1,736,117	\$1,736,117	1,078,362,220	100%	\$805,722	\$(66,815)	\$(66,815)	

Note: Current investment income from investees recognized by the Company included investment gain/loss recognized by these investees from upstream/downstream transactions.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(3) Information on investments in mainland China

(a) Information on investments in mainland China from the Company directly and through Globe Union Industrial (B.V.I) Corp. and Globe Union (Bermuda) Ltd. as at 31 March 2022:

Investee company	Main Businesses and Products	Total Amount of Paid-in Capital	Method of Investment	Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as at 1 January 2022	Investment Flows		Accumulated Outflow of Investment from Taiwan as at 31 March 2022	Net income (loss) of investee company	Percentage of Ownership	Investment income (loss) recognized	Carrying Value as at 31 March 2022	Accumulated Inward Remittance of Earnings as at 31 March 2022
					Outflow	Inflow						
Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling plumbing products	\$1,714,352 (RMB 380,459,896)	Investment in Mainland China companies through a company invested and established in a third region	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$(21,838)	100%	\$(21,838) (Note 1)	\$3,136,881	\$188,508
Milim G&G Ceramics Co., Ltd.	Manufacturing and selling sanitary ceramic wares	\$1,098,599 (RMB 243,808,100)	Investment in Mainland China companies through a company invested and established in a third region	\$480,365 (USD 16,784,252)	\$-	\$-	\$480,365 (USD 16,784,252)	\$(49,867)	100%	\$(49,867) (Note 1)	\$1,417,181	\$-
Globe Union Business Consultancy Shanghai Company Limited	Consulting industry	\$2,341 (RMB 519,514)	Directly invested Mainland China company	\$3,378 (RMB 749,658)	\$-	\$-	\$3,378 (RMB 749,658)	\$98	100%	\$98 (Note 1)	\$3,822	\$-

Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as at 31 March 2022 (Note 3)	Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA	Upper Limit on Investment
\$483,743 (USD 16,784,252 & RMB 749,658)	\$1,589,811 (USD 55,484,324 & GBP 49,191)	Not applicable (Note 2)

Note 1: Based on the financial statements reviewed by the certified accountants of the parent company in Taiwan.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Note 2: According to Letter No. Shen-Zi-09704604680 issued by Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C., the Company's investment in Mainland China is not limited to 60% of net worth or consolidated net worth specified by the Investment Commission.

Note 3: The accumulated investment amount in Mainland China as at 31 March 2022 was USD16,784,252 and RMB 749,658. The information of the existing investee companies is as follows:

- i. The accumulated investment in Mainland China subsidiaries that were disposed of by the Company (Shenzhen Globe Union Industrial Corp., Qingdao Lin Hong Precision Industrial Corp., and Qingdao Globe Union Technology Industrial Corp.) in the amount of USD 22,441,000 has not been included.
- ii. The accumulated amount of dividends repatriated by mainland subsidiaries was not included: Shenzhen Globe Union Industrial Corp.: USD 2,666,816; Shenzhen Globe Union Enterprise Co., Ltd.: USD 5,374,001.

(b) Please refer to Note 13(1) and (2) for more details on the significant transactions between the Company and investees in Mainland China.

(4) Information on major shareholders:

31 March 2022

Name	Shares	Shareholding	Shareholding ratio
Yue Feng International Co., Ltd. Investment account under the custody of Taishin Bank		26,159,515	7.30%
Ming-Ling Co., Ltd.		23,366,692	6.52%
Su-Hsiang Ou Young Chang		21,486,175	5.99%
Trust property account of Scott Ouyoung at the Taipei Branch of the United Bank of Switzerland		20,558,787	5.74%
Lei Ouyang		20,373,132	5.68%
Hsien Ou Yang		20,151,496	5.62%
Scott Ouyoung		20,000,000	5.58%

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

Note:

1. The main shareholder information in the table is calculated by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation on the last business day at the end of each quarter. The information included the total number of ordinary shares and special shares held by the shareholders, which have completed the delivery and registration of dematerialized shares (including treasury shares) that reached 5%. The share capital stated in the Company's financial report and the number of dematerialized shares actually delivered and registered by the Company may differ because the calculation bases were different.
2. If the above information included the shareholder's shares transferred to the trust, it will be disclosed by the trustee who opened the trust account individually. As for shareholders who declared insider equity holding for more than 10% of shareholding in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act, such shareholdings shall include their shareholdings plus their shares that have been delivered to the trust and shares of the trust that they have control of. Please refer to the information on insider equity declaration in the "Market Observation Post System" on the website of the TWSE.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

For the purpose of operation, the Company operates in a single industry segment by different strategic segments, and they are classified into two segments as follows:

- (1) Segment A: In charge of selling faucets and other plumbing products and providing related services.
- (2) Segment B: In charge of manufacturing faucets and other plumbing products.

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.

Management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on operating profit or loss and is measured consistently with operating profit or loss in the consolidated financial statements. However, the financial costs, financial income and income taxes are managed on a group basis and are not allocated to operating segments.

Transfer prices between operating segment are on an arm's length basis in a manner similar to transactions with third parties.

GLOBE UNION INDUSTRIAL CORP. AND SUBSIDIARIES

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Continued)

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars unless Otherwise Specified)

(1) Information on profit or loss of the reportable segment:

(a) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2022:

	Segment A	Segment B	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
Revenue				
External customer	\$5,210,092	\$11,562	\$-	\$5,221,654
Inter-segment	2,321,700	1,358,277	(3,679,977)	-
Total revenue	<u>\$7,531,792</u>	<u>\$1,369,839</u>	<u>\$(3,679,977)</u>	<u>\$5,221,654</u>
Segment profit (loss)	<u>\$(51,182)</u>	<u>\$(56,840)</u>	<u>\$52,688</u>	<u>\$(55,334)</u>

(b) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2021:

	Segment A	Segment B	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
Revenue				
External customer	\$4,963,231	\$38,862	\$-	\$5,002,093
Inter-segment	1,844,079	1,675,417	(3,519,496)	-
Total revenue	<u>\$6,807,310</u>	<u>\$1,714,279</u>	<u>\$(3,519,496)</u>	<u>\$5,002,093</u>
Segment profit (loss)	<u>\$41,491</u>	<u>\$78,576</u>	<u>\$(530)</u>	<u>\$119,537</u>

(2) Information on assets and liabilities of the reportable segment:

(a) Segment assets:

	Segment A	Segment B	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
2022.3.31	<u>\$25,064,123</u>	<u>\$6,348,718</u>	<u>\$(15,027,428)</u>	<u>\$16,385,413</u>
2021.12.31	<u>\$24,155,542</u>	<u>\$6,655,729</u>	<u>\$(14,636,451)</u>	<u>\$16,174,820</u>
2021.3.31	<u>\$22,435,521</u>	<u>\$6,585,082</u>	<u>\$(12,928,397)</u>	<u>\$16,092,206</u>

(b) Segment liabilities:

	Segment A	Segment B	Adjustment and elimination	Consolidated
2022.3.31	<u>\$14,677,327</u>	<u>\$1,080,293</u>	<u>\$(4,775,201)</u>	<u>\$10,982,419</u>
2021.12.31	<u>\$14,116,459</u>	<u>\$1,504,405</u>	<u>\$(4,618,729)</u>	<u>\$11,002,135</u>
2021.3.31	<u>\$11,900,006</u>	<u>\$1,538,879</u>	<u>\$(2,882,932)</u>	<u>\$10,555,953</u>